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(54) Title: CODING SEQUENCE POLYMORPHISMS IN VASCULAR PATHOLOGY GENES (57) Abstract The invention provides nucleic acid segments of the human genome, particularly nucleic acid segments from the coding region of a gene, including polymorphic sites. Allele-specific primers and probes hybridizing to regions flanking or containing these sites are also provided. The nucleic acids, primers and probes are used in applications such as phenotype correlations, forensics, paternity testing, medicine and genetic analysis.		

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CODING SEQUENCE POLYMORPHISMS IN VASCULAR PATHOLOGY GENES

RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application is a Continuation-in-Part of U.S. Application No. 09/054,272,
5 filed April 1, 1998, the contents of which are incorporated herein in their entirety by
reference.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The genomes of all organisms undergo spontaneous mutation in the course of
their continuing evolution, generating variant forms of progenitor sequences (Gusella,
10 *Ann. Rev. Biochem.* 55, 831-854 (1986)). The variant form may confer an
evolutionary advantage or disadvantage relative to a progenitor form or may be
neutral. In some instances, a variant form confers a lethal disadvantage and is not
transmitted to subsequent generations of the organism. In other instances, a variant
form confers an evolutionary advantage to the species and is eventually incorporated
15 into the DNA of many or most members of the species and effectively becomes the
progenitor form. In many instances, both progenitor and variant form(s) survive and
co-exist in a species population. The coexistence of multiple forms of a sequence
gives rise to polymorphisms.

Several different types of polymorphism have been reported. A restriction
20 fragment length polymorphism (RFLP) is a variation in DNA sequence that alters the
length of a restriction fragment (Botstein *et al.*, *Am. J. Hum. Genet.* 32, 314-331
(1980)). The restriction fragment length polymorphism may create or delete a
restriction site, thus changing the length of the restriction fragment. RFLPs have been
widely used in human and animal genetic analyses (see WO 90/13668; W090/11369;
25 Donis-Keller, *Cell* 51, 319-337 (1987); Lander *et al.*, *Genetics* 121, 85-99 (1989)).
When a heritable trait can be linked to a particular RFLP, the presence of the RFLP in
an individual can be used to predict the likelihood that the animal will also exhibit the
trait.

Other polymorphisms take the form of short tandem repeats (STRs) that
30 include tandem di-, tri- and tetra-nucleotide repeated motifs. These tandem repeats

are also referred to as variable number tandem repeat (VNTR) polymorphisms. VNTRs have been used in identity and paternity analysis (US 5,075,217; Armour *et al.*, *FEBS Lett.* 307, 113-115 (1992); Horn *et al.*, WO 91/14003; Jeffreys, EP 370,719), and in a large number of genetic mapping studies.

5 Other polymorphisms take the form of single nucleotide variations between individuals of the same species. Such polymorphisms are far more frequent than RFLPs, STRs and VNTRs. Some single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNP) occur in protein-coding sequences (coding sequence SNP (cSNP)), in which case, one of the polymorphic forms may give rise to the expression of a defective or otherwise variant
10 protein and, potentially, a genetic disease. Examples of genes in which polymorphisms within coding sequences give rise to genetic disease include β -globin (sickle cell anemia), apoE4 (Alzheimer's Disease), Factor V Leiden (thrombosis), and CFTR (cystic fibrosis). cSNPs can alter the codon sequence of the gene and therefore specify an alternative amino acid. Such changes are called "missense" when another
15 amino acid is substituted, and "nonsense" when the alternative codon specifies a stop signal in protein translation. When the cSNP does not alter the amino acid specified the cSNP is called "silent".

Other single nucleotide polymorphisms occur in noncoding regions. Some of these polymorphisms may also result in defective protein expression (e.g., as a result
20 of defective splicing). Other single nucleotide polymorphisms have no phenotypic effects.

Single nucleotide polymorphisms can be used in the same manner as RFLPs and VNTRs, but offer several advantages. Single nucleotide polymorphisms occur with greater frequency and are spaced more uniformly throughout the genome than
25 other forms of polymorphism. The greater frequency and uniformity of single nucleotide polymorphisms means that there is a greater probability that such a polymorphism will be found in close proximity to a genetic locus of interest than would be the case for other polymorphisms. The different forms of characterized single nucleotide polymorphisms are often easier to distinguish than other types of
30 polymorphism (e.g., by use of assays employing allele-specific hybridization probes or primers).

Only a small percentage of the total repository of polymorphisms in humans and other organisms has been identified. The limited number of polymorphisms identified to date is due to the large amount of work required for their detection by
35 conventional methods. For example, a conventional approach to identifying polymorphisms might be to sequence the same stretch of DNA in a population of individuals by dideoxy sequencing. In this type of approach, the amount of work

increases in proportion to both the length of sequence and the number of individuals in a population and becomes impractical for large stretches of DNA or large numbers of persons.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

5 Work described herein pertains to the identification of polymorphisms which can predispose individuals to disease, particularly vascular pathologies, by resequencing large numbers of genes in a large number of individuals. Eighteen genes in a minimum of 30 individuals have been resequenced as described herein, and 92 SNPs have been discovered (see the Table). Forty of these SNPs are cSNPs which
10 specify a different amino acid sequence, while 49 of the SNPs are silent cSNPs. Three of the SNPs were located in non-coding regions.

The invention relates to a gene which comprises a single nucleotide polymorphism at a specific location. In a particular embodiment the invention relates to the variant allele of a gene having a single nucleotide polymorphism, which variant
15 allele differs from a reference allele by one nucleotide at the site(s) identified in the Table. Complements of these nucleic acid segments are also included. The segments can be DNA or RNA, and can be double- or single-stranded. Segments can be, for example, 5-10, 5-15, 10-20, 5-25, 10-30, 10-50 or 10-100 bases long.

The invention further provides allele-specific oligonucleotides that hybridize
20 to a gene comprising a single nucleotide polymorphism or to the complement of the gene. These oligonucleotides can be probes or primers.

The invention further provides a method of analyzing a nucleic acid from an individual. The method determines which base is present at any one of the polymorphic sites shown in the Table. Optionally, a set of bases occupying a set of
25 the polymorphic sites shown in the Table is determined. This type of analysis can be performed on a number of individuals, who are tested for the presence of a disease phenotype. The presence or absence of disease phenotype is then correlated with a base or set of bases present at the polymorphic site or sites in the individuals tested.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

30 Figures 1A-1C are a table illustrating the locations of single nucleotide polymorphisms of various genes.

Figure 2 is a listing of the genes from Figures 1A-C with their corresponding GenBank Accession numbers and the nucleotide position within that sequence at which the single nucleotide polymorphism is located.

Figures 3A-B are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to GenBank Accession number D10202 for the gene PTAFR.

Figures 4A-B are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number D29832 for the gene AT3.

5 Figures 5A-C are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number D38081 for the gene TBXA2R.

Figures 6A-C are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number J02703 for the gene ITGB3.

10 Figures 7A-C are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number J02764 for the gene ITGA2B.

Figures 8A-F are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number J02846 for the gene F3.

Figures 9A-B are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number J02898 for the gene CETP.

15 Figures 10A-B are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number J03225 for the gene TFPI.

Figures 11A-B are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number K02059 for the gene PROC.

20 Figure 12 is a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number L00336 for the gene LDLR.

Figure 13 is a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number L00338.

Figure 14 is a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number L00343 for the gene LDLR.

25 Figure 15 is a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number L00344 for the gene LDLR.

Figure 16 is a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number L00345 for the gene LDLR.

30 Figure 17 is a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number L00347 for the gene LDLR.

Figure 18 is a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number L00349 for the gene LDLR.

Figures 19A-B are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number L00351 for the gene LDLR.

35 Figures 20A-B are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number L29401 for the gene LDLR.

Figures 21A-B are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number L32765 for the gene F5.

Figures 22A-C are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number M11058 for the gene HMGCR.

5 Figures 23A-F are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number M11228 for the gene PROC.

Figures 24A-B are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number M12625 for the gene LCAT.

10 Figures 25A-C are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number M12849 for the gene HCF2.

Figures 26A-E are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number M14335 for the gene F5.

Figures 27A-C are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number M15856 for the gene LPL.

15 Figures 28A-N are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number M17262 for the gene F2.

Figures 29A-C are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number M20311 for the gene ITGB3.

20 Figure 30 is a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number M21645 for the gene AT3.

Figures 31A-B are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number M22569 for the gene ITGA2B.

Figures 32A-B are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number M30185 for the gene CETP.

25 Figures 33A-H are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number M33320 for the gene ITGA2B.

Figures 34A-G are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number M58600 for the gene HCF2.

30 Figures 35A-B are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number M62424 for the gene F2R.

Figures 36A-C are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number M76722 for the gene LPL.

Figures 37A-B are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number U59436 for the gene LDLR.

35 Figures 38A-B are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number Z22555 for the gene CLanalog.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a gene which comprises a single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP) at a specific location. The gene which includes the SNP has at least two alleles, referred to herein as the reference allele and the variant allele. The reference allele (prototypical or wild type allele) has been designated arbitrarily and typically corresponds to the nucleotide sequence of the gene which has been deposited with GenBank under a given Accession number. The variant allele differs from the reference allele by one nucleotide at the site(s) identified in the Table. The present invention also relates to variant alleles of the described genes and to complements of the variant alleles. The invention further relates to portions of the variant alleles and portions of complements of the variant alleles which comprise (encompass) the site of the SNP and are at least 5 nucleotides in length. Portions can be, for example, 5-10, 5-15, 10-20, 5-25, 10-30, 10-50 or 10-100 bases long. For example, a portion of a variant allele which is 5 nucleotides in length includes the single nucleotide polymorphism (the nucleotide which differs from the reference allele at that site) and four additional nucleotides which flank the site in the variant allele. These nucleotides can be on one or both sides of the polymorphism. Polymorphisms which are the subject of this invention are defined in the Table with respect to the reference sequence deposited in GenBank under the Accession number indicated. For example, the invention relates to a portion of a gene (e.g., AT3) having a nucleotide sequence as deposited in GenBank (e.g., M21645) comprising a single nucleotide polymorphism at a specific position (e.g., nucleotide 100). The reference allele for AT3 is shown in column 15 and the variant allele is shown in column 17 of the Table. The nucleotide sequences of the invention can be double- or single-stranded.

25 The invention further provides allele-specific oligonucleotides that hybridize to a gene comprising a single nucleotide polymorphism or to the complement of the gene. These oligonucleotides can be probes or primers.

The invention further provides a method of analyzing a nucleic acid from an individual. The method determines which base is present at any one of the polymorphic sites shown in the Table. Optionally, a set of bases occupying a set of the polymorphic sites shown in the Table is determined. This type of analysis can be performed on a number of individuals, who are tested for the presence of a disease phenotype. The presence or absence of disease phenotype is then correlated with a base or set of bases present at the polymorphic site or sites in the individuals tested.

DEFINITIONS

An oligonucleotide can be DNA or RNA, and single- or double-stranded. Oligonucleotides can be naturally occurring or synthetic, but are typically prepared by synthetic means. Preferred oligonucleotides of the invention include segments of
5 DNA, or their complements, which include any one of the polymorphic sites shown in the Table. The segments can be between 5 and 250 bases, and, in specific embodiments, are between 5-10, 5-20, 10-20, 10-50, 20-50 or 10-100 bases. The polymorphic site can occur within any position of the segment. The segments can be from any of the allelic forms of DNA shown in the Table.

- 10 As used herein, the terms "nucleotide" and "nucleic acid" are intended to be equivalent. The terms "nucleotide sequence", "nucleic acid sequence", "nucleic acid molecule" and "segment" are intended to be equivalent.

Hybridization probes are oligonucleotides which bind in a base-specific manner to a complementary strand of nucleic acid. Such probes include peptide
15 nucleic acids, as described in Nielsen *et al.*, *Science* 254, 1497-1500 (1991). Probes can be any length suitable for specific hybridization to the target nucleic acid sequence. The most appropriate length of the probe may vary depending upon the hybridization method in which it is being used; for example, particular lengths may be more appropriate for use in microfabricated arrays, while other lengths may be more
20 suitable for use in classical hybridization methods. Suitable probes and primers can range from about 5 nucleotides to about 30 nucleotides in length. For example, probes and primers can be 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 25, 26, 28 or 30 nucleotides in length. The probe or primer preferably contains at least one polymorphic site occupied by any of the possible variant nucleotides. The nucleotide
25 sequence can correspond to the coding sequence of the allele or to the complement of the coding sequence of the allele.

As used herein, the term "primer" refers to a single-stranded oligonucleotide which acts as a point of initiation of template-directed DNA synthesis under appropriate conditions (*e.g.*, in the presence of four different nucleoside triphosphates
30 and an agent for polymerization, such as, DNA or RNA polymerase or reverse transcriptase) in an appropriate buffer and at a suitable temperature. The appropriate length of a primer depends on the intended use of the primer, but typically ranges from 15 to 30 nucleotides. Short primer molecules generally require cooler temperatures to form sufficiently stable hybrid complexes with the template. A
35 primer need not reflect the exact sequence of the template, but must be sufficiently complementary to hybridize with a template. The term primer site refers to the area of the target DNA to which a primer hybridizes. The term primer pair refers to a set

of primers including a 5' (upstream) primer that hybridizes with the 5' end of the DNA sequence to be amplified and a 3' (downstream) primer that hybridizes with the complement of the 3' end of the sequence to be amplified.

As used herein, linkage describes the tendency of genes, alleles, loci or genetic markers to be inherited together as a result of their location on the same chromosome. It can be measured by percent recombination between the two genes, alleles, loci or genetic markers.

As used herein, polymorphism refers to the occurrence of two or more genetically determined alternative sequences or alleles in a population. A polymorphic marker or site is the locus at which divergence occurs. Preferred markers have at least two alleles, each occurring at frequency of greater than 1%, and more preferably greater than 10% or 20% of a selected population. A polymorphic locus may be as small as one base pair. Polymorphic markers include restriction fragment length polymorphisms, variable number of tandem repeats (VNTR's), hypervariable regions, minisatellites, dinucleotide repeats, trinucleotide repeats, tetranucleotide repeats, simple sequence repeats, and insertion elements such as Alu. The first identified allelic form is arbitrarily designated as the reference form and other allelic forms are designated as alternative or variant alleles. The allelic form occurring most frequently in a selected population is sometimes referred to as the wildtype form. Diploid organisms may be homozygous or heterozygous for allelic forms. A diallelic or biallelic polymorphism has two forms. A triallelic polymorphism has three forms.

Work described herein pertains to the resequencing of large numbers of genes in a large number of individuals to identify polymorphisms which can predispose individuals to disease, particularly vascular pathologies. Eighteen genes in a minimum of 30 individuals have been resequenced as described herein, and 92 SNPs have been discovered (see the Table). Forty of these SNPs are cSNPs which specify a different amino acid sequence, while 49 of the SNPs are silent cSNPs. Three of the SNPs were located in non-coding regions.

The 18 genes which were subjected to analysis encode proteins that are involved in biochemical pathways that regulate blood coagulation, lipid metabolism, and platelet and endothelial cell function. Polymorphisms in all 18 genes are candidates for genetic factors that influence the pathophysiology of the blood and blood vessels and thus can be relevant to the genetic risk of cardiovascular diseases. The identified polymorphisms can also be relevant to other disease categories.

By altering amino acid sequence, SNPs may alter the function of the encoded proteins. The discovery of the SNP facilitates biochemical analysis of the variants

and the development of assays to characterize the variants and to screen for pharmaceutical that would interact directly with on or another form of the protein. SNPs (including silent SNPs) may also alter the regulation of the gene at the transcriptional or post-transcriptional level. SNPs (including silent SNPs) also enable
5 the development of specific DNA, RNA, or protein-based diagnostics that detect the presence or absence of the polymorphism in particular conditions.

A single nucleotide polymorphism occurs at a polymorphic site occupied by a single nucleotide, which is the site of variation between allelic sequences. The site is usually preceded by and followed by highly conserved sequences of the allele (e.g.,
10 sequences that vary in less than 1/100 or 1/1000 members of the populations).

A single nucleotide polymorphism usually arises due to substitution of one nucleotide for another at the polymorphic site. A transition is the replacement of one purine by another purine or one pyrimidine by another pyrimidine. A transversion is the replacement of a purine by a pyrimidine or vice versa. Single nucleotide
15 polymorphisms can also arise from a deletion of a nucleotide or an insertion of a nucleotide relative to a reference allele. Typically the polymorphic site is occupied by a base other than the reference base. For example, where the reference allele contains the base "T" at the polymorphic site, the altered allele can contain a "C", "G" or "A" at the polymorphic site.

20 Hybridizations are usually performed under stringent conditions, for example, at a salt concentration of no more than 1 M and a temperature of at least 25°C. For example, conditions of 5X SSPE (750 mM NaCl, 50 mM NaPhosphate, 5 mM EDTA, pH 7.4) and a temperature of 25-30°C, or equivalent conditions, are suitable for allele-specific probe hybridizations. Equivalent conditions can be determined by
25 varying one or more of the parameters given as an example, as known in the art, while maintaining a similar degree of identity or similarity between the target nucleotide sequence and the primer or probe used.

The term "isolated" is used herein to indicate that the material in question exists in a physical milieu distinct from that in which it occurs in nature. For
30 example, an isolated nucleic acid of the invention may be substantially isolated with respect to the complex cellular milieu in which it naturally occurs. In some instances, the isolated material will form part of a composition (for example, a crude extract containing other substances), buffer system or reagent mix. In other circumstance, the material may be purified to essential homogeneity, for example as determined by
35 PAGE or column chromatography such as HPLC. Preferably, an isolated nucleic acid comprises at least about 50, 80 or 90 percent (on a molar basis) of all macromolecular species present.

I. Novel Polymorphisms of the Invention

The novel polymorphisms of the invention are shown in the Table.

II. Analysis of Polymorphisms

A. Preparation of Samples

5 Polymorphisms are detected in a target nucleic acid from an individual being analyzed. For assay of genomic DNA, virtually any biological sample (other than pure red blood cells) is suitable. For example, convenient tissue samples include whole blood, semen, saliva, tears, urine, fecal material, sweat, buccal, skin and hair. For assay of cDNA or mRNA, the tissue sample must be obtained from an organ in
10 which the target nucleic acid is expressed. For example, if the target nucleic acid is a cytochrome P450, the liver is a suitable source.

Many of the methods described below require amplification of DNA from target samples. This can be accomplished by e.g., PCR. *See generally PCR Technology: Principles and Applications for DNA Amplification* (ed. H.A. Erlich,
15 Freeman Press, NY, NY, 1992); *PCR Protocols: A Guide to Methods and Applications* (eds. Innis, et al., Academic Press, San Diego, CA, 1990); Mattila et al., *Nucleic Acids Res.* 19, 4967 (1991); Eckert et al., *PCR Methods and Applications* 1, 17 (1991); *PCR* (eds. McPherson et al., IRL Press, Oxford); and U.S. Patent 4,683,202.

20 Other suitable amplification methods include the ligase chain reaction (LCR) (see Wu and Wallace, *Genomics* 4, 560 (1989), Landegren et al., *Science* 241, 1077 (1988), transcription amplification (Kwoh et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 86, 1173 (1989)), and self-sustained sequence replication (Guatelli et al., *Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. USA*, 87, 1874 (1990)) and nucleic acid based sequence amplification (NASBA). The
25 latter two amplification methods involve isothermal reactions based on isothermal transcription, which produce both single stranded RNA (ssRNA) and double stranded DNA (dsDNA) as the amplification products in a ratio of about 30 or 100 to 1, respectively.

B. Detection of Polymorphisms in Target DNA

30 There are two distinct types of analysis of target DNA for detecting polymorphisms. The first type of analysis, sometimes referred to as de novo characterization, is carried out to identify polymorphic sites not previously characterized (i.e., to identify new polymorphisms). This analysis compares target sequences in different individuals to identify points of variation, i.e., polymorphic
35 sites. By analyzing groups of individuals representing the greatest ethnic diversity

among humans and greatest breed and species variety in plants and animals, patterns characteristic of the most common alleles/haplotypes of the locus can be identified, and the frequencies of such alleles/haplotypes in the population can be determined. Additional allelic frequencies can be determined for subpopulations characterized by
5 criteria such as geography, race, or gender. The de novo identification of polymorphisms of the invention is described in the Examples section. The second type of analysis determines which form(s) of a characterized (known) polymorphism are present in individuals under test. There are a variety of suitable procedures, which are discussed in turn.

10 1. Allele-Specific Probes

The design and use of allele-specific probes for analyzing polymorphisms is described by e.g., Saiki *et al.*, *Nature* 324, 163-166 (1986); Dattagupta, EP 235,726, Saiki, WO 89/11548. Allele-specific probes can be designed that hybridize to a segment of target DNA from one individual but do not hybridize to the corresponding
15 segment from another individual due to the presence of different polymorphic forms in the respective segments from the two individuals. Hybridization conditions should be sufficiently stringent that there is a significant difference in hybridization intensity between alleles, and preferably an essentially binary response, whereby a probe hybridizes to only one of the alleles. Some probes are designed to hybridize to a
20 segment of target DNA such that the polymorphic site aligns with a central position (e.g., in a 15-mer at the 7 position; in a 16-mer, at either the 8 or 9 position) of the probe. This design of probe achieves good discrimination in hybridization between different allelic forms.

Allele-specific probes are often used in pairs, one member of a pair showing a
25 perfect match to a reference form of a target sequence and the other member showing a perfect match to a variant form. Several pairs of probes can then be immobilized on the same support for simultaneous analysis of multiple polymorphisms within the same target sequence.

2. Tiling Arrays

30 The polymorphisms can also be identified by hybridization to nucleic acid arrays, some examples of which are described in WO 95/11995. One form of such arrays is described in the Examples section in connection with de novo identification of polymorphisms. The same array or a different array can be used for analysis of characterized polymorphisms. WO 95/11995 also describes subarrays that are
35 optimized for detection of a variant form of a precharacterized polymorphism. Such a

subarray contains probes designed to be complementary to a second reference sequence, which is an allelic variant of the first reference sequence. The second group of probes is designed by the same principles as described in the Examples, except that the probes exhibit complementarity to the second reference sequence. The inclusion
5 of a second group (or further groups) can be particularly useful for analyzing short subsequences of the primary reference sequence in which multiple mutations are expected to occur within a short distance commensurate with the length of the probes (e.g., two or more mutations within 9 to 21 bases).

3. Allele-Specific Primers

10 An allele-specific primer hybridizes to a site on target DNA overlapping a polymorphism and only primes amplification of an allelic form to which the primer exhibits perfect complementarity. See Gibbs, *Nucleic Acid Res.* 17, 2427-2448 (1989). This primer is used in conjunction with a second primer which hybridizes at a distal site. Amplification proceeds from the two primers, resulting in a detectable
15 product which indicates the particular allelic form is present. A control is usually performed with a second pair of primers, one of which shows a single base mismatch at the polymorphic site and the other of which exhibits perfect complementarity to a distal site. The single-base mismatch prevents amplification and no detectable product is formed. The method works best when the mismatch is included in the 3'-
20 most position of the oligonucleotide aligned with the polymorphism because this position is most destabilizing to elongation from the primer (see, e.g., WO 93/22456).

4. Direct-Sequencing

The direct analysis of the sequence of polymorphisms of the present invention can be accomplished using either the dideoxy chain termination method or the Maxam
25 Gilbert method (see Sambrook *et al.*, *Molecular Cloning, A Laboratory Manual* (2nd Ed., CSHP, New York 1989); Zyskind *et al.*, *Recombinant DNA Laboratory Manual*, (Acad. Press, 1988)).

5. Denaturing Gradient Gel Electrophoresis

Amplification products generated using the polymerase chain reaction can be
30 analyzed by the use of denaturing gradient gel electrophoresis. Different alleles can be identified based on the different sequence-dependent melting properties and electrophoretic migration of DNA in solution. Erlich, ed., *PCR Technology, Principles and Applications for DNA Amplification*, (W.H. Freeman and Co, New York, 1992), Chapter 7.

6. Single-Strand Conformation Polymorphism Analysis

Alleles of target sequences can be differentiated using single-strand conformation polymorphism analysis, which identifies base differences by alteration in electrophoretic migration of single stranded PCR products, as described in Orita *et al.*, *Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci.* 86, 2766-2770 (1989). Amplified PCR products can be generated as described above, and heated or otherwise denatured, to form single stranded amplification products. Single-stranded nucleic acids may refold or form secondary structures which are partially dependent on the base sequence. The different electrophoretic mobilities of single-stranded amplification products can be related to base-sequence differences between alleles of target sequences.

III. Methods of Use

After determining polymorphic form(s) present in an individual at one or more polymorphic sites, this information can be used in a number of methods.

A. Forensics

Determination of which polymorphic forms occupy a set of polymorphic sites in an individual identifies a set of polymorphic forms that distinguishes the individual. See generally National Research Council, *The Evaluation of Forensic DNA Evidence* (Eds. Pollard *et al.*, National Academy Press, DC, 1996). The more sites that are analyzed, the lower the probability that the set of polymorphic forms in one individual is the same as that in an unrelated individual. Preferably, if multiple sites are analyzed, the sites are unlinked. Thus, polymorphisms of the invention are often used in conjunction with polymorphisms in distal genes. Preferred polymorphisms for use in forensics are biallelic because the population frequencies of two polymorphic forms can usually be determined with greater accuracy than those of multiple polymorphic forms at multi-allelic loci.

The capacity to identify a distinguishing or unique set of forensic markers in an individual is useful for forensic analysis. For example, one can determine whether a blood sample from a suspect matches a blood or other tissue sample from a crime scene by determining whether the set of polymorphic forms occupying selected polymorphic sites is the same in the suspect and the sample. If the set of polymorphic markers does not match between a suspect and a sample, it can be concluded (barring experimental error) that the suspect was not the source of the sample. If the set of markers does match, one can conclude that the DNA from the suspect is consistent with that found at the crime scene. If frequencies of the polymorphic forms at the loci tested have been determined (e.g., by analysis of a suitable population of individuals),

one can perform a statistical analysis to determine the probability that a match of suspect and crime scene sample would occur by chance.

$p(\text{ID})$ is the probability that two random individuals have the same polymorphic or allelic form at a given polymorphic site. In biallelic loci, four
 5 genotypes are possible: AA, AB, BA, and BB. If alleles A and B occur in a haploid genome of the organism with frequencies x and y , the probability of each genotype in a diploid organism is (see WO 95/12607):

- 10 Homozygote: $p(\text{AA}) = x^2$
 Homozygote: $p(\text{BB}) = y^2 = (1-x)^2$
 Single Heterozygote: $p(\text{AB}) = p(\text{BA}) = xy = x(1-x)$
 Both Heterozygotes: $p(\text{AB}+\text{BA}) = 2xy = 2x(1-x)$

The probability of identity at one locus (i.e., the probability that two individuals, picked at random from a population will have identical polymorphic forms at a given locus) is given by the equation:

15 $p(\text{ID}) = (x^2)^2 + (2xy)^2 + (y^2)^2.$

These calculations can be extended for any number of polymorphic forms at a given locus. For example, the probability of identity $p(\text{ID})$ for a 3-allele system where the alleles have the frequencies in the population of x , y and z , respectively, is equal to the sum of the squares of the genotype frequencies:

20 $p(\text{ID}) = x^4 + (2xy)^2 + (2yz)^2 + (2xz)^2 + z^4 + y^4$

In a locus of n alleles, the appropriate binomial expansion is used to calculate $p(\text{ID})$ and $p(\text{exc})$.

The cumulative probability of identity (cum $p(\text{ID})$) for each of multiple unlinked loci is determined by multiplying the probabilities provided by each locus.

25 $\text{cum } p(\text{ID}) = p(\text{ID}1)p(\text{ID}2)p(\text{ID}3).... p(\text{ID}n)$

The cumulative probability of non-identity for n loci (i.e. the probability that two random individuals will be different at 1 or more loci) is given by the equation:

$\text{cum } p(\text{nonID}) = 1 - \text{cum } p(\text{ID}).$

If several polymorphic loci are tested, the cumulative probability of non-
 30 identity for random individuals becomes very high (e.g., one billion to one). Such probabilities can be taken into account together with other evidence in determining the guilt or innocence of the suspect.

B. Paternity Testing

The object of paternity testing is usually to determine whether a male is the father of a child. In most cases, the mother of the child is known and thus, the mother's contribution to the child's genotype can be traced. Paternity testing
 5 investigates whether the part of the child's genotype not attributable to the mother is consistent with that of the putative father. Paternity testing can be performed by analyzing sets of polymorphisms in the putative father and the child.

If the set of polymorphisms in the child attributable to the father does not match the set of polymorphisms of the putative father, it can be concluded, barring
 10 experimental error, that the putative father is not the real father. If the set of polymorphisms in the child attributable to the father does match the set of polymorphisms of the putative father, a statistical calculation can be performed to determine the probability of coincidental match.

The probability of parentage exclusion (representing the probability that a
 15 random male will have a polymorphic form at a given polymorphic site that makes him incompatible as the father) is given by the equation (see WO 95/12607):

$$p(\text{exc}) = xy(1-xy)$$

where x and y are the population frequencies of alleles A and B of a biallelic polymorphic site.

20 (At a triallelic site $p(\text{exc}) = xy(1-xy) + yz(1-yz) + xz(1-xz) + 3xyz(1-xyz)$), where x, y and z are the respective population frequencies of alleles A, B and C).

The probability of non-exclusion is

$$p(\text{non-exc}) = 1 - p(\text{exc})$$

The cumulative probability of non-exclusion (representing the value obtained
 25 when n loci are used) is thus:

$$\text{cum } p(\text{non-exc}) = p(\text{non-exc1})p(\text{non-exc2})p(\text{non-exc3}) \dots p(\text{non-excn})$$

The cumulative probability of exclusion for n loci (representing the probability that a random male will be excluded)

$$\text{cum } p(\text{exc}) = 1 - \text{cum } p(\text{non-exc}).$$

30 If several polymorphic loci are included in the analysis, the cumulative probability of exclusion of a random male is very high. This probability can be taken into account in assessing the liability of a putative father whose polymorphic marker set matches the child's polymorphic marker set attributable to his/her father.

C. Correlation of Polymorphisms with Phenotypic Traits

35 The polymorphisms of the invention may contribute to the phenotype of an organism in different ways. Some polymorphisms occur within a protein coding

sequence and contribute to phenotype by affecting protein structure. The effect may be neutral, beneficial or detrimental, or both beneficial and detrimental, depending on the circumstances. For example, a heterozygous sickle cell mutation confers resistance to malaria, but a homozygous sickle cell mutation is usually lethal. Other
5 polymorphisms occur in noncoding regions but may exert phenotypic effects indirectly via influence on replication, transcription, and translation. A single polymorphism may affect more than one phenotypic trait. Likewise, a single phenotypic trait may be affected by polymorphisms in different genes. Further, some polymorphisms predispose an individual to a distinct mutation that is causally related
10 to a certain phenotype.

Phenotypic traits include diseases that have known but hitherto unmapped genetic components (e.g., agammaglobulinemia, diabetes insipidus, Lesch-Nyhan syndrome, muscular dystrophy, Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome, Fabry's disease, familial hypercholesterolemia, polycystic kidney disease, hereditary spherocytosis, von
15 Willebrand's disease, tuberous sclerosis, hereditary hemorrhagic telangiectasia, familial colonic polyposis, Ehlers-Danlos syndrome, osteogenesis imperfecta, and acute intermittent porphyria). Phenotypic traits also include symptoms of, or susceptibility to, multifactorial diseases of which a component is or may be genetic, such as autoimmune diseases, inflammation, cancer, diseases of the nervous system,
20 and infection by pathogenic microorganisms. Some examples of autoimmune diseases include rheumatoid arthritis, multiple sclerosis, diabetes (insulin-dependent and non-independent), systemic lupus erythematosus and Graves disease. Some examples of cancers include cancers of the bladder, brain, breast, colon, esophagus, kidney, leukemia, liver, lung, oral cavity, ovary, pancreas, prostate, skin, stomach and
25 uterus. Phenotypic traits also include characteristics such as longevity, appearance (e.g., baldness, obesity), strength, speed, endurance, fertility, and susceptibility or receptivity to particular drugs or therapeutic treatments.

The correlation of one or more polymorphisms with phenotypic traits can be facilitated by knowledge of the gene product of the wild type (reference) gene. The
30 genes in which cSNPs of the present invention have been identified are genes which have been previously sequenced and characterized in one of their allelic forms. For example, genes of the present invention in which cSNPs have been identified include genes encoding antithrombin III (Humphries, *Semin Hematol* 32:8-16 (1995); Mammen, *Semin Hematol* 32:2-6 (1995)), cholesterol ester transfer protein (Bruce
35 and Tall, *Curr Opin Lipidol* 6:306-311 (1995)), CLanalog (HDL/scavenger receptor) (Freeman, *Curr Opin Hematol* 4:41-47 (1997); Knecht and Glass, *Adv Genet* 32:141-198 (1995); Rigotti *et al.*, *Curr Opin Lipidol* 8:181-188 (1997)), thrombin receptor

- (Brass and Molino, *Thromb Haemost* 78:234-241 (1997); Jamieson, *Thromb Haemost* 78:242-246 (1997)), thrombin (Eisenberg, *Coron Artery Dis* 7:400-408 (1996); Jamieson, *Thromb Haemost* 78:242-246 (1997)), and heparin cofactor II (Bick and Pegram, *Semin Thromb Hemost* 20:109-132 (1994)). Also included are the genes
- 5 encoding HMG coA-reductase (Bjelajac *et al.*, *Ann Pharmacother* 30:1304-1315 (1996)), platelet glycoprotein IIB and IIIA (Jamieson, *Thromb Haemost* 78:242-246 (1997); Lefkovits *et al.*, *N Engl J Med* 332:1553-1559 (1995); Nurden, *Thromb Haemost* 74:345-351 (1995)), lecithin:cholesterol acyltransferase (Kuivenhoven *et al.*, *J Lipid Res* 38:191-205 (1997)), LDL receptor (Holvoet and Collen, *Curr Opin*
 - 10 *Lipidol* 8:320-328 (1997); Rigotti *et al.*, *Curr Opin Lipidol* 8:181-188 (1997)), protein C (Bertina, *Clin Chem* 43:1678-1683 (1997); Bick and Pegram, *Semin Thromb Hemost* 20:109-132 (1994); Humphries, *Semin Hematol* 32:8-16 (1995); Koeleman *et al.*, *Semin Hematol* 34:256-264 (1997)), platelet activating factor receptor (Feuerstein *et al.*, *J Lipid Mediat Cell Signal* 15:255-284 (1997); Shimizu
 - 15 and Mutoh, *Adv Exp Med Biol* 407:197-204 (1997)), tissue factor (Abildgaard, *Blood Coagul Fibrinolysis* 6:S45-49(1995); Bick and Pegram, *Semin Thromb Hemost* 20:109-132 (1994); Harker *et al.*, *Haemostasis* 1:76-82 (1996); Ruf and Edgington, *Faseb J* 8:385-390 (1994)), tissue factor pathway inhibitor (Shimizu and Mutoh, *Adv Exp Med Biol* 407:197-204 (1997); Feuerstein *et al.*, *J Lipid Mediat Cell Signal*
 - 20 15:255-284 (1997)), thromboxane A2 receptor (Feuerstein *et al.*, *J Lipid Mediat Cell Signal* 15:255-284 (1997); Kinsella *et al.*, *Ann NY Acad Sci* 714:270-278 (1994); Patrono and Renda, *Am J Cardiol* 80:17E-20E (1997)), lipoprotein lipase (Applebaum-Bowden, *Curr Opin Lipidol* 6:130-135 (1995)), and factor V (Bertina, *Clin Chem* 43:1678-1683 (1997); Harker *et al.*, *Haemostasis* 1:76-82 (1996);
 - 25 Koeleman *et al.*, *Semin Hematol* 34:256-264 (1997)).

Correlation is performed for a population of individuals who have been tested for the presence or absence of a phenotypic trait of interest and for polymorphic markers sets. To perform such analysis, the presence or absence of a set of polymorphisms (i.e. a polymorphic set) is determined for a set of the individuals,

- 30 some of whom exhibit a particular trait, and some of which exhibit lack of the trait. The alleles of each polymorphism of the set are then reviewed to determine whether the presence or absence of a particular allele is associated with the trait of interest. Correlation can be performed by standard statistical methods such as a χ -squared test and statistically significant correlations between polymorphic form(s) and phenotypic
- 35 characteristics are noted. For example, it might be found that the presence of allele A1 at polymorphism A correlates with heart disease. As a further example, it might

be found that the combined presence of allele A1 at polymorphism A and allele B1 at polymorphism B correlates with increased milk production of a farm animal.

Such correlations can be exploited in several ways. In the case of a strong correlation between a set of one or more polymorphic forms and a disease for which treatment is available, detection of the polymorphic form set in a human or animal patient may justify immediate administration of treatment, or at least the institution of regular monitoring of the patient. Detection of a polymorphic form correlated with serious disease in a couple contemplating a family may also be valuable to the couple in their reproductive decisions. For example, the female partner might elect to undergo in vitro fertilization to avoid the possibility of transmitting such a polymorphism from her husband to her offspring. In the case of a weaker, but still statistically significant correlation between a polymorphic set and human disease, immediate therapeutic intervention or monitoring may not be justified. Nevertheless, the patient can be motivated to begin simple life-style changes (e.g., diet, exercise) that can be accomplished at little cost to the patient but confer potential benefits in reducing the risk of conditions to which the patient may have increased susceptibility by virtue of variant alleles. Identification of a polymorphic set in a patient correlated with enhanced receptiveness to one of several treatment regimes for a disease indicates that this treatment regime should be followed.

For animals and plants, correlations between characteristics and phenotype are useful for breeding for desired characteristics. For example, Beitz *et al.*, US 5,292,639 discuss use of bovine mitochondrial polymorphisms in a breeding program to improve milk production in cows. To evaluate the effect of mtDNA D-loop sequence polymorphism on milk production, each cow was assigned a value of 1 if variant or 0 if wildtype with respect to a prototypical mitochondrial DNA sequence at each of 17 locations considered. Each production trait was analyzed individually with the following animal model:

$$Y_{ijkpn} = \mu + YS_i + P_j + X_k + \beta_1 + \dots \beta_{17} + PE_n + a_n + e_p$$

where Y_{ijkpn} is the milk, fat, fat percentage, SNF, SNF percentage, energy concentration, or lactation energy record; μ is an overall mean; YS_i is the effect common to all cows calving in year-season; X_k is the effect common to cows in either the high or average selection line; β_1 to β_{17} are the binomial regressions of production record on mtDNA D-loop sequence polymorphisms; PE_n is permanent environmental effect common to all records of cow n ; a_n is effect of animal n and is composed of the additive genetic contribution of sire and dam breeding values and a Mendelian sampling effect; and e_p is a random residual. It was found that eleven of seventeen polymorphisms tested influenced at least one production trait. Bovines having the

best polymorphic forms for milk production at these eleven loci are used as parents for breeding the next generation of the herd.

D. Genetic Mapping of Phenotypic Traits

The previous section concerns identifying correlations between phenotypic traits and polymorphisms that directly or indirectly contribute to those traits. The present section describes identification of a physical linkage between a genetic locus associated with a trait of interest and polymorphic markers that are not associated with the trait, but are in physical proximity with the genetic locus responsible for the trait and co-segregate with it. Such analysis is useful for mapping a genetic locus associated with a phenotypic trait to a chromosomal position, and thereby cloning gene(s) responsible for the trait. See Lander *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. (USA)* 83, 7353-7357 (1986); Lander *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. (USA)* 84, 2363-2367 (1987); Donis-Keller *et al.*, *Cell* 51, 319-337 (1987); Lander *et al.*, *Genetics* 121, 185-199 (1989)). Genes localized by linkage can be cloned by a process known as directional cloning. See Wainwright, *Med. J. Australia* 159, 170-174 (1993); Collins, *Nature Genetics* 1, 3-6 (1992).

Linkage studies are typically performed on members of a family. Available members of the family are characterized for the presence or absence of a phenotypic trait and for a set of polymorphic markers. The distribution of polymorphic markers in an informative meiosis is then analyzed to determine which polymorphic markers co-segregate with a phenotypic trait. See, e.g., Kerem *et al.*, *Science* 245, 1073-1080 (1989); Monaco *et al.*, *Nature* 316, 842 (1985); Yamoka *et al.*, *Neurology* 40, 222-226 (1990); Rossiter *et al.*, *FASEB Journal* 5, 21-27 (1991).

Linkage is analyzed by calculation of LOD (log of the odds) values. A lod value is the relative likelihood of obtaining observed segregation data for a marker and a genetic locus when the two are located at a recombination fraction θ , versus the situation in which the two are not linked, and thus segregating independently (Thompson & Thompson, *Genetics in Medicine* (5th ed, W.B. Saunders Company, Philadelphia, 1991); Strachan, "Mapping the human genome" in *The Human Genome* (BIOS Scientific Publishers Ltd, Oxford), Chapter 4). A series of likelihood ratios are calculated at various recombination fractions (θ), ranging from $\theta = 0.0$ (coincident loci) to $\theta = 0.50$ (unlinked). Thus, the likelihood at a given value of θ is: probability of data if loci linked at θ to probability of data if loci unlinked. The computed likelihoods are usually expressed as the \log_{10} of this ratio (i.e., a lod score). For example, a lod score of 3 indicates 1000:1 odds against an apparent observed linkage being a coincidence. The use of logarithms allows data collected from different

families to be combined by simple addition. Computer programs are available for the calculation of lod scores for differing values of θ (e.g., LIPED, MLINK (Lathrop, *Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. (USA)* 81, 3443-3446 (1984)). For any particular lod score, a recombination fraction may be determined from mathematical tables. See Smith *et al.*, *Mathematical tables for research workers in human genetics* (Churchill, London, 1961); Smith, *Ann. Hum. Genet.* 32, 127-150 (1968). The value of θ at which the lod score is the highest is considered to be the best estimate of the recombination fraction.

Positive lod score values suggest that the two loci are linked, whereas negative values suggest that linkage is less likely (at that value of θ) than the possibility that the two loci are unlinked. By convention, a combined lod score of +3 or greater (equivalent to greater than 1000:1 odds in favor of linkage) is considered definitive evidence that two loci are linked. Similarly, by convention, a negative lod score of -2 or less is taken as definitive evidence against linkage of the two loci being compared. Negative linkage data are useful in excluding a chromosome or a segment thereof from consideration. The search focuses on the remaining non-excluded chromosomal locations.

IV. Modified Polypeptides and Gene Sequences

The invention further provides variant forms of nucleic acids and corresponding proteins. The nucleic acids comprise one of the sequences described in the Table, column 8, in which the polymorphic position is occupied by one of the alternative bases for that position. Some nucleic acids encode full-length variant forms of proteins. Similarly, variant proteins have the prototypical amino acid sequences encoded by nucleic acid sequences shown in the Table, column 8, (read so as to be in-frame with the full-length coding sequence of which it is a component) except at an amino acid encoded by a codon including one of the polymorphic positions shown in the Table. That position is occupied by the amino acid coded by the corresponding codon in any of the alternative forms shown in the Table.

Variant genes can be expressed in an expression vector in which a variant gene is operably linked to a native or other promoter. Usually, the promoter is a eukaryotic promoter for expression in a mammalian cell. The transcription regulation sequences typically include a heterologous promoter and optionally an enhancer which is recognized by the host. The selection of an appropriate promoter, for example trp, lac, phage promoters, glycolytic enzyme promoters and tRNA promoters, depends on the host selected. Commercially available expression vectors can be used. Vectors can include host-recognized replication systems, amplifiable genes, selectable markers, host sequences useful for insertion into the host genome, and the like.

The means of introducing the expression construct into a host cell varies depending upon the particular construction and the target host. Suitable means include fusion, conjugation, transfection, transduction, electroporation or injection, as described in Sambrook, *supra*. A wide variety of host cells can be employed for
5 expression of the variant gene, both prokaryotic and eukaryotic. Suitable host cells include bacteria such as *E. coli*, yeast, filamentous fungi, insect cells, mammalian cells, typically immortalized, *e.g.*, mouse, CHO, human and monkey cell lines and derivatives thereof. Preferred host cells are able to process the variant gene product to produce an appropriate mature polypeptide. Processing includes glycosylation,
10 ubiquitination, disulfide bond formation, general post-translational modification, and the like. As used herein, "gene product" includes mRNA, peptide and protein products.

The protein may be isolated by conventional means of protein biochemistry and purification to obtain a substantially pure product, *i.e.*, 80, 95 or 99% free of cell
15 component contaminants, as described in Jacoby, *Methods in Enzymology* Volume 104, Academic Press, New York (1984); Scopes, *Protein Purification, Principles and Practice*, 2nd Edition, Springer-Verlag, New York (1987); and Deutscher (ed), *Guide to Protein Purification, Methods in Enzymology*, Vol. 182 (1990). If the protein is secreted, it can be isolated from the supernatant in which the host cell is grown. If not
20 secreted, the protein can be isolated from a lysate of the host cells.

The invention further provides transgenic nonhuman animals capable of expressing an exogenous variant gene and/or having one or both alleles of an endogenous variant gene inactivated. Expression of an exogenous variant gene is usually achieved by operably linking the gene to a promoter and optionally an
25 enhancer, and microinjecting the construct into a zygote. See Hogan *et al.*, "Manipulating the Mouse Embryo, A Laboratory Manual," Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory. Inactivation of endogenous variant genes can be achieved by forming a transgene in which a cloned variant gene is inactivated by insertion of a positive selection marker. See Capecchi, *Science* 244, 1288-1292 (1989). The transgene is
30 then introduced into an embryonic stem cell, where it undergoes homologous recombination with an endogenous variant gene. Mice and other rodents are preferred animals. Such animals provide useful drug screening systems.

In addition to substantially full-length polypeptides expressed by variant genes, the present invention includes biologically active fragments of the
35 polypeptides, or analogs thereof, including organic molecules which simulate the interactions of the peptides. Biologically active fragments include any portion of the full-length polypeptide which confers a biological function on the variant gene

product, including ligand binding, and antibody binding. Ligand binding includes binding by nucleic acids, proteins or polypeptides, small biologically active molecules, or large cellular structures.

Polyclonal and/or monoclonal antibodies that specifically bind to variant gene products but not to corresponding prototypical gene products are also provided. Antibodies can be made by injecting mice or other animals with the variant gene product or synthetic peptide fragments thereof. Monoclonal antibodies are screened as are described, for example, in Harlow & Lane, *Antibodies, A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Press, New York (1988); Goding, *Monoclonal antibodies, Principles and Practice* (2d ed.) Academic Press, New York (1986). Monoclonal antibodies are tested for specific immunoreactivity with a variant gene product and lack of immunoreactivity to the corresponding prototypical gene product. These antibodies are useful in diagnostic assays for detection of the variant form, or as an active ingredient in a pharmaceutical composition.

15 V. Kits

The invention further provides kits comprising at least one allele-specific oligonucleotide as described above. Often, the kits contain one or more pairs of allele-specific oligonucleotides hybridizing to different forms of a polymorphism. In some kits, the allele-specific oligonucleotides are provided immobilized to a substrate. For example, the same substrate can comprise allele-specific oligonucleotide probes for detecting at least 10, 100 or all of the polymorphisms shown in the Table. Optional additional components of the kit include, for example, restriction enzymes, reverse-transcriptase or polymerase, the substrate nucleoside triphosphates, means used to label (for example, an avidin-enzyme conjugate and enzyme substrate and chromogen if the label is biotin), and the appropriate buffers for reverse transcription, PCR, or hybridization reactions. Usually, the kit also contains instructions for carrying out the methods.

The following Examples are offered for the purpose of illustrating the present invention and are not to be construed to limit the scope of this invention. The teachings of all references cited herein are hereby incorporated herein by reference.

EXAMPLES

The polymorphisms shown in the Table were identified by resequencing of target sequences from a minimum of 50 unrelated individuals of diverse ethnic and geographic backgrounds by hybridization to probes immobilized to microfabricated

arrays. The strategy and principles for design and use of such arrays are generally described in WO 95/11995.

A typical probe array used in this analysis has two groups of four sets of probes that respectively tile both strands of a reference sequence. A first probe set
5 comprises a plurality of probes exhibiting perfect complementarity with one of the reference sequences. Each probe in the first probe set has an interrogation position that corresponds to a nucleotide in the reference sequence. That is, the interrogation position is aligned with the corresponding nucleotide in the reference sequence, when the probe and reference sequence are aligned to maximize complementarity between
10 the two. For each probe in the first set, there are three corresponding probes from three additional probe sets. Thus, there are four probes corresponding to each nucleotide in the reference sequence. The probes from the three additional probe sets are identical to the corresponding probe from the first probe set except at the interrogation position, which occurs in the same position in each of the four
15 corresponding probes from the four probe sets, and is occupied by a different nucleotide in the four probe sets. In the present analysis, probes were 25 nucleotides long. Arrays tiled for multiple different reference sequences were included on the same substrate.

Publicly available sequences for a given gene were assembled into Gap4
20 (<http://www.biozentrum.unibas.ch/~biocomp/staden/Overview.html>). PCR primers covering each exon were designed using Primer 3 (<http://www-genome.wi.mit.edu/cgi-bin/primer/primer3.cgi>). Primers were not designed in regions where there were sequence discrepancies between reads. For CLA1, whose genomic sequence is not published, nested primers were designed from the cDNA. For all
25 genes except CLA1, genomic DNA was amplified in at least 50 individuals using 2.5 pmol each primer, 1.5 mM MgCl₂, 100 μM dNTPs, 0.75 μM AmpliTaq GOLD polymerase, and 19 ng DNA in a 15 μl reaction. Reactions were assembled using a PACKARD MultiPROBE robotic pipetting station and then put in MJ 96-well tetrad thermocyclers (96°C for 10 minutes, followed by 35 cycles of 96°C for 30 seconds,
30 59°C for 2 minutes, and 72°C for 2 minutes). A subset of the PCR assays for each individual were run on 3% NuSieve gels in 0.5X TBE to confirm that the reaction worked.

For CLA1, first strand cDNA was made using the Gibco BRL SuperScript Preamplification Kit (#18089-011) and following the manufacturers instructions
35 except that 150 ng of random hexamers were used to primer 1 μg of total RNA. The cDNA was amplified using the outermost primer pairs and the above conditions; 1/20 of the reaction was used as a template for the secondary PCR using the innermost

primers. All RT-PCR products were run on 2% NuSieve gels in 1X TAE to confirm the presence of a product.

For a given DNA, 5 µl (about 50ng) of each PCR or RT-PCR product were pooled (Final volume = 150-200 µl). The products were purified using QiaQuick
 5 PCR purification from Qiagen. The samples were eluted once in 35 µl sterile water and 4 µl 10X One-Phor-All buffer (Pharmacia). The pooled samples were digested with 0.2 µ DNaseI (Promega) for 10 minutes at 37°C and then labeled with 0.5 nmols biotin-N6-ddATP and 15 µ Terminal Transferase (GibcoBRL Life Technology) for 60
 10 incubating the pooled sample for 15 minutes at 100°C.

Low-density DNA chips (Affymetrix, CA) were hybridized following the manufacturer's instructions. Briefly, the hybridization cocktail consisted of 3M TMACl, 10 mM Tris pH 7.8, 0.01% Triton X-100, 100 mg/ml herring sperm DNA (Gibco BRL), 200 pM control biotin-labeled oligo. The processed PCR products
 15 were denatured for 7 minutes at 100°C and then added to prewarmed (37°C) hybridization solution. The chips were hybridized overnight at 44°C. Chips were washed in 1X SSPET and 6X SSPET followed by staining with 2 µg/ml SARPE and 0.5 mg/ml acetylated BSA in 200 µl of 6X SSPET for 8 minutes at room temperature. Chips were scanned using a Molecular Dynamics scanner.

20 Chip image files were analyzed using Ulysses (Affymetrix, CA) which uses four algorithms to identify potential polymorphisms. Candidate polymorphisms were visually inspected and assigned a confidence value: high confidence candidates displayed all three genotypes, while likely candidates showed only two genotypes (homozygous for reference sequence and heterozygous for reference and variant).
 25 Some of the candidate polymorphisms were confirmed by ABI sequencing. Identified polymorphisms were compared to SwissProt and the Mutation Database to determine if they were novel. Results are shown in the Table.

In the Table, the genes listed in column 2 are as follows: antithrombin III (AT3); cholesterol ester transfer protein (CETP); CLanalog (HDL/scavenger receptor)
 30 (CLanalog); thrombin receptor (F2R); thrombin (F2); heparin Cofactor II (HCF2); HMG coA-reductase (HMGCR); platelet glycoprotein IIB (ITGA2B); platelet glycoprotein IIIA (ITGB3); lecithin:cholesterol acyltransferase (LCAT); LDL receptor (LDLR); protein C (PROC); platelet activating factor receptor (PTAFR); tissue factor pathway inhibitor (TFPI); thromboxane A2 receptor (TBXA2R);
 35 lipoprotein lipase (LPL); tissue factor (F3); and factor V (F5).

Column 1 of the Table shows the laboratory name for the particular gene. Column 3 shows the GenBank Accession number for the wild type (reference) allele.

Column 4 shows the nucleotide number location of the polymorphism relative to the numbering of the sequence deposited with GenBank having the listed Accession number; the GenBank sequence is understood to be the nucleotide sequence present in the GenBank database on April 1, 1998, which sequences are incorporated herein by reference in their entirety. These GenBank sequences are illustrated in Figures 3-38.

Column 5 shows the codon which is altered by the polymorphism. Columns 6, 7 and 8 show the reference codon, variant codon and amino acid change, respectively, for the silent polymorphisms. Columns 9, 10 and 11 show the reference codon, variant codon and amino acid change, respectively, for the missense polymorphisms. Columns 12, 13 and 14 show the reference codon, variant codon and amino acid change, respectively, for the nonsense polymorphisms. Columns 15 and 16 show the nucleotide of the reference allele and the frequency of that allele, respectively. This base is arbitrarily designated the reference or prototypical form, but it is not necessarily the most frequently occurring form. Columns 17 and 18 show the nucleotide of the variant allele and the frequency of that allele, respectively. It is noted that the genes with polymorphism IDs of F5u8, HCF2u1 and HMGCRu2 contained the indicated polymorphism at the indicated nucleotide position, but that these nucleotide positions are in the non-coding region of the gene.

Table

Polymorphism ID	Gene	GenBank Accession No.	Nt. Position	Codon No.	Silent PM			Missense PM			Nonsense PM			Allele Freq.		
					Ref codon	Var codon	AA change	Ref codon	Var codon	AA change	Ref codon	Var codon	AA change	Ref allele	Freq	Var allele
AT3u3	AT3	M21645	100	438				AGG	GGG	R to G				A	0.99	G
CETPu1	CETP	M30185	1298	390				GCC	CCC	A to P				G	0.95	C
CETPu8	CETP	J02898	298	455				GTG	ATG	V to M				G	0.99	A
CETPu9	CETP	J02898	571	486				GTG	ATG	V to M				G	0.99	A
CLanalogu3	CLanalog	Z22555	400	111				GTG	ATG	V to M				G	0.99	A
CLanalogu4	CLanalog	Z22555	472	135				GTC	ATC	V to I				G	0.99	A
F2Ru1	F2R	M62424	496	91				GAT	GGT	D to G				A	0.99	G
F2Ru2	F2R	M62424	610	129				CTG	CGG	L to R				T	0.98	G
F2Ru3	F2R	M62424	664	147				GCA	GAA	A to E				C	0.91	A
F2Ru4	F2R	M62424	720	166				AGT	GGT	S to G				A	0.99	G
F2Ru6	F2R	M62424	405	61				AAA	CAA	K to Q				A	0.93	C
F2u1	F2	M17262	10777	165				ACG	ATG	T to M				C	0.97	T
F2u2	F2	M17262	15342	386				CCC	ACC	P to T				C	0.99	A
F3u1	F3	J02846	9363	163				CGG	TGG	R to W				C	0.99	T
F5u4	F5	M14335	1314	413				ATG	ACG	M to T				T	0.94	C
HCF2u3	HCF2	M12849	1353	442				ACG	ATG	T to M				C	0.99	T

Polymorphism ID	Gene	GenBank Accession No.	Nt. Position	Codon No.	Silent PM			Missense PM			Nonsense PM			Allele Freq.		
					Ref codon	Var codon	AA change	Ref codon	Var codon	AA change	Ref codon	Var codon	AA change	Ref allele	Freq	Var allele
HCF2u4	HCF2	M12849	47	7				GCA	ACA	A to T				G	0.98	A
HCF2u6	HCF2	M12849	651	208				CGC	CAC	R to H				G	0.99	A
HMGCRu1	HMGCR	M11058	1962	638				ATA	GTA	I to V				A	0.99	G
ITGA2Bu2	ITGA2B	J02764	2623	874				ATC	AGC	I to S				T	0.79	G
ITGA2Bu5	ITGA2B	J02764	2904	968				TAT	AAT	Y to N				T	0.99	A
ITGA2Bu6	ITGA2B	J02764	120	40				ACC	ATC	T to I				C	0.97	T
ITGA2Bu7	ITGA2B	J02764	2299	766				ATT	AGT	I to S				T	0.99	G
ITGB3u1	ITGB3	J02703	526	169				CGA	CAA	R to Q				G	0.99	A
ITGB3u8	ITGB3	J02703	1377	453				GTC	ATC	V to I				G	0.99	A
LCATu2	LCAT	M12625	961	232				TCT	ACT	S to T				T	0.98	A
LDLRu14	LDLR	L00351	67	814				CGG	CAG	R to Q				G	0.99	A
LDLRu7	LDLR	L29401	691	2				GGG	CGG	G to R				G	0.99	C
LDLRu8	LDLR	L00344	59	468				GTC	ATC	V to I				G	0.99	A
LPLu2	LPL	M15856	1453	427				GCC	ACC	A to T				G	0.99	A
PROCu4	PROC	K02059	534	283				AAG	AGG	K to R				A	0.99	G
PTAFRu3	PTAFR	D10202	783	224				GCT	GAT	A to D				C	0.99	A
PTAFRu4	PTAFR	D10202	194	28				CTC	TTC	L to F				C	0.99	T

Polymorphism ID	Gene	GenBank Accession No.	Nt. Position	Codon No.	Silent PM			Missense PM			Nonsense PM			Allele Freq.			
					Ref codon	Var codon	AA change	Ref codon	Var codon	AA change	Ref codon	Var codon	AA change	Ref allele	Freq	Var allele	Freq
PTAFR5	PTAFR	D10202	1125	338				AAT	AGT	N to S				A	0.98	G	0.02
TPPIu1	TPPI	J03225	1006	292				GTG	ATG	V to M				G	0.99	A	0.01
CETPu4	CETP	M30185	196	22	ACC	ACA	T to T							C	0.99	A	0.01
LDLRu13	LDLR	L00336	29	27	TGT	TGC	C to C							T	0.62	C	0.38
HCF2u2	HCF2	M12849	259	77	GAC	GAT	D to D							C	0.97	T	0.03
CETPu5	CETP	M30185	388	86	ATC	ATT	I to I							C	0.99	C	0.01
HCF2u5	HCF2	M12849	313	95	ATC	ATT	I to I							C	0.99	T	0.01
ITGB3u7	ITGB3	J02703	362	114	ATT	ATC	I to I							T	0.97	C	0.03
F2Ru7	F2R	M62424	609	129	CTG	TTG	L to L							C	0.98	T	0.02
PROCu2	PROC	K02059	109	141	TCT	TCG	S to S							T	0.46	G	0.54
CLanalogu2	CLanalog	Z22555	570	167	GGC	GGT	G to G							C	0.88	T	0.12
F2Ru5	F2R	M62424	740	172	TCT	TCG	S to S							T	0.99	G	0.01
LCATu1	LCAT	M12625	864	199	GTC	GTT	V to V							C	0.99	T	0.01
CETPu6	CETP	M30185	766	212	GCC	GCT	A to A							C	0.98	T	0.02
PROCu3	PROC	M11228	9358	256	GAT	GAC	D to D							T	0.98	C	0.02
F2u4	F2	M17262	13434	271	GCC	GGT	G to G							C	0.98	T	0.02
ITGB3u3	ITGB3	J02703	902	294	CCT	CCC	P to P							T	0.87	C	0.13

Polymorphism ID	Gene	GenBank Accession No.	Nt. Position	Codon No.	Silent PM			Missense PM			Nonsense PM			Allele Freq.			
					Ref. codon	Var. codon	AA change	Ref. codon	Var. codon	AA change	Ref. codon	Var. codon	AA change	Ref. allele	Freq	Var allele	Freq
PROCu1	PROC	K02059	577	297	GAC	GAT	D to D							C	0.99	T	0.01
LCATu4	LCAT	M12625	1167	300	CGT	CGC	R to R							T	0.99	C	0.01
CLanalogu5	CLanalog	Z22555	972	301	TTC	TTT	F to F							C	0.95	T	0.05
TBXA2Ru1	TBXA2R	D38081	1915	308	TAT	TAC	Y to Y							T	0.57	C	0.43
AT3u1	AT3	D29832	1005	327	GTG	GTA	V to V							G	0.64	A	0.36
CLanalogu1	CLanalog	Z22555	1119	350	GCC	GCT	A to A							C	0.68	T	0.32
ITGB3u4	ITGB3	J02703	1163	381	GTC	GTA	V to V							C	0.50	A	0.50
LPLu1	LPL	M15856	1338	388	ACC	ACA	T to T							C	0.89	A	0.11
LCATu3	LCAT	M12625	1444	393	CTG	TTG	L to L							C	0.93	T	0.07
F2u3	F2	M17262	15419	411	CCG	CCA	P to P							G	0.97	A	0.03
F5u5	F5	M14335	1318	414	AAA	AAG	K to K							A	0.92	G	0.08
CETPu7	CETP	M30185	1429	433	GTG	GTA	V to V							G	0.99	A	0.01
LDLRu9	LDLR	L00343	152	441	ATC	ATT	I to I							C	0.99	T	0.01
AT3u4	AT3	D29832	1374	450	AAC	AAT	N to N							C	0.99	T	0.01
F5u1	F5	M14335	1456	460	AAC	AAT	N to N							C	0.95	T	0.05
HCF2u7	HCF2	M12849	1474	482	CAC	CAT	H to H							C	0.53	T	0.47
ITGB3u5	ITGB3	M20311	1549	511	GAG	GAA	E to E							G	0.27	A	0.73

Polymorphism ID	Gene	GenBank Accession No.	Nt. Position	Codon No.	Silent PM			Missense PM			Nonsense PM			Allele Freq.		
					Ref codon	Var codon	AA change	Ref codon	Var codon	AA change	Ref codon	Var codon	AA change	Ref allele	Freq	Var allele
ITGB3u2	ITGB3	J02703	196	59				CTG	CCG	L to P				T	0.87	C
CETPu2	CETP	M30185	1394	422				ATC	GTC	I to V				A	0.34	G
F5u2	F5	M14335	1614	513				AGA	AAA	R to K				G	0.85	A
F5u3	F5	M14335	1677	534				CGA	CAA	R to Q				G	0.99	A
AT3u2	AT3	D29832	1035	337	CAG	CAA	Q to Q							G	0.62	A
LDLRu5	LDLR	L00344	70	471	AGG	AGA	R to R							G	0.68	A
LPLu3	LPL	M76722	3150	474							TCA	TGA	S to *	C	0.85	G

Genotyping and genetic association studies were performed with respect to the allelic forms of the F5U4 and HCF2U4 genes, and the presence of the reference and variant alleles (as shown in Table 1) were correlated with the occurrence of venous thrombosis and pulmonary emboli. The results are shown in Tables 2 and 3.

5 TABLE 2: HCF2U4 GENETIC ASSOCIATION STUDY

	Case	Control
Reference	115	115
Heterozygote	5	0

(p = 0.027 by Chi-square test)

(p = 0.06 by Fisher's exact test (two-tailed)).

- 10 The F5u4 variant leads to an amino acid substitution (Met413Thr) in the coagulation factor V gene. Another common variant in Factor V (Arg506Gln), the Leiden Variant, is the most common genetic factor predisposing to thrombosis that has been identified to date. Genotyping of patients with deep venous thrombosis has confirmed a statistical association of this variant with deep venous
- 15 thrombosis/pulmonary embolism in two separate populations of patients, as shown below:

TABLE 3: F5U4 GENETIC ASSOCIATION STUDY

	REF	HET	VAR	TOTAL	ALLELE FREQ	
					REF	VAR
Case	226	38	5	269	91%	9%
Control	207	28	0	235	94%	6%

20 2nd Population

Case	85	28	2	115	86%	14%
Control	95	14	4	113	90%	10%

(p <0.05 by Chi-square test for combined populations)

These data indicate that there is a trend toward an association between the presence of the variant allele (or heterozygosity) and the occurrence of venous thrombosis and/or pulmonary emboli.

From the foregoing, it is apparent that the invention includes a number of
5 general uses that can be expressed concisely as follows. The invention provides for the use of any of the nucleic acid segments described above in the diagnosis or monitoring of diseases, such as cancer, inflammation, heart disease, diseases of the cardiovascular system, and infection by microorganisms. The invention further provides for the use of any of the nucleic acid segments in the manufacture of a
10 medicament for the treatment or prophylaxis of such diseases. The invention further provides for the use of any of the DNA segments as a pharmaceutical.

All references cited above are incorporated by reference in their entirety for all purposes to the same extent as if each individual publication or patent application were specifically and individually indicated to be so incorporated by reference.

15 While this invention has been particularly shown and described with references to preferred embodiments thereof, it will be understood by those skilled in the art that various changes in form and details may be made therein without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention as defined by the appended claims.

CLAIMS

WE CLAIM:

1. A nucleic acid molecule selected from the group consisting of the genes listed in the Table, wherein said nucleic acid molecule is at least 5 nucleotides in length and comprises a polymorphic site identified in the Table, wherein a nucleotide at the polymorphic site is different from a nucleotide at the polymorphic site in a corresponding reference allele.
2. A nucleic acid molecule according to Claim 1, wherein said nucleic acid molecule is at least 10 nucleotides in length.
3. A nucleic acid molecule according to Claim 1, wherein said nucleic acid molecule is at least 20 nucleotides in length.
4. A nucleic acid molecule according to Claim 1, wherein the nucleotide at the polymorphic site is the variant nucleotide for the gene listed in the Table.
5. An allele-specific oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a portion of a gene selected from the group consisting of the genes listed in the Table, wherein said portion is at least 5 nucleotides in length and comprises a polymorphic site identified in the Table, wherein a nucleotide at the polymorphic site is different from a nucleotide at the polymorphic site in a corresponding reference allele.
6. An allele-specific oligonucleotide according to Claim 5 that is a probe.
7. An allele-specific oligonucleotide according to Claim 5, wherein a central position of the probe aligns with the polymorphic site of the portion.
8. An allele-specific oligonucleotide according to Claim 5 that is a primer.
9. An allele-specific oligonucleotide according to Claim 8, wherein the 3' end of the primer aligns with the polymorphic site of the portion.

10. An isolated gene product encoded by a nucleic acid molecule according to Claim 1.
11. A method of analyzing a nucleic acid sample, comprising obtaining the nucleic acid from an individual sample; and determining a base occupying any
5 one of the polymorphic sites shown in the Table.
12. A method according to Claim 11, wherein the nucleic acid sample is obtained from a plurality of individuals, and a base occupying one of the polymorphic positions is determined in each of the individuals, and the method further comprising testing each individual for the presence of a disease phenotype,
10 and correlating the presence of the disease phenotype with the base.

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Polymorphism ID	Gene	Codon No.	SILENT POLYMORPHISMS			MISSENSE POLYMORPHISMS			NONSENSE POLYMORPHISMS			ALLELE FREQUENCIES			
			Ref codon	Var codon	AA change	Ref codon	Var codon	AA change	Ref codon	Var codon	AA change	Ref allele	Freq	Var allele	Freq
AT3u3	AT3	438				AGG	GGG	R to G				A	0.99	G	0.01
CETPu1	CETP	390				GCC	CCC	A to P				G	0.95	C	0.05
CETPu8	CETP	455				GTG	ATG	V to M				G	0.99	A	0.01
CETPu9	CETP	486				GTG	ATG	V to M				G	0.99	A	0.01
CLanalogu3	CLanalog	111				GTG	ATG	V to M				G	0.99	A	0.01
CLanalogu4	CLanalog	135				GTC	ATC	V to I				G	0.99	A	0.01
F2Ru1	F2R	91				GAT	GGT	D to G				A	0.99	G	0.01
F2Ru2	F2R	129				CTG	CGG	L to R				T	0.98	G	0.02
F2Ru3	F2R	147				GCA	GAA	A to E				C	0.91	A	0.09
F2Ru4	F2R	166				AGT	GGT	S to G				A	0.99	G	0.01
F2Ru6	F2R	61				AAA	CAA	K to Q				A	0.93	C	0.07
F2u1	F2	165				ACG	ATG	T to M				C	0.97	T	0.03
F2u2	F2	386				CCC	ACC	P to T				C	0.99	A	0.01
F3u1	F3	163				CGG	TGG	R to W				C	0.99	T	0.01
F5u4	F5	413				ATG	ACG	M to T				T	0.94	C	0.06
HCF2u3	HCF2	442				ACG	ATG	T to M				C	0.99	T	0.01
HCF2u4	HCF2	7				GCA	ACA	A to T				G	0.98	A	0.02
HCF2u6	HCF2	208				CGC	CAC	R to H				G	0.99	A	0.01

FIG. 1A

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Polymorphism ID	Gene	Codon No.	SILENT POLYMORPHISMS			MISSENSE POLYMORPHISMS			NONSENSE POLYMORPHISMS			ALLELE FREQUENCIES			
			Ref codon	Var codon	AA change	Ref codon	Var codon	AA change	Ref codon	Var codon	AA change	Ref allele	Freq	Var allele	Freq
HMGCRu1	HMGCR	638				ATA	GTA	I to V				A	0.99	G	0.01
ITGA2Bu2	ITGA2B	874				ATC	AGC	I to S				T	0.79	G	0.21
ITGA2Bu5	ITGA2B	968				TAT	AAT	Y to N				T	0.99	A	0.01
ITGA2Bu6	ITGA2B	40				ACC	ATC	T to I				C	0.97	T	0.03
ITGA2Bu7	ITGA2B	766				ATT	AGT	I to S				T	0.99	G	0.01
ITGB3u1	ITGB3	169				CGA	CAA	R to Q				G	0.99	A	0.01
ITGB3u8	ITGB3	453				GTC	ATC	V to I				G	0.99	A	0.01
LCATu2	LCAT	232				TCT	ACT	S to T				T	0.98	A	0.02
LDLRu14	LDLR	814				CGG	CAG	R to Q				G	0.99	A	0.01
LDLRu7	LDLR	2				GGG	CGG	G to R				G	0.99	C	0.01
LDLRu8	LDLR	468				GTC	ATC	V to I				G	0.99	A	0.01
LPLu2	LPL	427				GCC	ACC	A to T				G	0.99	A	0.01
PROCu4	PROC	283				AAG	AGG	K to R				A	0.99	G	0.01
PTAFRu3	PTAFR	224				GCT	GAT	A to D				C	0.99	A	0.01
PTAFRu4	PTAFR	28				CTC	TTC	L to F				C	0.99	T	0.01
PTAFRu5	PTAFR	338				AAT	AGT	N to S				A	0.98	G	0.02
TPF1u1	TPF1	292				GTG	ATG	V to M				G	0.99	A	0.01
CETPu4	CETP	22	ACC	ACA	T to T							C	0.99	A	0.01
LDLRu13	LDLR	27	TGT	TGC	C to C							T	0.62	C	0.38

FIG. 1B

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Polymorphism ID	Gene	Codon No.	SILENT POLYMORPHISMS			MISSENSE POLYMORPHISMS			NONSENSE POLYMORPHISMS			ALLELE FREQUENCIES			
			Ref codon	Var codon	AA change	Ref codon	Var codon	AA change	Ref codon	Var codon	AA change	Ref allele	Freq	Var allele	Freq
HCF2u2	HCF2	77	GAC	GAT	D to D							C	0.97	T	0.03
CETPu5	CETP	86	ATC	ATT	I to I							C	0.99	T	0.01
HCF2u5	HCF2	95	ATC	ATT	I to I							C	0.99	T	0.01
ITGB3u7	ITGB3	114	ATT	ATC	I to I							T	0.97	C	0.03
F2Ru7	F2R	129	CTG	TTC	L to L							C	0.98	T	0.02
PROCu2	PROC	141	TCT	TCG	S to S							T	0.46	G	0.54
CLanalogu2	CLanalog	167	GGC	GGT	G to G							C	0.88	T	0.12
F2Ru5	F2R	172	TCT	TCG	S to S							T	0.99	G	0.01
LCATu1	LCAT	199	GTC	GTT	V to V							C	0.99	T	0.01
CETPu6	CETP	212	GCC	GCT	A to A							C	0.98	T	0.02
PROCu3	PROC	256	GAT	GAC	D to D							T	0.98	C	0.02
F2u4	F2	271	GGC	GGT	G to G							C	0.98	T	0.02
ITGB3u3	ITGB3	294	CCT	CCC	P to P							T	0.87	C	0.13
PROCu1	PROC	297	GAC	GAT	D to D							C	0.99	T	0.01
LCATu4	LCAT	300	CGT	CGC	R to R							T	0.99	C	0.01
CLanalogu5	CLanalog	301	TTC	TTT	P to P							C	0.95	T	0.05
TBXA2Ru1	TBXA2R	308	TAT	TAC	Y to Y							T	0.57	C	0.43
AT3u1	AT3	327	GTG	GTA	V to V							G	0.64	A	0.36
CLanalogu1	CLanalog	350	GCC	GCT	A to A							C	0.68	T	0.32

FIG. 1C

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Polymorphism ID	Gene	Codon No.	SILENT POLYMORPHISMS			MISSENSE POLYMORPHISMS			NONSENSE POLYMORPHISMS			ALLELE FREQUENCIES		
			Ref codon	Var codon	AA change	Ref codon	Var codon	AA change	Ref codon	Var codon	AA change	Ref allele	Freq	Var allele
ITGB3u4	ITGB3	381	GTC	GTA	V to V							C	0.50	A
LPLu1	LPL	388	ACC	ACA	T to T							C	0.89	A
LCATu3	LCAT	393	CTG	TTG	L to L							C	0.93	T
F2u3	F2	411	CCG	CCA	P to P							G	0.97	A
F5u5	F5	414	AAA	AAG	K to K							A	0.92	G
CETPu7	CETP	433	GTG	GTA	V to V							G	0.99	A
LDLRu9	LDLR	441	ATC	ATT	I to I							C	0.99	T
AT3u4	AT3	450	AAC	AAT	N to N							C	0.99	T
F5u1	F5	460	AAC	AAT	N to N							C	0.95	T
HCF2u7	HCF2	482	CAC	CAT	H to H							C	0.53	T
ITGB3u5	ITGB3	511	GAA	GAA	E to E							G	0.27	A
ITGB3u6	ITGB3	515	CGG	CGG	R to R							A	0.43	G
F2u5	F2	534	CCG	CCA	P to P							C	0.99	A
LDLRu3	LDLR	539	CCC	CCT	P to P							C	0.89	T
F5u6	F5	572	GAG	GAA	E to E							G	0.94	A
LDLRu10	LDLR	575	CTC	CTT	L to L							C	0.93	T
LDLRu6	LDLR	591	AAT	AAC	N to N							T	0.77	C
ITGA2Bu3	ITGA2B	605	CCG	CCA	P to P							G	0.98	A
LDLRu11	LDLR	640	AAC	AAT	N to N							C	0.99	T

FIG. 1D

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Polymorphism ID	Gene	Codon No.	SILENT POLYMORPHISMS			MISSENSE POLYMORPHISMS			NONSENSE POLYMORPHISMS			ALLELE FREQUENCIES			
			Ref codon	Var codon	AA change	Ref codon	Var codon	AA change	Ref codon	Var codon	AA change	Ref allele	Freq	Var allele	Freq
P5u7	P5	542	ACC	ACA	T to T							C	0.96	A	0.04
LDLRu1	LDLR	653	GTC	GTT	V to V							C	0.31	T	0.69
LDLRu12	LDLR	744	CGG	CGA	R to R							G	0.85	A	0.15
ITGA2Bu8	ITGA2B	855	CTT	CTC	L to L							T	0.99	C	0.01
ITGA2Bu4	ITGA2B	972	CCG	CCA	P to P							G	0.99	A	0.01
ITGA2Bu1	ITGA2B	1021	GTC	GTT	V to V							C	0.66	T	0.34
P5u8	P5											G	0.99	T	0.01
HCF2u1	HCF2											C	0.96	T	0.04
HMGRu2	HMGR											G	0.97	A	0.03
ITGB3u2	ITGB3	59				CTG	CCG	L to P				T	0.87	C	0.13
CETPu2	CETP	422				ATC	GTC	I to V				A	0.34	G	0.66
P5u2	P5	513				AGA	AAA	R to K				G	0.85	A	0.15
P5u3	P5	534				CGA	CAA	R to Q				G	0.99	A	0.01
AT3u2	AT3	337	CAG	CAA	Q to Q							G	0.62	A	0.38
LDLRu5	LDLR	471	AGG	AGA	R to R							G	0.68	A	0.32
LPLu3	LPL	474							TCA	TGA	S to *	C	0.85	G	0.15

FIG. 1E

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Poly ID	GenBank Acc: Nuc. Position
AT3u1	D29832:1005
AT3u2	D29832:1035
AT3u3	M21645:100
AT3u4	D29832:1374
CETPu1	M30185:1298
CETPu2	M30185:1394
CETPu3	M30185:991
CETPu4	M30185:196
CETPu5	M30185:388
CETPu6	M30185:766
CETPu7	M30185:1429
CETPu8	J02898:298
CETPu9	J02898:571
CLanalogu1	Z22555:1119
CLanalogu2	Z22555:570
CLanalogu3	Z22555:400
CLanalogu4	Z22555:472
CLanalogu5	Z22555:972
F2Ru1	M62424:496
F2Ru2	M62424:610
F2Ru3	M62424:664
F2Ru4	M62424:720
F2Ru5	M62424:740
F2Ru6	M62424:405
F2Ru7	M62424:609
F2u1	M17262:10777
F2u2	M17262:15342
F2u3	M17262:15419
F2u4	M17262:13434
F2u5	M17262:16827
F3u1	J02846:9363
F5u1	M14335:1456
F5u2	M14335:1614
F5u3	M14335:1677
F5u4	M14335:1314
F5u5	M14335:1318
F5u6	M14335:1792
F5u7	M14335:2002
HCF2u1	M58600:11907
HCF2u2	M12849:259
HCF2u3	M12849:1353
HCF2u4	M12849:47
HCF2u5	M12849:313
HCF2u6	M12849:651
HCF2u7	M12849:1474
HMGCRu1	M11058:1962
HMGCRu2	M11058:2725

ITGA2Bu1	M22569:194
ITGA2Bu2	J02764:2623
ITGA2Bu3	M33320:6845
ITGA2Bu4	J02764:2918
ITGA2Bu5	J02764:2904
ITGA2Bu6	J02764:120
ITGA2Bu7	J02764:2299
ITGA2Bu8	J02764:2567
ITGB3u1	J02703:526
ITGB3u2	J02703:196
ITGB3u3	J02703:902
ITGB3u4	J02703:1163
ITGB3u5	M20311:1549
ITGB3u6	M20311:1561
ITGB3u7	J02703:362
ITGB3u8	J02703:1377
LCATu1	M12625:864
LCATu2	M12625:961
LCATu3	M12625:1444
LCATu4	M12625:1167
LDLRu1	L00347:129
LDLRu10	U59436:45
LDLRu11	L00347:90
LDLRu12	L00349:107
LDLRu13	L00336:29
LDLRu14	L00351:67
LDLRu2	L00338:91
LDLRu3	L00345:46
LDLRu4	L00349:44
LDLRu5	L00344:70
LDLRu6	U59436:93
LDLRu7	L29401:691
LDLRu8	L00344:59
LDLRu9	L00343:152
LPLu1	M15856:1338
LPLu2	M15856:1453
LPLu3	M76722:3150
PROCu1	K02059:577
PROCu2	K02059:109
PROCu3	M11228:9358
PROCu4	K02059:534
PTAFRu1	D10202:794
PTAFRu2	D10202:1047
PTAFRu3	D10202:783
PTAFRu4	D10202:194
PTAFRu5	D10202:1125
TBXA2Ru1	D38081:1915
TFPIu1	J03225:1006

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LOCUS HUMPAFRE 1780 bp mRNA PRI 10-OCT-1992
 DEFINITION Human mRNA for platelet-activating factor receptor, complete cds.
 ACCESSION D10202 D90433
 NID g219975
 KEYWORDS G-protein coupled receptor; PAF receptor; platelet-activating factor receptor.
 SOURCE Human leukocytes cDNA to mRNA.
 ORGANISM Homo sapiens
 Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 1780)
 AUTHORS Nakamura,M., Honda,Z., Izumi,T., Sakanaka,C., Mutoh,H., MINAMI,M., Bito,H., Seyama,Y., Noma,M., Mtsumoto,T. and Shimizu,T.
 TITLE Molecular cloning and expression of platelet-activating factor receptor from human leukocytes
 JOURNAL J. Biol. Chem. 266 (30), 20400-20405 (1991)
 MEDLINE 92041873
 REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 1780)
 AUTHORS Shimizu,T.
 TITLE Direct Submission
 JOURNAL Submitted (28-JUN-1991) to the DDBJ/EMBL/GenBank databases. Takao Shimizu, Faculty of Medicine, University of Tokyo, Department of Biochemistry; 7-3-1 Hongo, Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo 113, Japan (Tel:03-3812-2111(ex.3448), Fax:03-3813-8732)
 COMMENT Submitted (28-Jun-1991) to DDBJ by:
 Takao Shimizu
 Department of Biochemistry
 Faculty of Medicine, University of Tokyo
 7-3-1 Hongo, Bunkyo-ku
 Tokyo 113
 Japan
 Phone: 03-3812-2111 x3448
 Fax: 03-3813-8732.
 FEATURES
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 /db_xref="taxon:9606"
 /cell_type="leukocytes"
 CDS 113..1141
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 /db_xref="PID:d1001519"
 /db_xref="PID:g219976"
 /translation="MEPHDSSHMDSEFRYTLFPPIVYSIIIFVLGVIANGYVLWVFARLY
 PCKKFNEIKIFMVNLTADMLFLITLPLWIVVYQNGNWILPKFLCNVAGCLFFINTY
 CSAVLGVITYNRFQAVTRPIKTAQANTRKRGISLSLVIWVAIVGAASYFLILDSTNT
 VPDSAGSGNVTRCFEYHEKGSVPVLIHIFIVFSFLLVFLIILFCNLVIIRTLMLQPV
 QQQRNAEVKRRALWMVCTVLAVFIICFVPHHVQLPWTLAELGFQDSKFHQAINDAHQ
 VTLCLLSTNCVLDPVIYCFLTKKFRKHLTEKFYSMRSSRKCSRATTDVTVEVVVFPNQ
 IPGNSLKN"

FIG. 3A

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

8/97

BASE COUNT	393 a	533 c	438 g	416 t		
ORIGIN						
1	ttcacgaggg	ctggggccag	gacccagaca	gagacacacg	gtcactgcag	ctgaagccgc
61	tgccccgtct	acaggcacca	ccaggaccag	ctgatcattc	cagcccacag	caatggagcc
121	acatgactcc	tcccacatgg	actctgagtt	ccgatacact	ctcttcccga	ttgtttacag
181	catcatcttt	gtgctcgggg	tcattgtctaa	tggtctacgtg	ctgtgggtct	ttgcccgcct
241	gtacccttgc	aagaaaattca	atgagataaa	gatcttcatg	gtgaacctca	ccatggcgga
301	catgctcttc	ttgatcacc	tgccactttg	gattgtctac	tacaaaaaac	agggcaactg
361	gatactcccc	aaattcctgt	gcaacgtggc	tggtctgcctt	ttcttcatca	acacctactg
421	ctctgtggcc	ttcctggggc	tcatacctta	taaccgcttc	caggcagtaa	ctcgcccat
481	caagactgct	caggccaaca	cccgaacgc	tggtctctct	ttgtccttgg	tcacttgggt
541	ggccattgtg	ggagctgcat	cctacttcct	catcctggac	tccaccaaca	cagtgccga
601	cagtgtctgc	tcaggcaacg	tcactcgctg	ctttgagcat	tacgagaagg	gcagcgtgcc
661	agtcctcatc	atccacatct	tcactgctgtt	cagcttcttc	ctggtcttcc	tcactatcct
721	cttctgcaac	ctggtcatca	tccgtacctt	gctcatgcag	ccggtgcagc	agcagcgcaa
781	cgctgaagtc	aagcgccggg	cgctgtggat	gggtgtgcacg	gtcttggcgg	tggtcatcat
841	ctgcttctgt	ccccaccacg	tggtgcagct	gccctggacc	cttgcctgagc	tgggcttcca
901	ggacagcaaa	ttccaccagg	ccattaatga	tgcacatcag	gtcacccctct	gcctccttag
961	caccaactgt	gtcttagacc	ctgttatcta	ctgtttcctc	accaagaagt	tccgcaagca
1021	cctcaccgaa	aagttctaca	gcatgcgcag	tagccggaaa	tgctcccggg	ccaccacgga
1081	tacggctact	gaagtgggtg	tgccattcaa	ccagatccct	ggcaattccc	tcaaaaatta
1141	gtccctgctt	ccaggcctga	agtcttctcc	tccatgaaac	atcatgactg	agctggggga
1201	agaagggata	tctactgtgg	gtctgggcac	cacctctgtg	gcactgggtg	gccattagat
1261	ttggaggcta	cctcacctgg	gcagggatga	tgcagagcca	ggctgttggg	aaatccagaa
1321	ctcaaagtga	ccccttcatc	cgctgtgggg	cgcatactac	agtaactgtg	actgatgact
1381	ttatcctgag	tcccttaatc	ttatggggcc	ggaagggaatg	tcaggggccag	gtgcagacct
1441	tgggggaaga	ctttaaacca	cctagtcttc	ccactggggc	atcgggtctaa	agctttgggg
1501	gagtggcccc	agtggctcac	acctgtaatc	ccagcacttt	gggaggccga	gggtgggcaga
1561	tcattgggtca	agagatcgag	acatcctggc	caacattgta	aaaccccatc	tctactaaaa
1621	catacaaaaa	ttagccgggc	atggtgcaca	cgctgtagt	cccagctact	caggaggctg
1681	aggcaggaga	atcgcttgaa	cctgggaggc	agaggttgca	gtgaacctag	attgcaccat
1741	tgactcttag	cctggcaaca	gaggcagatt	ccctcctgcc		

FIG. 3B

9/97

LOCUS HUMATIIIV 1467 bp mRNA PRI 03-SEP-1996
 DEFINITION Human mRNA for antithrombin III variant, complete cds.
 ACCESSION D29832
 NID g576553
 KEYWORDS AT-III; antithrombin III.
 SOURCE Homo sapiens (individual-isolate AT-III Kyoto) cDNA to mRNA, clone pKF16c.
 ORGANISM Homo sapiens
 Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
 Vertebrata; Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae;
 Homo.
 REFERENCE 1 (sites)
 AUTHORS Tsuji,H., Takada,O., Nakagawa,M.; Tanaka,S. and Hashimoto-Gotoh,T.
 TITLE Hereditary antithrombin III deficiency: identification of an
 arginine-406 to methionine point mutation near protease reactive
 site
 JOURNAL (in) Yoshida,T.O. and Wilson,J.M. (Eds.);
 MOLECULAR APPROACHES TO THE STUDY AND TREATMENT OF HUMAN DISEASES:
 51-55;
 Elsevier Science (1992)
 REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 1467)
 AUTHORS Hashimoto-Gotoh,T.
 JOURNAL Unpublished (1994)
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
 source 1..1467
 /organism="Homo sapiens"
 /db_xref="taxon:9606"
 CDS 22..1419
 /note="Wild type AT-III has 'g' instead of 't' at
 position 1337 nt. Also amino acid residue changes from Met to Arg
 at position 406 aa in wild type AT-III."
 /codon_start=1
 /product="antithrombin III (AT-III) variant"
 /db_xref="PID:d1006776"
 /db_xref="PID:g576554"
 /translation="MYSNVIGTVTSGKRKVYLLSLLLLIGFWDCVTCHGSPVDICTAKP
 RDIPMNPICIRYSPPEKKATEDEGSEQIPEATNNRRVWELSKANSRFATTFYQHLADS
 KNDNDNIFLSPLSISTAFAMTKLGACNDTLQQLMEVFKFDTISEKTSQIHFFFAKLN
 CRLYRKANKSSKLVSANRLFGDKSLTFNETYQDISLVYGAQLQPLDFKENAEQSRAA
 INKWVSNKTEGRITDVIPSEAINELTVLVLVNTIYFKGLWKSFKSPENTRKELFYKAD
 GESCSASMMYQEGKFRYRRVAEGTQVLELPFKGDDITMVLILPKPEKSLAKVEKELTP
 EVLQEWLDELEEMMLVVHMPRFRIEDGFSLKEQLQDMGLVDLFSPEKSKLPGIVAEGR
 DDLYVSDAFHKAFLEVNEEGSEAAASTAVVIAGRSLNPNRVTFKANMPFLVFIREVPL
 NTIIFMGRVANPCVK"

FIG. 4A

10/97

BASE COUNT	381 a	375 c	364 g	347 t		
ORIGIN						
1	gaattcgagc	tcgccccggc	catgtattcc	aatgtgatag	gaactgtaac	ctctggaaaa
61	aggaagggtt	atctcttgtc	cttgctgctc	attgggttct	gggactgcgt	gacctgtcac
121	gggagccctg	tggacatctg	cacagccaag	ccgcgggaca	ttcccatgaa	ttcccatgtc
181	atttaccgct	ccccggagaa	gaaggcaact	gaggatgagg	gctcagaaca	gaagatcccc
241	gagggcacca	acaaccggcg	tgtctgggaa	ctgtccaagg	ccaattcccc	ctttgtctac
301	actttctatc	agcacctggc	agattccaag	aatgacaatg	ataacatttt	cctgtcacc
361	ctgagtatct	ctacggcttt	tgctatgacc	aagctgggtg	cctgtaatga	cacctccag
421	caactgatgg	aggtatttaa	gtttgacacc	atatctgaga	aaacatctga	tcagatccac
481	ttcttctttg	ccaaactgaa	ctgccgactc	tatcgaaaag	ccaacaaatc	ctccaagtta
541	gtatcagcca	atcgcttttt	tggagacaaa	tcccttacct	tcaatgagac	ctaccaggac
601	atcagtga	tggtatatgg	agccaagctc	cagcccctgg	acttcaagga	aaatgcagag
661	caatccagag	cggccatcaa	caaattgggtg	tccaataaga	ccgaaggccg	aatcaccgat
721	gtcattccct	cggaaagccat	caatgagctc	actgttctgg	tgctgggtta	caccatttac
781	ttcaagggcc	tgtggaagtc	aaagtccagc	cctgagaaca	caagggaagga	actgttctac
841	aaggctgatg	gagagtcgtg	ttcagcatct	atgatgtacc	aggaaggcaa	gttccgttat
901	cggcgctgg	ctgaaggcac	ccagggtgct	gagttgccct	tcaaagggtga	tgacatcacc
961	atggctcctca	tcttgcccaa	gcctgagaag	agcctggcca	agggtggagaa	ggaactcacc
1021	ccagaggtgc	tgcaaggagt	gctggatgaa	ttggaggaga	tgatgctggt	ggtccacatg
1081	ccccgcttcc	gcattgagga	cggcttcagt	ttgaaggagc	agctgcaaga	catgggcctt
1141	gtcgatctgt	tcagccctga	aaagtccaaa	ctcccaggta	ttgttgca	aggccgagat
1201	gacctctatg	tctcagatgc	attccataag	gcatttcttg	aggtaaatga	agaaggcagt
1261	gaagcagctg	caagtaccgc	tggtgtgatt	gctggccggt	cgctaaaccc	caacagggtg
1321	actttcaagg	ccaacatgcc	tttctgggtt	tttataagag	aagttcctct	gaacactatt
1381	atcttcatgg	gcagggtagc	caacccttgt	gttaagtaaa	atgttctcta	gaggatcccc
1441	catcgatggg	gtaccgagct	cgaattc			

FIG. 4B

11/97

LOCUS HUMHTAR 2932 bp mRNA PRI 03-APR-1996
 DEFINITION Human mRNA for thromboxane A2 receptor, complete cds.
 ACCESSION D38081
 NID g533325
 KEYWORDS thromboxane A2 receptor.
 SOURCE Homo sapiens placenta cDNA to mRNA, clone HPL.
 ORGANISM Homo sapiens
 Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
 Vertebrata; Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae;
 Homo.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 2932)
 AUTHORS Hirata,M., Hayashi,Y., Ushikubi,F., Yokota,Y., Kageyama,R.,
 Nakanishi,S. and Narumiya,S.
 TITLE Cloning and expression of cDNA for a human thromboxane A2 receptor
 JOURNAL Nature 349 (6310), 617-620 (1991)
 MEDLINE 91156030
 REFERENCE 2 (sites)
 AUTHORS Nusing,R.M., Hirata,M., Kakizuka,A., Eki,T., Ozawa,K. and
 Narumiya,S.
 TITLE Characterization and chromosomal mapping of the human thromboxane
 A2 receptor gene
 JOURNAL J. Biol. Chem. 268 (33), 25253-25259 (1993)
 MEDLINE 94043399
 REFERENCE 3 (bases 1 to 2932)
 AUTHORS Hirata,M.
 TITLE Direct Submission
 JOURNAL Submitted (26-AUG-1994) to the DDBJ/EMBL/GenBank databases.
 Masakazu Hirata, Kyoto University Faculty of Medicine, Department
 of Pharmacology; Yoshida, Sakyo-ku, Kyoto, Kyoto 606, Japan
 (Tel:81-75-753-4392, Fax:81-75-753-4693)
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
 source 1..2932
 /organism="Homo sapiens"
 /db_xref="taxon:9606"
 /tissue_type="placenta"
 misc_feature 1..705
 /note="This part of the cDNA clone may not belong to the
 thromboxane A2 receptor gene. Please refer to Nusing,
 R.M. et al.(reference2)"
 CDS 992..2023
 /codon_start=1
 /evidence=experimental
 /product="Human thromboxane A2 receptor"
 /db_xref="PID:d1007852"
 /db_xref="PID:g533326"
 /translation="MWPNGSSLGPCFRPTNITLEERRLIASPFWAASFCVVGLASNLL
 ALSVLAGARQGGSHTRSSFLTFLCGLVLTDFLGLLVGTIVVSQHAALFEWHAVDPGC
 RLRCFMGVVMIFFGLSPLLLGAAMASERYLGITRPF SRPAVASQRRRAWTVGLVWAAA
 LALGLLPLLGVGRYTVQYPGSWCFLTLGAESGDVAFGLLFSMLGGLSVGLSFLINTVS
 VATLCHVYHGQEAQQRPRDSEVEMMAQLLGIMVVASVCWLPLLVFIAQTVLRNPPAM
 SPAGQLSRTTEKELLIYLRVATWNQILD PWVYILFRAVLRLQLPRLSTRPRSLSLQP
 QLTQRSLQ"

FIG. 5A

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repeat_unit 2221..2338
 repeat_unit 2515..2636
 polyA_signal 2908..2913
 polyA_site 2932
 /evidence=experimental

BASE COUNT 521 a 940 c 777 g 694 t
 ORIGIN

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1 gtaatgcaga gataataaaa cttcttaggt ccatagggtt tataataatt taataaccta
61 aacatggtat acaaattcct ccaaacccaa taacataatt atagtttcaa aaagtctccc
121 aaactttcaa gttagatttt attgctttga tgagtggctt taaatatgaa aagtcttgcc
181 tgtgaagggc aatccttttc ccgtggactg ggatctatag aaatacagaa atgtgcccag
241 ggggtcatct ccctaataac catcattcac atttctcaac ctccctaata accagccacc
301 atgtgagaag gatccacagt tactgtttat gactataatt aactagtacc tgggactggg
361 cagtggagtt ggttgcaacc tgatgctaag gatgtcaaag ttgtctcgcc ctctgttccc
421 agccagtaag taattccctg gcctcgggcc ataccacctc atcttggtca gctgattatg
481 acaggcagac agcacagtaa ataacactat atattaagaa aacccaaagc atatgtatca
541 atggtatata cccaacagca tcctaggaat ggagagtcct tagcaagggc ctccaatgtg
601 aaggtcaaca cagtcactgt gatgcgtgta ttccattttt gtaaagcatg atctctggtg
661 gtcatTTTTA tcttcctaac ttattggaaa agtctcctgt ttggggggcc cgccctggtg
721 cacagccaga ctgactcagt ttccctggga ggtcccgctc gagcccgctc tccccctccc
781 tctgccccgc cccagccctc gccccaccct cggcgcccgcc acatctgcct gctcagctcc
841 agacggcgcc cggacccccg ggcgggggat ccagccaggt gggagccccg catatgaggt
901 ctctgaaggt gtgcctgaac cagtgccagc ctgccctgtc tgcagcatcg gctgatggg
961 gtgggtgactg atccctcagg gctccggagc catgtggccc aacggcagtt ccctggggcc
1021 ctgtttccgg cccacaaaca ttaccctgga ggagagacgg ctgatcgccct cgccctggtt
1081 cgccgcctcc ttctgctggg tgggcctggc ctccaacctg ctggccctga gctgctggc
1141 gggcgcgccg cagggggggt cgcacacgct ctctctctc ctacacctcc tctcgccct
1201 cgctctcacc gacttcctgg ggctgctggg gaccgggtacc atcgtggtgt cccagcacgc
1261 cgcgctcttc gagtggcagc ccgtggaccc tggctgccgt ctctgtcgct tcatgggcgt
1321 cgtcatgac ttcttcggcc tgtcccgct gctgctgggg gccgccatgg cctcagagcg
1381 ctacctgggt atcaccgggc ccttctcgcg cccggcggtc gcctcgagc gcccgccctg
1441 ggccaccgtg gggctggtgt gggcgggcgc gctggcgctg ggctgctgc ccctgctggg
1501 cgtgggtcgc tacaccgtgc aatacccggg gtccctggtgc ttcttgacgc tgggcgcccga
1561 gtccggggac gtggccttcg ggctgctctt ctccatgctg ggcggcctct cggctgggct
1621 gtcttctctg ctgaacacgg tcagcgtggc caccctgtgc cagctctacc acgggcagga
1681 gggcgccacg cagcgtcccc gggactccga ggtggagatg atggctcagc tcctggggat
1741 catggtggtg gccagcgtgt gttggctgcc ccttctggtc ttcatgccc agacagtgt
1801 gcgaaacccg cctgccatga gccccggcg gcagctgtcc cgcaccacgg agaaggagct
1861 gctcatctac ttgctgctgg ccacctggaa ccagatcctg gacccctggg tgtatatcct
1921 gttccgcccgc gccgtgctcc ggctgtctca gcctcgccct agcaccgggc ccaggtcgct
1981 gtccctccag ccccagctca cgcagcgtc cgggctgcag taggaagtgg acagagcgcc
2041 cctcccgccgc ctttccggcg agcccttggc ccctcggaaca gccatctgct ctgttctgag
2101 gattcagggg ctgggggtgc tggatggaca gtgggcatca gcagcagggt tttgggttga
2161 ccccaatcca acccggggac ccccaactcc tccctgatcc ttttaccagg cactctccct
2221 tcctcgcccc ctttttccca tccagagctc ccacccttc tctgctgccc tcccaacccc
2281 aggaagggca tgcagacatt ggaagagggt cttgcattgc tatttttttt tttagacgga
2341 gtcttgctct gtccccagg ctggagtga gtggcgcaat ctgagctcac tgcaacctcc
2401 acctccgggg ttcaagcgat tctcctgcct cagcctcctg agtagctggg actataggcg
2461 cgcgccacca cgcgggcta atttttgat ttttagtaga gacgggggtt caccgtgttg
2521 gccaggctgg tcttgaactc ctgacctcag gtgattcacc agcctcagcc tcccaaagt
2581 ctgggatcac aggcattgaac caccacacct ggccattttt ttttttttt tagacggagt
2641 ctcaactctg ggccagcct ggagtacagt ggcacgatct cggtcactg caacctccgc
2701 ctcccggtt caagcgattc tctgctcctc gcctcccgag cagctgggat tacaggcgta
2761 agccactgcy cccggccttg catgctcttt gacctgaat ttgacctact tgctggggta
2821 cagttgcttc cttttgaacc tccaacaggg aaggctctgt ccagaaagga ttgaatgtga
2881 aacgggggca ccccttttc ttgcaaaaat atatctctgc ctttgggttt at

```

FIG. 5B

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LOCUS HUMGP3A 3170 bp mRNA PRI 08-NOV-1994
 DEFINITION Human endothelial membrane glycoprotein IIIa (GPIIIa) mRNA, complete cds.
 ACCESSION J02703
 NID g183452
 KEYWORDS glycoprotein; glycoprotein IIIa.
 SOURCE Human umbilical vein endothelial cell, cDNA to mRNA.
 ORGANISM Homo sapiens
 Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 3170)
 AUTHORS Fitzgerald, L.A., Steiner, B., Rall, S.C. Jr., Lo, S.S. and Phillips, D.R.
 TITLE Protein sequence of endothelial glycoprotein IIIa derived from a cDNA clone. Identity with platelet glycoprotein IIIa and similarity to 'integrin'
 JOURNAL J. Biol. Chem. 262 (9), 3936-3939 (1987)
 MEDLINE 87165991
 COMMENT Draft entry and computer-readable sequence for [1] kindly provided by L.A. Fitzgerald, 10-FEB-1987.
 The endothelial membrane glycoprotein IIIa is probably identical to the platelet glycoprotein IIIa.
 FEATURES
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 /organism="Homo sapiens"
 /db_xref="taxon:9606"
 /map="17q21.32"
 sig_peptide 21..98
 /gene="ITGB3"
 /note="glycoprotein IIIa signal peptide (putative); putative"
 CDS 21..2387
 /gene="ITGB3"
 /note="glycoprotein IIIa precursor"
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 /db_xref="GDB:G00-120-013"
 /db_xref="PID:g306786"
 /translation="MRARPRPRPLWVTVLALGALAGVGVGPNICTTRGVSSCQQLA
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 SSQVTQVSPQRIALRLRPDDSKNFSIQVRQVEDYPVDIYYLMDLSYSMKDDLWSIQNL
 GTKLATQMRKLTSLNLRIGFGAFVDKPVSPYMYISPPEALENPCYDMKTTCLPMFGYKH
 VLTLTDQVTRFNEEVKKQSVSRNRDAPEGGFDAIMQATVCDEKIGWRNDASHLLVFTT
 DAKTHIALDGRLAGIVQPNQGCHVGSNDNHYSASTTMDYPSLGLMTEKLSQKNINLIF
 AVTENVVNLQYNSSELIPGTTVGVLSDSSNVLQLIVDAYGKIRSKVELEVRLPEEL
 SLSFNATCLNNEVIPGLKSCMGLKIGDTVFSIEAKVRGCPQEKEKSFTIKPVGFKDS
 LIVQVTFDCDCACQAQAEPNSHRCNNGNGTFECGVCRCGPGWLGSQCECSEEDYRPSQ
 QDECSREGQPVCSQRGECLCGQCCHSSDFGKITGKYCEDDFSCVRYKGEMCSGHH
 QCSCGDCLCSDWTGYCNCCTTRTDTCMSSNGLLCSGRGKCEGSCVCIQPGSYGDTG"

FIG. 6A

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

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EKCPTCPDACTFKKECVECKKFDREPYMTENTCNRYCRDEIESVKELKDTGKDAVNCT

YKNEDDCVVRFYQYEDSSGKSILYVVEEPEC PKGPDILVLLSVMGAILLIGLAALLI

WKLLITIHDRKEFAKFEERARAKWDTANNPLYKEATSTFTNITYRGT"

gene 21..2387

/gene="ITGB3"

mat_peptide 99..2384

/gene="ITGB3"

/note="glycoprotein IIIa"

BASE COUNT 705 a 809 c 909 g 747 t

ORIGIN 132 bp upstream of SacI site.

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121  gaggtgtgag ctctgcccag cagtgcctgg ctgtgagccc catgtgtgcc tgggtgctctg
181  atgaggccct gcctctgggc tcacctcgct gtgacctgaa ggagaatctg ctgaaggata
241  actgtgcccc agaatccatc gagttcccag tgagtgaggg ccgagtacta gaggacaggg
301  cccctacgca caagggtctt ggagacagct cccaggtcac tcaagtcagt cccagagga
361  ttgcaactcg gctccggcca gatgattcga agaatttctc catccaagtg cggcaggtgg
421  aggattaccg tgtggacatc tactacttga tggacctgtc ttactccatg aaggatgac
481  tgtggagcat ccagaacctg ggtaccaagc tggccaccca gatgcgaaag ctcaccagta
541  acctgcggat tggcttcggg gcatttgtgg acaagcctgt gtcaccatac atgtatatct
601  ccccaccaga ggccctcgaa aaccctgct atgatatgaa gaccacctgc attgtccagc
661  ttggctacaa acacgtgctg acgctaactg accaggtgac ccgcttcaat gaggaagtga
721  agaagcagag tgtgtcacgg aaccgagatg cccagagggg tggctttgat gccatcatgc
781  aggtacagt ctgtgatgaa aagattggct ggaggaatga tgcacccac ttgctggtgt
841  ttaccactga tgccaagact catatagcat tggacggaag gctggcaggc attgtccagc
901  ctaatgacgg gcagtgatc gttggtagt acaatcatta ctctgcctcc actaccatgg
961  attatccctc tttggggctg atgactgaga agctatccca gaaaaacatc aatttgatct
1021  ttgcagtga tgaaaaatga gtcaatctct atcagaacta tagtgagctc atcccaggga
1081  ccacagttgg ggttctgtcc atggattcca gcaatgtcct ccagctcatt gttgatgctt
1141  atgggaaaaa ccgttctaaa gtcgagctgg aagtgcgtga cctccctgaa gagttgtctc
1201  tatccttcaa tgccacctgc ctcaacaatg aggtcatccc tggcctcaag tcttgtatgg
1261  gactcaagat tggagacacg gtgagcttca gcattgaggg caaggtgcga ggctgtcccc
1321  aggagaagga gaagtccttt accataaagc ccgtgggctt caaggacagc ctgatcgctc
1381  aggtcacctt tgattgtgac tgtgcctgcc aggcccaagc tgaacctaat agccatcgct
1441  gcaacaatgg caatgggacc tttgagtgtg gggatgcccg tttggggctt ggctggctgg
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1621  gccacagcag tgactttggc aagatcacgg gcaagtactg cgagtgtgac gacttctcct
1681  gtgtccgcta caagggggag atgtgtctag gccatggcca gtgcagctgt ggggactgcc
1741  tgtgtgactc cgactggacc ggctactact gcaactgtac cagcgtactg gacactgtca
1801  tgtccagcaa tgggctgctg tgcagcggcc ggggcaagtg tgaatgtggc agctgtgtct
1861  gtatccagcc gggctcctat ggggacacct gtgagaagtg cccacactgc ccagatgcct
1921  gcacctttaa gaaagaatgt gtggagtga agaagtttga ccgggagccc tacatgaccg
1981  aaaatacctg caaccgttac tgccgtgacg agattgagtc agtgaaagag cttaaaggaca
2041  ctggcaagga tgcaagtgaat tgtacctata agaatgagga tgactgtgtc gtcagattcc
2101  agtactatga agattctagt ggaaagtcca tcctgtatgt ggtagaagag ccagagtgtc
2161  ccaagggccc tgacatcctg gtggtcctgc tctcagtgt gggggccatt ctgtcattg
2221  gccttgccgc cctgtctatc tggaaactcc tcataccat ccacgaccga aaagaattcg
2281  ctaaatattg ggaagaacgc gccagagcaa aatgggacac agccaacaac ccactgtata
2341  aagaggccac gtctaccttc accaatatca cgtaccgggg cacttaatga taagcagtea
2401  tcctcagatc attatcagcc tgtgccagga ttgcaggagt cctgcccac atgtttacag
2461  aggacagtat ttgtggggag ggatttcggg gctcagagtg gggtaggttg ggagaatgtc
2521  agtatgtgga agtgtgggtc tgtgtgtgtg tatgtggggg tctgtgtgtt tatgtgtgtg
2581  tgtgtgtgtg gggagtgtgt aattttaaatt tgtgtgtgt cctgataagc tgagctcctt
2641  agcctttgtc ccagaatgcc tcctgcaggg attcttctct cttagcttga gggtagctat
2701  ggagctgagc aggtgttctt cattacctca gtgagaagcc agctttctct atcaggccat
2761  tgtccctgaa gagaagggca gggctgaggg ctctcattcc agaggaaggg acaccaagcc
2821  ttggctctac cctgagttca taaatttatg gttctcaggg ctgactctca gcagctatgg
2881  taggaactgc tggcttggca gcccggttca tctgtacctc tgctcctctt cccctccctc
2941  aggccgaagg aggagtcagg gagagctgaa ctattagagc tgcctgtgccc ttttgccatc
3001  cccctcaacc agctatggtt ctctcgcaag ggaagtcctt gcaagctaatt tctttgacct
3061  gttgggagtg aggatgtctg ggccactcag gggctattca tggcctgggg gatgtaccag
3121  catctcccag ttcataatca caacccttca gattgcctt attggcagcg

```

FIG. 6B

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LOCUS HUMPLG2B 3303 bp mRNA PRI 07-JAN-1995
 DEFINITION Human platelet membrane glycoprotein IIb (ITGA2B) mRNA, complete cds.
 ACCESSION J02764
 NID g190067
 KEYWORDS membrane adhesive protein; platelet membrane glycoprotein; platelet receptor.
 SOURCE Human HEL cell, cDNA to mRNA.
 ORGANISM Homo sapiens
 Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 3303)
 AUTHORS Poncz,M., Eisman,R., Heidenreich,R., Silver,S.M., Vilaire,G., Surrey,S., Schwartz,E. and Bennett,J.S.
 TITLE Structure of the platelet membrane glycoprotein IIb. Homology to the alpha subunits of the vitronectin and fibronectin membrane receptors
 JOURNAL J. Biol. Chem. 262 (18), 8476-8482 (1987)
 MEDLINE 87250457
 COMMENT Draft entry and computer-readable sequence [1] kindly provided by M.Poncz, 15-APR-1987.
 FEATURES
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 /organism="Homo sapiens"
 /db_xref="taxon:9606"
 /map="17q21.32"
 mRNA <1..3303
 /gene="ITGA2B"
 /note="G00-120-012"
 gene 1..3303
 /gene="ITGA2B"
 sig_peptide 2..94
 /gene="ITGA2B"
 /note="G00-120-012"
 CDS 2..3121
 /gene="ITGA2B"
 /codon_start=1
 /db_xref="GDB:G00-120-012"
 /product="platelet membrane glycoprotein IIb"
 /db_xref="PID:g190068"
 /translation="MARALCPLQALWLEWVLLLLGPCAAPPAAWALNLDPVQLTFYAG
 PNGSQFGFSLDFHKDSHGRVAIVVGAPRTLGPSQEETGGVFLCPWRAEGGQCPSLLFD
 LRDETRNVGSQTLQTFKARQGLGASVVSWSDVIVACAPWQHWNVLEKTEEAECTPVGS
 CFLAQPEGSRRAEYSPCRGNTLSRIYVENDFSWDKRYCEAGFSSVVTQAGELVLGAPG
 GYYFLGLLAQAPVADIFSSYRPGILLWHVSSQSLSFDSSNPEYFDGYWGYSVAVGEFD
 GDLNTTEYVVGAPTWSWTLGAVEILDSYYQRLHRLRAEQMASYFGHSVAVTDVNGDGR
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 PLGLDLDRDGYNDIAVAAPYGGPSGRGQVLVFLGQSEGLRSRPSQVLDSPFPTGSAFGF
 SLRGAVIDDNGYPDLIVGAYGANQVAVYRAQPVVKASVQLLVQDSLNPVAVKSCVLPQ
 TKTPVSCFNIQMCVGATGHNI PQKLSLNAELQLDRQKPRQGRRVLLLSQQAGTTTLNL
 DLGGKHSPICHTTMAFLRDEADFRDKLSPIVLSLNVSLPPTGMAPAVVLHGDTHVQ

FIG. 7A

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EQTRIVLDSGEDDVCPQLQLTASVTGSPLLVGADNVLELQMDAANE GEGAYEAE LAV
 HLPQGAHYMRALS NVEGFERLICNQKKENETRVVLC ELGNPMKNAQIGIAMLVSVGN
 LEEAGESVSFQLQIRSKNSQNPNSKIVLLDPVRAEAQVELRGNSFPASLVVAAEEGE
 REQNSLDSWGPKEVHTYELHNNGPGTVNGLHLSIHLPGQSQPSDLLYILDIQPQGG LQ
 CFPQPPVNPLKVDWGLPIPSPSPIHPAHHKRRRQIFLPEPEQPSRLQDPVLVSCDSA
 PCTVVQCDLQEMARGQRAMVTVLAFLWLPSLYQRPLDQFVLQSHAWFNVSSLPYAVPP
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 /gene="ITGA2B"
 /note="G00-120-012"
 /product="platelet membrane glycoprotein IIb"

BASE COUNT	618 a	997 c	1026 g	662 t		
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61	cttgggacct	tgtgtgcccc	ctccagcctg	ggccttgaac	ctggacccag	tgcaagctac
121	cttctatgca	ggccccaatg	gcagccagtt	tggattttca	ctggacttcc	acaaggacag
181	ccatgggaga	gtggccatcg	tgggtggcgc	cccgcggacc	ctgggccccca	gccaggagga
241	gacggggcgc	gtgttcctgt	gcccctggag	ggccgagggc	ggccagtgcc	cctcgctgct
301	ctttgacctc	cgtgatgaga	cccgaaatgt	aggctcccaa	actttacaaa	ccttcaaggc
361	ccgccaagga	ctgggggcgt	cggtcgtcag	ctggagcgac	gtcattgtgg	cctgcgcccc
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481	ctgctttttg	gctcagccag	agagcggccg	ccgcgcccag	tactccccct	gtcgcgggaa
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601	gggcttcagc	tccgtggtca	ctcaggcccg	agagctgggtg	cttggggctc	ctggcggtca
661	ttattttctta	ggtctcctgg	cccaggctcc	agttgcggat	attttctcga	gttaccgccc
721	aggcatcctt	ttgtggcagc	tgtctctcca	gagcctctcc	tttgactcca	gcaaccagga
781	gtacttcgac	ggctactggg	gggtactcgg	ggccgtgggc	gagttcgacg	gggatctcaa
841	cactacagaa	tatgtcgtcg	gtgccccac	ttggagctgg	accctgggag	cggtggaaat
901	tttggattcc	tactaccaga	ggctgcatcg	gctgcgcgca	gagcagatgg	cgctgtatct
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1021	cgctccactg	tatatggaga	gccgggcaga	ccgaaaactg	gccgaagtgg	ggcgtgtgta
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1201	tgggtacaa	gacattgcag	tggtctgccc	ctacgggggt	cccagtgccc	ggggccaagt
1261	gctggtgttc	ctgggtcaga	gtgaggggct	gaggtcacgt	ccctcccagc	tcctggagag
1321	ccccctcccc	acaggctctg	cctttggctt	ctcccttcga	ggtgcccgtg	acatcgatga
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1561	gtgtgttggg	gccactgggc	acaacattcc	tcagaagcta	tcctctaaatg	ccgagctgca
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2101	tgagagactc	atctgtaatc	agaagaagga	gaatgagacc	aggggtgtgc	tggtgtgagc
2161	gggcaacccc	atgaagaaga	acgcccagat	aggaatcgcg	atgttggtga	gcgtggggaa
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2281	gaatccaaac	agcaagattg	tgctgtctga	cggtgccggtc	cgggcagagg	cccaagtggg
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2461	tgccctgggg	actgtgaatg	gtcttcacct	cagcatccac	cttcggggac	agtcacagcc
2521	ctccgacctg	ctctacatcg	tggatataca	gccccagggg	ggccttcagt	gcttcccaca
2581	gcctcctgtc	aaccctctca	agggtggactg	ggggctgccc	atccccagcc	cctcccccat
2641	tcacccggcc	catcacaagc	gggatcgacg	acagatcttc	ctgccagagc	ccgagcagcc

FIG. 7B

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

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2701 ctcgaggctt caggatccag ttctcgtaag ctgcgactcg gcgccctgta ctgtggtgca
2761 gtgtgacctg caggagatgg cgcgcgggca gcgggccatg gtcacggtgc tggccttcct
2821 gtggctgccc agcctctacc agaggcctct ggatcagttt gtgctgcagt cgcacgcatg
2881 gttcaacgtg tcctccctcc cctatgcggt gccccgctc agcctgcccc gaggggaagc
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3001 gctggtgggt gtgctgggtg gcctgctgct gctcaccatc ctggtcctgg ccatgtggaa
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3121 atggtgcagc ctacactatt ctacgaggag ggttgggcgt gctacctgca ccgcccttc
3181 tccaacaagt tgctccaag ctttgggttg gagctgttcc attgggtcct cttggtgtcg
3241 tttccctccc aacagagctg ggctaccccc cctcctgctg cctaataaag agactgagcc
3301 ctg

FIG. 7C

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

18/97

LOCUS HUMTFPB 13865 bp DNA PRI 14-JAN-1995
 DEFINITION Human tissue factor gene, complete cds.
 ACCESSION J02846
 NID g339505
 KEYWORDS Alu repeat; cell surface integral membrane protein; cell surface receptor; tissue factor.
 SOURCE Human DNA, clones lambda-TF[559,679,753,885,1377].
 ORGANISM Homo sapiens
 Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 13865)
 AUTHORS Mackman,N., Morrissey,J.H., Fowler,B. and Edgington,T.S.
 TITLE Complete sequence of the human tissue factor gene, a highly regulated cellular receptor that initiates the coagulation protease cascade
 JOURNAL Biochemistry 28 (4), 1755-1762 (1989)
 MEDLINE 89247359
 COMMENT Draft entry and computer-readable sequence for [1] kindly provided by J.H.Morrissey, 25-OCT-1988.
 FEATURES
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 /organism="Homo sapiens"
 /db_xref="taxon:9606"
 /map="1p22-p21"
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 CDS join(922..1021,2190..2301,6392..6591,9289..9467,10075..10234,11955..12091)
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 /note="tissue factor"
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 DERTLVRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTYWKSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYC
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 /number=1
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 /note="TF intron A"
 exon 2190..2301
 /gene="F3"
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 /note="Alu repeat partial copy A"
 exon 6392..6591
 /gene="F3"
 /number=3

FIG. 8A

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intron 6592..9288
/note="TF intron C"
repeat_region 8391..8677
/note="Alu repeat copy B"
exon 9289..9467
/gene="F3"
/number=4
intron 9468..10074
/note="TF intron D"
exon 10075..10234
/gene="F3"
/number=5
intron 10235..11954
/note="TF intron E"
repeat_region 10954..11249
/note="Alu repeat copy C"
exon 11955..>12091
/gene="F3"
/note="tissue factor"
/number=6
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/note="Alu repeat copy D"

BASE COUNT 3711 a 2955 c 3240 g 3959 t
ORIGIN 1 bp upstream of EcoRI site; chromosome 1.

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121 ccgtgggtga caccggcatt cccaccgcct ttctcctgtg cgaccgccta agggccccgc
181 gaggtgggca ggccaagtat tcttgacctt cgtggggtag aagaagccac cgtggctggg
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1681 acgtccccgt gggctctctg ggaagtttca gtgtagcgac atttcagata aaagtggaaa
1741 aagtgaagtt tggctttttt catttgtagt cagtctaac tcttgtcaca cgtgtgggat
1801 ttatcttttt ccataactta ctgaaaaccc ttctggcggt gctgaacctg actcttctctg
1861 agctagtgcc tggactggca cactgatggc ctggggtctt tcccgtcaa gttatacaa
1921 ggctttgccc atgaataatt tcaaacgaaa atgtcaagat ccttgccggt gtcctgggat
1981 tacaaggtga atcttgatcat gaagaaattc taggtctaga aaaaatttga agattctttt
2041 tctcttgata attcactaat gaagcttttg tggttgaaaa ataaaaagtg aggtttatgg
2101 tgatgtcagg tgggaagggt ttttatacat caatacattc gagtgtctg aagtgcattg
2161 aataatagct gtttctctgt tgtttaaagg cactacaaat actgtggcag catataattt
2221 aacttggaaa tcaactaatt tcaagacaat tttggagtgg gaacccaac ccgtcaatca
2281 agtctacact gttcaaataa ggtaagctgg gtacagaaaa agaaaattaa ggtcttttatg
2341 gtttctactg tcctatgctg aacaagaatg tctttaaagc tgattactgg atgaaattat
2401 ttaacagatg acgaagaaga agggattctt ggcaattcgc tggccggtgt catactctat

```

FIG. 8B

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2461 taggcctgca acatttccag accttaaact gatagaacat ttaattgttt ttaattgttt
2521 ttggaaatga tgggagagtt cctaagtggg gtataaactg tggagagatg aaccatcttg
2581 agtaggcact gaagtgtgct ttgggtcatg atagattaat taatctcatc taaacattga
2641 tgtctttttc cgttgctgtc tagactgtga acaatgtcta acaccttagg gaagaggtgg
2701 ggaggaatcc caatgtatac attgccctta agcagtgttt gattcattca tctttggact
2761 ccatgaatcg aaatctggta gaatacatga tcttagtgga ggaggccaaa tgcgtgactc
2821 actgagcctg gcagagcaga aataactctgc tgtctgcacc ctctgggtct ggtgtggctc
2881 tgcttcttgg tgcttcaact ctgactggca gctgtcccca ggaggcgata attcagcatg
2941 ttcaatctaa aggttatgac ttccctgatg gttttcacca tattcttggc aagtttttgg
3001 tttttgaaat gttctaggag gcttggtaga gatcttatga aatagagaat agctgctgtg
3061 gaaatttatt taatgctaatac tacataaaaag tacaaaagta gcactagcta aaacaaaagg
3121 ttttttggctg ttctgttttg ttttagcttg tgccaggcct ttacagcatg taggaatgca
3181 acttctagat aacgatgcat cttttaagtg aatgttcttg tttttcaaaa tgaacttcat
3241 gacagtagtt gccaaaccag caaggagaac ttgcatgcat acgtgcatgc atgtgtggat
3301 atgtatgggg gtggggggag agaagatga aggaatttca taacatgaaa taatgattac
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3481 tttgggagga atgcttacct cctaaatata ttcaatctaa tatttgagga cacatgggaa
3541 tatatttatg attcatctgc tttttaaaca taagcctttg ttaactgtaa gttctgaac
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3841 tttacagttg aggaaactgt tgctctgaga agtgagggat ttattcatga ctacactgat
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3961 ctccaggtggc tctgccacag tctgatggga ggctccaaag cgggaggaag aaggaaagtc
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6241 agcaaaagtc tcagcacagt gactgcatca ttaggattga ttgtagggtt cctgatgtta
6301 gcacagaaca ccacagccag gaagcagctc atcttgttgg gtgcaaatg ttaacattcca

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FIG. 8C

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6361 tttatgtttc ttccttcttt tctttcttta gcactaagtc aggagattgg aaaagcaaat
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6481 agacgtactt ggcacgggtc ttctctacc cggcaggga tgtggagagc accggttctg
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6601 ttgggctgta ataccgttca ttctgttag aaacgtctga acattctcgt gatcttgtgc
6661 ctttaggggc tacaaaatta aaaatattta ttcttttttt ctcaaaaaact ggtatgtatc
6721 acagccctct tcacacattc cagatgtggg aggaggttca cagaatgtga acttttggag
6781 ctgatgacag tgtcatcaag taactttctc cccagctctg tccccagacc ctgttactgt
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6961 tttctgtccc gttatcacac taataatccc agttgaggat tttcccaaa cggcataaaa
7021 tcaatgagga aagtccatgg ttccctctg agcccataat tagcctaatt atgctgacct
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7201 ctgtaagctg gccctaggag ccagtaaaag aatgaagaga attcctgtca agtaggagat
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9121 tgtcttagga ttcagctcca ggcggccagc cctgttctct tcagggagct ggttctatgc
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10141 agtgttcaag cagtgtatcc gccaggagaa aggggaattc agaggtgagt ggctctgcca gccatttggc

FIG. 8D

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10261 tgggggtatg ggtgctgtgg gtgacttctg gaggagtagc tccaccctca gggctgggat
10321 atacttcctt ggttaaatac tcaggaaaac aaactgcctg gaggtttttt gttgttattt
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13801 tagggagaga
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FIG. 8E

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LOCUS HUMCETP7 894 bp DNA PRI 01-NOV-1994
DEFINITION Human cholesteryl ester transfer protein (CETP) gene, exons 15 and 16.
ACCESSION M32998 J02898
NID gl80267
KEYWORDS cholesteryl ester transfer protein.
SEGMENT 7 of 7
SOURCE Human DNA.
ORGANISM Homo sapiens
Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 894)
AUTHORS Agellon,L.B., Quinet,E.M., Gillette,T.G., Drayna,D.T., Brown,M.L. and Tall,A.R.
JOURNAL Unpublished (1990)
REFERENCE 2 (sites)
AUTHORS Agellon,L.B., Quinet,E.M., Gillette,T.G., Drayna,D.T., Brown,M.L. and Tall,A.R.
TITLE Organization of the human cholesteryl ester transfer protein gene
JOURNAL Biochemistry 29 (6), 1372-1376 (1990)
MEDLINE 90241928
COMMENT [2] sites for [1]; intron/exon boundaries.
Draft entry and computer-readable sequence for [2] kindly submitted by L.B.Agellon, 16-MAR-1990.
FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
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/db_xref="taxon:9606"
gene join(M32992:388..1656,M32993:1..3446,M32994:1..628,M32995:1..399,M32996:1..409,M32997:1..1420,1..342)
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CDS join(M32992:388..505,M32992:1408..1522,M32993:432..566,M32993:654..724,M32993:954..1041,M32993:2068..2137,M32993:2355..2415,M32993:3023..3114,M32994:166..345,M32995:238..288,M32996:128..292,M32997:375..442,M32997:770..803,M32997:1285..1357,257..342,523..597)
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FIG. 9A

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

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intron           <1..256
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                  /note="cholesteryl ester transferase protein"
exon             257..342
                  /gene="CETP"
                  /note="G00-119-773"
                  /number=15
intron           343..522
                  /note="CETP intron O"
exon             523..597
                  /note="cholesteryl ester transferase protein precursor"
                  /number=16
mat_peptide      523..594
                  /note="cholesteryl ester transferase protein"
polyA_signal     756..762
BASE COUNT      178 a    262 c    256 g    198 t
ORIGIN          About 950 bp after segment 6.
1  ggatggggttg ggagctcaag ttttggggca gaaggggaatt ttttttggca gcagagtgca
61 agccctgccc  ccaggcaaac tctgctcttc ctcactctca gaagcacttg ctcactctgc
121 taaatcaaag  tgaaacgcat gtttacagaa tattggtcca aaaggggtctc agcatctccc
181 actaccagg  gtgcagagcc tcgggccggc cttgctcccc aagaaggggt gactgggggt
241 ctgtccctc  gccagggct cgaggtagtg ttacagccc tcatgaacag caaaggcggtg
301 agcctcttcg acatcatcaa ccctgagatt atcactcgag atgtgagtac aaagccccc
361 tcaccagccc ctgttcctgg ggagagaggg ccagacagga ttctgggggt gactgggggg
421 tgttggggag acagacagag gggcctctac cagcttggtt ccctcctggt ggcctgggag
481 tcagcccagc tcgcccctct ctcctactgc ccctcccttc agggcttctt gctgctgcag
541 atggactttg gcttccctga gcacctgctg gtggatttcc tccagagctt gagctagaag
601 tctccaagga ggtcgggatg gggcttgtag cagaaggcaa gcaccaggct cacagctgga
661 accctggtgt ctcctccagc gtggtggaag ttgggttagg agtacggaga tggagattgg
721 ctcccaactc ctccctatcc taaaggccca ctggcattaa agtgctgtat ccaagagctg
781 cggagtccct cttctgtggc tggcgggtag aggggggggg aagggtattgt ctcaccagtg
841 ccgtccacct cttttcagcc cttccaagca gctgccccca aaccctccaa gctt

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FIG. 9B

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LOCUS HUMCILA 1431 bp mRNA PRI 01-NOV-1994
 DEFINITION Human lipoprotein-associated coagulation inhibitor mRNA, complete cds.
 ACCESSION J03225
 NID g180545
 KEYWORDS lipoprotein-associated coagulation inhibitor.
 SOURCE Human placenta, cDNA to mRNA, clone lambda-P9.
 ORGANISM Homo sapiens
 Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 1431)
 AUTHORS Wun,T.C., Kretzmer,K.K., Girard,T.J., Miletich,J.P. and Broze,G.J. Jr.
 TITLE Cloning and characterization of a cDNA coding for the lipoprotein-associated coagulation inhibitor shows that it consists of three tandem Kunitz-type inhibitory domains
 JOURNAL J. Biol. Chem. 263 (13), 6001-6004 (1988)
 MEDLINE 88198127
 COMMENT Draft entry and printed copy of sequence for [1] kindly provided by T.-C.Wun, 19-MAR-1988.
 FEATURES
 source Location/Qualifiers
 1..1431
 /organism="Homo sapiens"
 /db_xref="taxon:9606"
 /map="2q31-q32.1"
 sig_peptide 133..216
 /gene="TFPI"
 /note="lipoprotein-associated coagulation inhibitor
 signal peptide"
 CDS 133..1047
 /gene="TFPI"
 /note="lipoprotein-associated coagulation inhibitor precursor"
 /codon_start=1
 /db_xref="GDB:G00-127-364"
 /db_xref="PID:g180546"
 /translation="MIYTMKKVHALWASVCLLLNLAPAPLNADSEEDDEHTIITDTEL
 PPLKLMHSFCAFKADDGPCKAIMKRFFFNIFTRQCEEFIYGGCEGNQNRFSLEECKK
 MCTRDNANRIIKTTLQKEKPDFCFLEEDPGICRGYITRYFYNNQTKQCERFKYGGCLG
 NMNMFETLEECKNICEDGPNGFQVDNYGTQLNAVNNSLTPQSTKVPSLFEFHGPSWCL
 TPADRGLCRANENRFYNSVIGKCRPFKYSGCGGNENNFTSKQECLRACKKGFIQRI
 KGGLIKTKRKRKKQRVKIAYEEIFVKNM"

FIG. 10A

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

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gene          133..1047
               /gene="TFPI"
mat_peptide   217..1044
               /gene="TFPI"
               /note="lipoprotein-associated coagulation inhibitor"
BASE COUNT    479 a    244 c    267 g    441 t
ORIGIN        351 bp upstream of SspI site.
1  ggcgggtctg cttctaaaag aagaagtaga gaagataaat cctgtcttca atacctggaa
61 ggaaaaacaa aataacctca actccgtttt gaaaaaaaca ttccaagaac ttctatcaga
121 gattttactt agatgattta cacaatgaag aaagtacatg cactttgggc ttctgtatgc
181 ctgctgctta atcttgcccc tgccccctctt aatgctgatt ctgaggaaga tgaagaacac
241 acaattatca cagatacggg gttgccacca ctgaaactta tgcattcatt ttgtgcattc
301 aaggcggatg atggcccatg taaagcaatc atgaaaagat ttttcttcaa tattttcact
361 cgacagtgcg aagaatttat atatggggga tgtgaaggaa atcagaatcg atttgaaagt
421 ctggaagagt gcaaaaaaat gtgtacaaga gataatgcaa acaggattat aaagacaaca
481 ttgcaacaag aaaagccaga tttctgcttt ttggaagaag atcctggaat atgtcgaggt
541 tatattacca ggtattttta taacaatcag acaaaacagt gtgaacgttt caagtatggt
601 ggatgcctgg gcaatatgaa caattttgag acactggaag aatgcaagaa catttgtgaa
661 gatgggtccg atggtttcca ggtggataat tatggaaccc agctcaatgc tgtgaataac
721 tccctgactc cgcaatcaac caaggttccc agcctttttg aatttcacgg tccctcatgg
781 tgtctcactc cagcagacag aggatttgtt cgtgccaatg agaacagatt ctactacaat
841 tcagtcattg ggaaatgccg cccatttaag tacagtggat gtgggggaaa tgaaaacaat
901 ttactttcca aacaagaatg tctgagggca tgtaaaaaag gtttcatcca aagaatatca
961 aaaggaggcc taattaaac caaaagaaaa agaaagaagc agagagtgaa aatagcatat
1021 gaagaaatth ttgttaaaaa tatgtgaatt tgttatagca atgtaacatt aattctacta
1081 aatattttat atgaaatggt tcactatgat tttctattht tcttctaaaa tcgttttaat
1141 taatatgttc attaaattht ctatgcttat tgtacttggt atcaacacgt ttgtatcaga
1201 gttgctthtc taatcttggt aaattgctta ttctaggtct gtaatttatt aactggctac
1261 tgggaaatta cttattthtc ggatctatct gtattthcat ttaactacaa attatcatac
1321 taccggctac atcaaatcag tcctttgatt ccatttggtg accatctggt tgagaatatg
1381 atcatgtaaa tgattatctc ctttatagcc tgtaaccaga ttaagcccc c

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FIG. 10B

27/97

LOCUS HUMPRC 1366 bp mRNA PRI 08-JAN-1995
 DEFINITION Human protein C, mRNA.
 ACCESSION K02059
 NID g190322
 KEYWORDS glycoprotein; protease; protein C; serine protease.
 SOURCE Human liver, cDNA (library of Woo) to mRNA, clones lambda-HC1026 and lambda-HC1375.
 ORGANISM Homo sapiens
 Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 1366)
 AUTHORS Foster,D. and Davie,E.W.
 TITLE Characterization of a cDNA coding for human protein C
 JOURNAL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 81 (15), 4766-4770 (1984)
 MEDLINE 84272714
 COMMENT Protein C is a precursor to a serine protease called 'activated protein C' that has a strong anticoagulant activity. The amino acid sequence as determined from the cDNA indicates that protein C is synthesized as a single-chain polypeptide containing the light chain and the heavy chain connected by a dipeptide of Lys-Arg. This precursor peptide is then converted to the light and heavy chains by cleavage of two or more internal peptide bonds. The amino acid sequence of human protein C shows a high homology with that of the bovine molecule. Two clones were sequenced in [1] and shown to code for human protein C. Clone lambda-HC1026 covers bp 146-1140, and clone lambda-HC1375 covers bp 1-1366. The two cDNA clones had a poly-A tail at different positions; both poly-A sites were preceded by poly-A signals [1].

FEATURES
 source Location/Qualifiers
 1..1366
 /organism="Homo sapiens"
 /db_xref="taxon:9606"
 /tissue_type="liver"
 /tissue_lib="of Woo"
 /map="2q13-q21"
 mRNA <1..1366
 /gene="PROC"
 /note="G00-120-317"
 mRNA <1..1140
 /gene="PROC"
 /note="G00-120-317"
 gene 1..1366
 /gene="PROC"
 mat_peptide <1..277
 /gene="PROC"
 /note="G00-120-317"
 /product="protein C light chain"
 CDS <1..1073
 /gene="PROC"
 /note="."
 /codon_start=2
 /db_xref="GDB:G00-120-317"
 /product="protein C"
 /db_xref="PID:g190323"
 /translation="QGHTCIDGIGSFSCDCRSWEGRFQCQREVSVFLNCSLDNGGCTH
 YCLEEVGWRRSCAPGYKLGDDLLQCHPAVKFPCGRPWKRMEKKRSHLKRDTEDQEDQ
 VDPRLIDGKMTRRGDSPWQVVLDSKKKLACGAVLIHPSWVLTAAHCMDESKLLVRL
 GEYDLRRWEKWELDLDIKEVFVHPNYSKSTTDNDIALHLAQPATLSQTIVPICLPDS

FIG. 11A

28/97

GLAERELNQAGQETLVTGWGYHSSREKEAKRNRTFVLNFIKIPVVPHNECSEVMSNMV

SENMLCAGILGDRQDACEGDSGGPMVASFHGTWFLVGLVSWGEGCGLLHNYGVYTKVS

mat_peptide 284..1069
 /gene="PROC"
 /note="G00-120-317"
 /product="protein C heavy chain"
 mat_peptide 320..1069
 /gene="PROC"
 /note="G00-120-317"
 /product="protein C activated heavy chain"

BASE COUNT 302 a 388 c 425 g 251 t
 ORIGIN 207 bp upstream of PstI site; chromosome 2q14-q21.
 1 ccaagggcac ggcacgtgca tcgacggcat cggcagcttc agctgcgact gccgcagcgg
 61 ctgggagggc cgcttctgcc agcgcgaggt gagcttcctc aattgctctc tggacaacgg
 121 cggctgcacg cattactgcc tagaggaggt gggctggcgg cgctgtagct gtgcgcctgg
 181 ctacaagctg ggggacgacc tcctgcagtg tcaccccgca gtgaagtcc cttgtgggag
 241 gccctggaag cggatggaga agaagcgag tcacctgaaa cgagacacag aagaccaaga
 301 agaccaagta gatccgcggc tcattgatgg gaagatgacc aggcggggag acagcccctg
 361 gcaggtggtc ctgctggact caaagaagaa gctggcctgc ggggcagtg ccatccacc
 421 ctctgggtg ctgacagcgg cccactgcat ggacgagtcc aagaagctcc ttgtcaggct
 481 tggagagtat gacctgcggc gctgggagaa gtgggagctg gacctggaca tcaaggaggt
 541 cttcgtccac cccaactaca gcaagagcac caccgacaat gacatcgac tgctgcacct
 601 ggcccagccc gccacctct cgcagaccat agtgcccatc tgccctccgg acagcggcct
 661 tgacagagcg gagctcaatc aggcgggcca ggagacctc gtgacgggct ggggctacca
 721 cagcagccga gagaaggagg ccaagagaaa ccgcacctc gtcctcaact tcatcaagat
 781 tcccgtggtc ccgcacaatg agtgcagcga ggtcatgagc aacatggtgt ctgagaacat
 841 gctgtgtgcg ggcacctctg gggaccggca ggatgcctgc gagggcgaca gtggggggcc
 901 catggtcgcc tccttccacg gcacctggtt cctggtgggc ctggtgagct ggggtgaggg
 961 ctgtgggctc cttcacaact acggcggtta caccaaagtc agccgctacc tcgactggat
 1021 ccatgggcac atcagagaca aggaagcccc ccagaagagc tgggcacctt agcgaccctc
 1081 cctgcagggc tgggcttttg catggcaatg gatgggacat taaagggaca tgtaacaagc
 1141 acaccggcct gctgttctgt ccttccatcc ctcttttggg ctcttctgga gggaagtaac
 1201 atttactgag cacctgttgt atgtcacatg ccttatgaat agaattctaa ctcctagagc
 1261 aactctgtcg ggtggggagg agcagatcca agttttgcgg ggtctaaagc tgtgtgtgtt
 1321 gagggggata ctctgtttat gaaaaagaat aaaaaacaca accacg

FIG. 11B

29/97

LOCUS HUMLDLR02 144 bp DNA PRI 30-NOV-1994
 DEFINITION Human low density lipoprotein receptor gene, exon 2.
 ACCESSION L00336 K02573
 NID g187078
 KEYWORDS low density lipoprotein receptor-1; repeat region.
 SEGMENT 2 of 18
 SOURCE Human DNA [2] and fetal adrenal gland, cDNA to mRNA, clone pLDLR-2 [1].
 ORGANISM Homo sapiens
 Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
 Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 16 to 138)
 AUTHORS Yamamoto,T., Davis,C.G., Brown,M.S., Schneider,W.J., Casey,M.L.,
 Goldstein,J.L. and Russell,D.W.
 TITLE The human LDL receptor: a cysteine-rich protein with multiple Alu
 sequences in its mRNA
 JOURNAL Cell 39 (1), 27-38 (1984)
 MEDLINE 85024898
 REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 23; 132 to 144)
 AUTHORS Sudhof,T.C., Goldstein,J.L., Brown,M.S. and Russell,D.W.
 TITLE The LDL receptor gene: a mosaic of exons shared with different
 proteins
 JOURNAL Science 228 (4701), 815-822 (1985)
 MEDLINE 85218750
 COMMENT Draft entry and computer-readable sequence for [1] kindly provided
 by D.Russell, 01-MAR-1985.
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
 source 1..144
 /organism="Homo sapiens"
 /db_xref="taxon:9606"
 /map="19p13.3"
 intron <1..15
 /gene="LDLR"
 /note="LDL intron A"
 exon 16..138
 /gene="LDLR"
 /note="G00-119-362"
 /number=2
 intron 139..>144
 /gene="LDLR"
 /note="LDL intron B"
 BASE COUNT 33 a 33 c 46 g 32 t
 ORIGIN Chromosome 19p13.2-p13.1; about 10 kb after segment 1.
 1 tttcctctct ctcagtgggc gacagatgtg aaagaaacga gttccagtgc caagacggga
 61 aatgcattct ctacaagtgg gtctgcgatg gcagcgctga gtgccaggat ggctctgatg
 121 agtcccagga gacgtgctgt gagt

FIG. 12

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LOCUS HUMLDLR04 402 bp DNA PRI 30-NOV-1994
 DEFINITION Human low density lipoprotein receptor gene, exon 4.
 ACCESSION L00338 K02573
 NID gl87080
 KEYWORDS low density lipoprotein receptor-1; repeat region.
 SEGMENT 4 of 18
 SOURCE Human DNA [2] and fetal adrenal gland, cDNA to mRNA, clone pLDLR-2 [1].
 ORGANISM Homo sapiens
 Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 16 to 396)
 AUTHORS Yamamoto, T., Davis, C.G., Brown, M.S., Schneider, W.J., Casey, M.L., Goldstein, J.L. and Russell, D.W.
 TITLE The human LDL receptor: a cysteine-rich protein with multiple Alu sequences in its mRNA
 JOURNAL Cell 39 (1), 27-38 (1984)
 MEDLINE 85024898
 REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 23; 389 to 402)
 AUTHORS Sudhof, T.C., Goldstein, J.L., Brown, M.S. and Russell, D.W.
 TITLE The LDL receptor gene: a mosaic of exons shared with different proteins
 JOURNAL Science 228 (4701), 815-822 (1985)
 MEDLINE 85218750
 COMMENT Draft entry and computer-readable sequence for [1] kindly provided by D. Russell, 01-MAR-1985.
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
 source 1..402
 /organism="Homo sapiens"
 /db_xref="taxon:9606"
 /map="19p13.3"
 intron <1..15
 /gene="LDLR"
 /note="LDL intron C"
 exon 16..396
 /gene="LDLR"
 /note="G00-119-362"
 /number=4
 intron 397..>402
 /gene="LDLR"
 /note="LDL intron D"
 BASE COUNT 73 a 131 c 120 g 78 t
 ORIGIN Chromosome 19p13.2-p13.1; about 2.4 kb after segment 3.
 1 catccatccc tgcagccccc aagacgtgct cccaggacga gtttcgctgc caccgatggga
 61 agtgcacatc tcggcagttc gtctgtgact cagaccggga ctgcttggac ggctcagacg
 121 aggcctcctg cccggtgctc acctgtggtc ccgccagctt ccagtgcac acgtccacct
 181 gcatccccca gctgtggggc tgcgacaacg accccgactg cgaagatggc tcgggatgagt
 241 ggccgcagcg ctgtaggggt ctttacgtgt tccaagggga cagtagcccc tgctcggcct
 301 tcgagttcca ctgcctaagt ggcgagtgca tccactccag ctggcgctgt gatgggtggcc
 361 ccgactgcaa ggacaaatct gacgaggaaa actgcggtat gg

FIG. 13

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

31/97

LOCUS HUMLDLR09 193 bp DNA PRI 30-NOV-1994
 DEFINITION Human low density lipoprotein receptor gene, exon 9.
 ACCESSION L00343 K02573
 NID g187085
 KEYWORDS low density lipoprotein receptor-1; repeat region.
 SEGMENT 9 of 18
 SOURCE Human DNA [2] and fetal adrenal gland, cDNA to mRNA, clone pLDLR-2 [1].
 ORGANISM Homo sapiens
 Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 16 to 187)
 AUTHORS Yamamoto, T., Davis, C.G., Brown, M.S., Schneider, W.J., Casey, M.L., Goldstein, J.L. and Russell, D.W.
 TITLE The human LDL receptor: a cysteine-rich protein with multiple Alu sequences in its mRNA
 JOURNAL Cell 39 (1), 27-38 (1984)
 MEDLINE 85024898
 REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 23; 180 to 193)
 AUTHORS Sudhof, T.C., Goldstein, J.L., Brown, M.S. and Russell, D.W.
 TITLE The LDL receptor gene: a mosaic of exons shared with different proteins
 JOURNAL Science 228 (4701), 815-822 (1985)
 MEDLINE 85218750
 COMMENT Draft entry and computer-readable sequence for [1] kindly provided by D.Russell, 01-MAR-1985.
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
 source 1..193
 /organism="Homo sapiens"
 /db_xref="taxon:9606"
 /map="19p13.3"
 intron <1..15
 /gene="LDLR"
 /note="LDL intron H"
 exon 16..187
 /gene="LDLR"
 /note="G00-119-362"
 /number=9
 intron 188..>193
 /gene="LDLR"
 /note="LDL intron I"
 BASE COUNT 44 a 64 c 52 g 33 t
 ORIGIN Chromosome 19p13.2-p13.1; about 1.2 kb after segment 8.
 1 tccccggacc cccaggctcc atcgcttacc tcttcttcac caaccggcac gaggtcagga
 61 agatgacgct ggaccggagc gagtacacca gcctcatccc caacctgagg aacgtgggtcg
 121 ctctggacac ggaggtggcc agcaatagaa tctactggtc tgacctgtcc cagagaatga
 181 tctgcaggta agc

FIG. 14

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LOCUS HUMLDLR10 249 bp DNA PRI 30-NOV-1994
 DEFINITION Human low density lipoprotein receptor gene, exon 10.
 ACCESSION L00344 K02573
 NID g187086
 KEYWORDS low density lipoprotein receptor-1; repeat region.
 SEGMENT 10 of 18
 SOURCE Human DNA [2] and fetal adrenal gland, cDNA to mRNA, clone pLDLR-2 [1].
 ORGANISM Homo sapiens
 Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
 Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 16 to 243)
 AUTHORS Yamamoto,T., Davis,C.G., Brown,M.S., Schneider,W.J., Casey,M.L.,
 Goldstein,J.L. and Russell,D.W.
 TITLE The human LDL receptor: a cysteine-rich protein with multiple Alu
 sequences in its mRNA
 JOURNAL Cell 39 (1), 27-38 (1984)
 MEDLINE 85024898
 REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 23; 236 to 249)
 AUTHORS Sudhof,T.C., Goldstein,J.L., Brown,M.S. and Russell,D.W.
 TITLE The LDL receptor gene: a mosaic of exons shared with different
 proteins
 JOURNAL Science 228 (4701), 815-822 (1985)
 MEDLINE 85218750
 COMMENT Draft entry and computer-readable sequence for [1] kindly provided
 by D.Russell, 01-MAR-1985.
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
 source 1..249
 /organism="Homo sapiens"
 /db_xref="taxon:9606"
 /map="19p13.3"
 intron <1..15
 /gene="LDLR"
 /note="LDL intron I"
 exon 16..243
 /gene="LDLR"
 /note="G00-119-362"
 /number=10
 intron 244..>249
 /gene="LDLR"
 /note="LDL intron J"
 BASE COUNT 51 a 77 c 71 g 50 t
 ORIGIN Chromosome 19p13.2-p13.1; about 900 bp after segment 9.
 1 ctcctcctgc ctcagcacc agcttgacag agcccacggc gtctcttcc atgacaccgt
 61 catcagcagg gacatccagg ccccgacgg gctggctgtg gactggatcc acagcaacat
 121 ctactggacc gactctgtcc tgggcactgt ctctgttgcg gataccaagg gcgtgaagag
 181 gaaaacgtta ttcaggggaga acggctccaa gccaaaggcc atcgtggtgg atcctgttca
 241 tgggtgcgt

FIG. 15

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

33/97

LOCUS HUMLDLR11 140 bp DNA PRI 30-NOV-1994
 DEFINITION Human low density lipoprotein receptor gene, exon 11.
 ACCESSION L00345 K02573
 NID g187087
 KEYWORDS low density lipoprotein receptor-1; repeat region.
 SEGMENT 11 of 18
 SOURCE Human DNA [2] and fetal adrenal gland, cDNA to mRNA, clone pLDLR-2 [1].
 ORGANISM Homo sapiens
 Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 6 to 134)
 AUTHORS Yamamoto,T., Davis,C.G., Brown,M.S., Schneider,W.J., Casey,M.L., Goldstein,J.L. and Russell,D.W.
 TITLE The human LDL receptor: a cysteine-rich protein with multiple Alu sequences in its mRNA
 JOURNAL Cell 39 (1), 27-38 (1984)
 MEDLINE 85024898
 REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 22; 128 to 140)
 AUTHORS Sudhof,T.C., Goldstein,J.L., Brown,M.S. and Russell,D.W.
 TITLE The LDL receptor gene: a mosaic of exons shared with different proteins
 JOURNAL Science 228 (4701), 815-822 (1985)
 MEDLINE 85218750
 COMMENT Draft entry and computer-readable sequence for [1] kindly provided by D.Russell, 01-MAR-1985.
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
 source 1..140
 /organism="Homo sapiens"
 /db_xref="taxon:9606"
 /map="19p13.3"
 intron <1..15
 /gene="LDLR"
 /note="LDL intron J"
 exon 16..134
 /gene="LDLR"
 /note="G00-119-362"
 /number=11
 intron 135..>140
 /gene="LDLR"
 /note="LDL intron K"
 BASE COUNT 34 a 38 c 37 g 31 t
 ORIGIN Chromosome 19p13.2-p13.1; about 2.6 kb after segment 10.
 1 ctgtcctccc accagcttca tgtactggac tgactgggga actcccgcca agatcaagaa
 61 agggggcctg aatggtgtgg acatctactc gctggtgact gaaaacattc agtggcccaa
 121 tggcatcacc ctaggatatg

FIG. 16

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LOCUS HUMLDLR13 163 bp DNA PRI 30-NOV-1994
 DEFINITION Human low density lipoprotein receptor gene, exon 13.
 ACCESSION L00347 K02573
 NID g187089
 KEYWORDS low density lipoprotein receptor-1; repeat region.
 SEGMENT 13 of 18
 SOURCE Human DNA [2] and fetal adrenal gland, cDNA to mRNA, clone pLDLR-2 [1].
 ORGANISM Homo sapiens
 Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 16 to 157)
 AUTHORS Yamamoto,T., Davis,C.G., Brown,M.S., Schneider,W.J., Casey,M.L., Goldstein,J.L. and Russell,D.W.
 TITLE The human LDL receptor: a cysteine-rich protein with multiple Alu sequences in its mRNA
 JOURNAL Cell 39 (1), 27-38 (1984)
 MEDLINE 85024898
 REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 24; 151 to 163)
 AUTHORS Sudhof,T.C., Goldstein,J.L., Brown,M.S. and Russell,D.W.
 TITLE The LDL receptor gene: a mosaic of exons shared with different proteins
 JOURNAL Science 228 (4701), 815-822 (1985)
 MEDLINE 85218750
 COMMENT Draft entry and computer-readable sequence for [1] kindly provided by D.Russell, 01-MAR-1985.
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
 source 1..163
 /organism="Homo sapiens"
 /db_xref="taxon:9606"
 /map="19p13.3"
 intron <1..15
 /gene="LDLR"
 /note="LDL intron L"
 exon 16..157
 /gene="LDLR"
 /note="G00-119-362"
 /number=13
 intron 158..>163
 /gene="LDLR"
 /note="LDL intron M"
 BASE COUNT 43 a 45 c 34 g 41 t
 ORIGIN Chromosome 19p13.2-p13.1; about 3 kb after segment 12.
 1 ttgctgcctg tttaggacaa agtatttttg acagatatca tcaacgaagc cattttcagt
 61 gccaacgcc tcacagggtc cgatgtcaac ttgttggtcgt aaaacctact gtccccagag
 121 gatatggtcc tcttcacaa cctcaccag ccaagaggta agg.

FIG. 17

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

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LOCUS HUMLDLR15 192 bp DNA PRI 30-NOV-1994
 DEFINITION Human low density lipoprotein receptor gene, exon 15.
 ACCESSION L00349 K02573
 NID g187091
 KEYWORDS low density lipoprotein receptor-1; repeat region.
 SEGMENT 15 of 18
 SOURCE Human DNA [2] and fetal adrenal gland, cDNA to mRNA, clone pLDLR-2 [1].
 ORGANISM Homo sapiens
 Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 16 to 186)
 AUTHORS Yamamoto, T., Davis, C.G., Brown, M.S., Schneider, W.J., Casey, M.L., Goldstein, J.L. and Russell, D.W.
 TITLE The human LDL receptor: a cysteine-rich protein with multiple Alu sequences in its mRNA
 JOURNAL Cell 39 (1), 27-38 (1984)
 MEDLINE 85024898
 REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 23; 179 to 192)
 AUTHORS Sudhof, T.C., Goldstein, J.L., Brown, M.S. and Russell, D.W.
 TITLE The LDL receptor gene: a mosaic of exons shared with different proteins
 JOURNAL Science 228 (4701), 815-822 (1985)
 MEDLINE 85218750
 COMMENT Draft entry and computer-readable sequence for [1] kindly provided by D. Russell, 01-MAR-1985.
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
 source 1..192
 /organism="Homo sapiens"
 /db_xref="taxon:9606"
 /map="19p13.3"
 intron <1..15
 /gene="LDLR"
 /note="LDL intron N"
 exon 16..186
 /gene="LDLR"
 /note="G00-119-362"
 /number=15
 intron 187..>192
 /gene="LDLR"
 /note="LDL intron O"
 BASE COUNT 46 a 64 c 49 g 33 t
 ORIGIN Chromosome 19p13.2-p13.1; about 2.8 kb after segment 14.
 1 tattttattct ttcagaggct gaggtgcag tggccaccca ggagacatcc accgtcaggg
 61 taaagggtcag ctccacagcc gtaaggacac agcacacaac caccggcct gttcccgaca
 121 cctcccggct gcctggggcc acccctgggc tcaccacggt ggagatagtg acaatgtctc
 181 accaaggtaa ag

FIG. 18

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LOCUS HUMLDLR17 179 bp DNA PRI 30-NOV-1994
 DEFINITION Human low density lipoprotein receptor gene, exon 17.
 ACCESSION L00351 K02573
 NID g187093
 KEYWORDS low density lipoprotein receptor-1; repeat region.
 SEGMENT 17 of 18
 SOURCE Human DNA [3] and fetal adrenal gland, cDNA to mRNA, clone pLDLR-2 [1].
 ORGANISM Homo sapiens
 Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 16 to 173)
 AUTHORS Yamamoto,T., Davis,C.G., Brown,M.S., Schneider,W.J., Casey,M.L., Goldstein,J.L. and Russell,D.W.
 TITLE The human LDL receptor: a cysteine-rich protein with multiple Alu sequences in its mRNA
 JOURNAL Cell 39 (1), 27-38 (1984)
 MEDLINE 85024898
 REFERENCE 2 (bases 57 to 101)
 AUTHORS Lehrman,M.A., Goldstein,J.L., Brown,M.S., Russell,D.W. and Schneider,W.J.
 TITLE Internalization-defective LDL receptors produced by genes with nonsense and frameshift mutations that truncate the cytoplasmic domain
 JOURNAL Cell 41 (3), 735-743 (1985)
 MEDLINE 85228224
 REFERENCE 3 (bases 1 to 23; 164 to 179)
 AUTHORS Sudhof,T.C., Goldstein,J.L., Brown,M.S. and Russell,D.W.
 TITLE The LDL receptor gene: a mosaic of exons shared with different proteins
 JOURNAL Science 228 (4701), 815-822 (1985)
 MEDLINE 85218750
 COMMENT Draft entry and computer-readable sequence for [1] kindly provided by D.Russell, 01-MAR-1985.
 FEATURES
 source Location/Qualifiers
 1..179
 /organism="Homo sapiens"
 /db_xref="taxon:9606"
 /map="19p13.3"
 intron <1..15
 /gene="LDLR"
 /note="LDL intron P"
 exon 16..173
 /gene="LDLR"
 /note="G00-119-362"
 /number=17
 mutation 76..77
 /gene="LDLR"
 /note="ac in wt; aagaac in internalization-defective familial hypercholesterolemia [2]"
 intron 174..>179
 /gene="LDLR"
 /note="LDL intron Q"
 BASE COUNT 42 a 56 c 39 g 42 t
 ORIGIN Chromosome 19p13.2-p13.1; about 1.4 kb after segment 16.
 1 tgcctctccc tacagtgtc ctcgtcttcc ttgcctggg ggtcttctt ctatggaaga
 61 actggcggct taagaacatc aacagcatca actttgacaa ccccgcttat cagaagacca
 121 cagaggatga ggtccacatt tgccacaacc aggacggcta cagctacccc tcggtgagt

FIG. 19

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LOCUS HUMLDLR01 769 bp DNA PRI 30-NOV-1994
 DEFINITION Human low density lipoprotein receptor gene, exon 1.
 ACCESSION L29401 K02573 M10664 N00033
 NID g460288
 KEYWORDS low density lipoprotein receptor-1; repeat region.
 SEGMENT 1 of 18
 SOURCE Human DNA [2] and fetal adrenal gland, cDNA to mRNA, clone pLDLR-2 [1].
 ORGANISM Homo sapiens
 Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
 REFERENCE 1 (sites)
 AUTHORS Yamamoto,T., Davis,C.G., Brown,M.S., Schneider,W.J., Casey,M.L., Goldstein,J.L. and Russell,D.W.
 TITLE The human LDL receptor: a cysteine-rich protein with multiple Alu sequences in its mRNA
 JOURNAL Cell 39 (1), 27-38 (1984)
 MEDLINE 85024898
 REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 769)
 AUTHORS Sudhof,T.C., Goldstein,J.L., Brown,M.S. and Russell,D.W.
 TITLE The LDL receptor gene: a mosaic of exons shared with different proteins
 JOURNAL Science 228 (4701), 815-822 (1985)
 MEDLINE 85218750
 COMMENT Bases 1-769 from Science 228, 815-822 (1985)
 Bases 675-754 from Cell 39, 27-38 (1984)
 Draft entry and computer-readable sequence for [1] kindly provided by D.Russell, 01-MAR-1985.
 FEATURES
 Location/Qualifiers
 source 1..769
 /organism="Homo sapiens"
 /db_xref="taxon:9606"
 /map="19p13.3"
 exon 595..754
 /gene="LDLR"
 /note="low density lipoprotein receptor; G00-119-362"
 /number=1
 sig_peptide 688..750
 /gene="LDLR"
 /note="low density lipoprotein receptor signal pept"
 intron 755..>769
 /gene="LDLR"
 /note="LDL intron A"
 BASE COUNT 220 a 169 c 194 g 186 t
 ORIGIN Chromosome 19p13.2-p13.1; 1 bp upstream of BamHI site.
 1 ggatcccaca aaacaaaaaa tatttttttg gctgtacttt tgtgaagatt ttattttaa
 61 tcctgattga tcagtgtcta ttaggtgatt tggataaca atgtaaaaac aatatacaac
 121 gaaaggaagc taaaaatcta tacacaattc ctgaaagga aaaggcaaat atagaaagt
 181 gcggaagtcc ccaacatttt tagtgttttc ctttgaggc agagaggaca atggcattag
 241 gctattggag gatcttgaaa ggctgttggt atccttctgt ggacaacaac agcaaaatgt
 301 taacagttaa acatcgagaa atttcaggag gatctttcag aagatgcggt tccaattttg
 361 agggggcgtc agctcttcac cggagaccca aatacaacaa atcaagtcgc ctgccctggc
 421 gacactttcg aaggactgga gtgggaatca gagcttcacg gggtaaaagc cgaatgcaca
 481 tcggccgttc gaaactctc ctcttcagc gaggtgaaga catttgaaaa tcacccact
 541 gcaaaactct cccctgcta gaaacctcac attgaaatgc tgtaaatgac gtgggccccg
 601 agtgcgaatc cggaagcca gggtttcag ctaggacaca gcaggtcgtg atccgggtgc
 661 ggacactgcc tggcagaggc tgcgagcatg gggccctggg gctggaaatt gcgctggacc
 721 gtcgccttgc tcctcgccgc ggcggggact gcaggtgaagg cttgctcca

FIG. 20

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

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LOCUS HUMF511 279 bp DNA PRI 10-NOV-1994
 DEFINITION Human coagulation factor V gene, exon 11.
 ACCESSION L32765 J05368
 NID g488094
 KEYWORDS coagulation factor V; factor V.
 SEGMENT 11 of 25
 SOURCE Homo sapiens DNA.
 ORGANISM Homo sapiens
 Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
 Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.

REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 279)
 AUTHORS Kane,W.H. and Davie,E.W.
 TITLE Cloning of a cDNA coding for human factor V, a blood coagulation factor homologous to factor VIII and ceruloplasmin
 JOURNAL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 83 (18), 6800-6804 (1986)
 MEDLINE 86313665

REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 279)
 AUTHORS Kane,W.H., Ichinose,A., Hagen,F.S. and Davie,E.W.
 TITLE Cloning of cDNAs coding for the heavy chain region and connecting region of human factor V, a blood coagulation factor with four types of internal repeats
 JOURNAL Biochemistry 26 (20), 6508-6514 (1987)
 MEDLINE 88107560

REFERENCE 3 (bases 1 to 279)
 AUTHORS Jenny,R.J., Pittman,D.D., Toole,J.J., Kriz,R.W., Aldape,R.A., Hewick,R.M., Kaufman,R.J. and Mann,K.G.
 TITLE Complete cDNA and derived amino acid sequence of human factor V
 JOURNAL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 84 (14), 4846-4850 (1987)
 MEDLINE 87260886

REFERENCE 4 (bases 1 to 279)
 AUTHORS Cripe,L.D., Moore,K.D. and Kane,W.H.
 TITLE Structure of the gene for human coagulation factor V
 JOURNAL Biochemistry 31 (15), 3777-3785 (1992)
 MEDLINE 92232668

REFERENCE 5 (bases 1 to 279)
 AUTHORS Shen,N.L., Fan,S.T., Pyati,J., Graff,R., LaPolla,R.J. and Edgington,T.S.
 TITLE The serine protease cofactor factor V is synthesized by lymphocytes
 JOURNAL J. Immunol. 150 (7), 2992-3001 (1993)
 MEDLINE 93203619

FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
 source 1..279
 /organism="Homo sapiens"
 /db_xref="taxon:9606"
 /tissue_type="placenta"
 /cell_type="fibroblast"
 /map="1q21-q25"
 intron order(L32764:277..>319,<1..74)
 /gene="F5"
 /note="3.1 kb gap; G00-119-896"
 /number=10
 exon 75..225
 /gene="F5"
 /note="G00-119-896"
 /number=11

BASE COUNT 73 a 52 c 61 g 93 t
 ORIGIN
 1 tctgagttct ctattctgtt ccattggtct atgcgtctgt tcttgtagca gactatact
 61 gttttgtcct ccagagggca gcagacatcg aacagcaggc tgtgtttgct gtgtttgatg
 121 agaacaaaag ctggtacctt gaggacaaca tcaacaagtt ttgtgaaaat cctgatgagg
 181 tgaaacgtga tgaccccaag ttttatgaat caaacatcat gagcagtaag tcagagtact
 241 atttttgttc atcagttttt cattcctgtg gttgaaata

FIG. 21

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

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LOCUS HUMHMGCOA 2904 bp mRNA PRI 08-NOV-1994
 DEFINITION Human 3-hydroxy-3-methylglutaryl coenzyme A reductase mRNA, complete cds.
 ACCESSION M11058
 NID g184243
 KEYWORDS 3-hydroxy-3-methylglutaryl coenzyme A reductase; glycoprotein.
 SOURCE Human fetal adrenal gland, cDNA to mRNA, library of T.Maniatis, clone pHRed-102.
 ORGANISM Homo sapiens
 Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 2904)
 AUTHORS Luskey, K.L. and Stevens, B.
 TITLE Human 3-hydroxy-3-methylglutaryl coenzyme A reductase. Conserved domains responsible for catalytic activity and sterol-regulated degradation
 JOURNAL J. Biol. Chem. 260 (18), 10271-10277 (1985)
 MEDLINE 85261451
 COMMENT Draft entry and sequence in computer readable form for {1} kindly provided by K.L.Luskey, 16-JAN-1986.
 HMG-CoA reductase is the rate-limiting enzyme for cholesterol synthesis and is regulated via a negative feedback mechanism mediated by sterols and non-sterol metabolites derived from mevalonate, the product of the reaction catalyzed by reductase. Normally in mammalian cells this enzyme is suppressed by cholesterol derived from the internalization and degradation of low density lipoprotein (LDL) via the LDL receptor. Competitive inhibitors of the reductase induce the expression of LDL receptors in the liver, which in turn increases the catabolism of plasma LDL and lowers the plasma concentration of cholesterol, an important determinant of atherosclerosis.
 The sequence coding for the highly conserved membrane bound region of the protein is located at positions 51-1067, that coding for the linker part of the protein at positions 1068-1397 and for the strongly conserved water-soluble catalytic part at positions 1398-2714.
 FEATURES
 source Location/Qualifiers
 1..2904
 /organism="Homo sapiens"
 /db_xref="taxon:9606"
 /map="5q13.3-q14"
 mRNA <1..>2904
 /note="HMG CoA mRNA"
 gene 51..2717
 /gene="HMGCR"
 CDS 51..2717
 /gene="HMGCR"
 /note="3-hydroxy-3-methylglutaryl coenzyme A reductase"
 /codon_start=1
 /db_xref="GDB:G00-119-312"
 /db_xref="PID:g306865"
 /translation="MLSRLFRMHGLFVASHPWEVIVGTVTLTICMMSNMNFTGNKIC
 GWNYECPKFEEDVLSSDIIILTTITRCIAILYIFQFQNLRLQSGSKYILGIAGLFTIFS
 SFVFSTVVIHFLDKELTGLNEALPFFLLIDLSRASTLAKFALSSNSQDEVRENIARG
 MAILGPTFTLDALVECLVIGVGTMSGVRQLEIMCCFGCMSVLANYFVFMTFFPACVSL
 VLELSRESREGRPIWQLSHFARVLEEEENKPNPVTQVRKMIMSLGLVLVHAHSRWIAD"

FIG. 22A

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PSPQNSTADTSKVSLLDENVSKRIEPSVSLWQFYLSKMISMIDIEQVITLSLALLLAV
 KYIFFEQTETESTLSLKNPITSFVVTQKKVPDNCRRPMLVRNNQKCDSEVEETGIN
 RERKVEVIKPLVAETDTPNRATFVVGNSSLLDTSSSVLVTQEPEIELPREPRPNEECLQ
 ILGNAEKAGKFLSDAEIIQLVNAKHIPAYKLETLMETHERGVSIRRQLLSKKLSEPPS
 LQYLPYRDYNSLVMGACCENVIGYMPIPVGVAGPLCLDEKEFQVPMATTEGCLVAST
 NRGCRAGLGGGASSRVLADGMTRGPVVRPLPRACDSA EVKAWLETSEGFAVIKEAFDS
 TSRFARLQKLHTSIAGRNLIRFQSRSGDAMGMNMISKGTEKALSKLHEYFPEMQILA
 VSGNYCTDKKPAAINWIEGRGKSVVCEAVIPAKVVREVLKTTTEAMIEVNINKNLVGS
 AMAGSIGGYNAHAANIVTAIYIACGQDAAQNVGSSNCITLMEASGPTNEDLYISCTMP

SIEIGTVGGGTNLLPQOACLQMLGVQGACKDNPGENARQLARIVCGTVMAGELSLMAA
 LAAGHLVKSHMIHNRSKINLQDLQGACTKKTA"

BASE COUNT 822 a 597 c 678 g 807 t
 ORIGIN 27 bp upstream of BamHI site; chromosome 5q13.3-q14.

1	ttcggtggcc	tctagtgaga	tctggaggat	ccaaggattc	tgtagctaca	atgttgtcaa
61	gacttttttcg	aatgcatggc	ctctttgtgg	cctcccatcc	ctgggaagtc	atagtgggga
121	cagtgcacct	gaccatctgc	atgatgtcca	tgaacatgtt	tactggtaac	aataagatct
181	gtggttgga	ttatgaatgt	ccaaagtgtt	aagaggatgt	tttgagcagt	gacattataa
241	ttctgacaat	aacacgatgc	atagccatcc	tgtatatatta	cttcaggttc	cagaatttac
301	gtcaacttgg	atcaaaaatat	atctttggga	ttgctggcct	tttcacaatt	ttctcaagtt
361	ttgtattcag	tacagtgtgc	attcacttct	tagacaaaaga	attgacaggc	ttgaatgaag
421	ctttgccctt	tttctacttt	ttgattgacc	tttccagagc	aagcacatta	gcaaagtgtg
481	ccctcagttc	caactcacag	gatgaagtaa	gggaaaatat	tgctcgtgga	atggcaattt
541	taggtcctac	gtttaccctc	gatgctcttg	ttgaatgtct	tgtgattgga	gttggtacca
601	tgtcaggggt	acgtcagctt	gaaattatgt	gctgctttgg	ctgcatgtca	gttcttggca
661	actacttcgt	gttcattgact	ttcttcccag	cttgtgtgtc	cttggtatta	gagctttctc
721	gggaaagccg	cgagggtcgt	ccaatttggc	agctcagcca	ttttgcccca	gttttagaag
781	aagaagaaaa	taagccgaat	cctgtaactc	agaggggtcaa	gatgattatg	tctctaggct
841	tgggttctgt	tcattgctcac	agtcgttgga	tagctgatcc	ttctcctcaa	aacagtacag
901	cagatacttc	taagggtttca	ttaggactgg	atgaaaatgt	gtccaagaga	attgaaccac
961	gtgtttccct	ctggcagttt	tatctctcta	aaatgatcag	catggatatt	gaacaagtta
1021	ttaccctaag	tttagctctc	cttctggctg	tcaagtacat	cttctttgaa	caaacagaga
1081	cagaatctac	actctcatta	aaaaacccta	tcacatctcc	tgtagtgaac	caaaagaaag
1141	tcccagacaa	ttgtttaga	cgtgaacctc	tgtcgttcag	aaataaccag	aatgtgatt
1201	cagtagagga	agagacaggg	ataaaccgag	aaagaaaagt	tgaggttata	aaacccttag
1261	tggctgaaac	agatacccca	aacagagcta	catttgtggt	tggtaactcc	tccttactcg
1321	atacttcac	agtactggtg	acacaggaac	ctgaaattga	acttcccagg	gaacctcggc
1381	ctaataga	atgtctacag	atacttggga	atgcagagaa	aggtgcaaaa	ttccttagtg
1441	atgctgagat	catccagtta	gtcaatgcta	agcatatccc	agcctacaag	ttggaaactc
1501	tgatggaaac	tcattgagcgt	gggtgatcta	ttcgccgaca	gttactttcc	aagaagcttt
1561	cagaaccttc	ttctctccag	tacctacctt	acagggatta	taattactcc	ttggtgatgg
1621	gagcttgttg	tgagaatgtt	attggatata	tgcccatccc	tggtggagtg	gcaggacccc
1681	tttgcttaga	tgaaaaagaa	tttcagggtc	caatggcaac	aacagaaggt	tgtcttgtgg
1741	ccagcaccaa	tagaggctgc	agagcaatag	gtcttgggtg	aggtgccagc	agccagttcc
1801	ttgcagatgg	gatgactcgt	ggcccagttg	tgcgtcttcc	acgtgcttgt	gactctgcag
1861	aagtgaagc	ctggctcgaa	acatctgaag	gggttcgagt	gataaaggag	gcatttgaca
1921	gcactagcag	atttgcacgt	ctacagaaac	ttcatacaag	tatagctgga	cgcaaccttt
1981	atatccgttt	ccagtcacag	tcaggggatg	ccatggggat	gaacatgatt	tcaaagggtg
2041	cagagaaagc	actttcaaaa	cttcacgagt	atttccctga	aatgcagatt	ctagccgtta
2101	gtggttaacta	ttgtactgac	aagaaacctg	ctgctataaa	ttggatagag	ggaagaggaa
2161	aatctgttgt	ttgtgaagct	gtcattccag	ccaaggttgt	cagagaagta	ttaaagacta
2221	ccacagaggc	tatgattgag	gtcaacatta	acaagaattt	agtgggctct	gcatggctg
2281	ggagcatagg	aggctacaac	gccccatgcg	caaacattgt	caccgccatc	tacattgcct
2341	ttggacagga	tgcagcacag	aatgttggtg	gttcaaaactg	tattacttta	atggaagcaa
2401	gtggctccac	aaatgaagat	ttatatatca	gctgcacat	gccatctata	gagataggaa
2461	cgggtgggtg	tgggaccaac	ctactacctc	agcaagcctg	tttgcagatg	ctaggtgttc
2521	aaggagcatg	caaagataat	cctgggggaa	atgcccggca	gcttgcccga	attgtgtgtg

FIG. 22B

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2581 ggaccgtaat ggctggggaa ttgtcactta tggcagcatt ggcagcagga catcttgtca
2641 aaagtcacat gattcacaac aggtcgaaga tcaatttaca agacctccaa ggagcttgca
2701 ccaagaagac agcctgaata gcccgacagt tctgaactgg aacatgggca ttgggttcta
2761 aaggactaac ataaaatctg tgaattaaaa aagctcaatg cattgtcttg tggaggatga
2821 ataaatgtga tcaactgagac agccacttgg tttttggctc tttcagagag gtctcaggtt
2881 ctttccatgc agactcctca gatc
```

FIG. 22C

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LOCUS HUMPRCA 11725 bp DNA PRI 08-JAN-1995
 DEFINITION Human protein C gene, complete cds.
 ACCESSION M11228
 NID g190333
 KEYWORDS glycoprotein; protease; protein C; serine protease.
 SOURCE Human DNA, clones PC-lambda-8 and PC-lambda-6.
 ORGANISM Homo sapiens
 Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
 Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 11725)
 AUTHORS Foster,D.C., Yoshitake,S. and Davie,E.W.
 TITLE The nucleotide sequence of the gene for human protein C
 JOURNAL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 82 (14), 4673-4677 (1985)
 MEDLINE 85270390
 FEATURES
 source Location/Qualifiers
 1..11725
 /organism="Homo sapiens"
 /db_xref="taxon:9606"
 /map="2q13-q21"
 gene 2131..2200
 /gene="PROC"
 exon <2131..2200
 /gene="PROC"
 /note="Protein C; G00-120-317"
 /number=1
 sig_peptide join(2131..2200,3464..3519)
 /note="Protein C signal peptide"
 CDS join(2131..2200,3464..3630,5093..5117,5210..5347,
 5450..5584,8253..8395,9269..9386,10516..11105)
 /note="Protein C"
 /codon_start=1
 /db_xref="PID:g190334"
 /translation="MWQLTSLLLFVATWGISGTPAPLDSVFSSSERAHQVLRIRKRAN
 SFLEELRHSSLERECIEEICDFEAAKEIFQNVDDTLAFWSKHVDGDQCLVLPLEHPCA
 SLCCGHGTCIDGIGSFSCDCRSWEGRFQREVSFLNCSLDNGGCTHYCLEEVGWRRRC
 SCAPGYKLGDDLLQCHPAVKFPCGRPWKRMEKKRSHLKRDTEDQEDQVDPRLIDGKMT
 RRGDSPWQVVLDSKKKLACGAVLIHPSWVLTAAHCMDESKLLVRLGEYDLRRWEKW
 ELDDIKEVFVHPNYSKSTTDNDIALHLAQPATLSQTIVPICLPDSGLAEREINQAG
 QETLVTGWGYHSSREKEAKRNRTFVLNFIKIPVVPHNECSEVMSNMVSENMLCAGILG
 DRQDACEGDSGGPMVASFHGTWFLVGLVSWGEGCGLLHNYGVYTKVSRYLWDWIHGHIR
 DKEAPQKSWAP"
 intron 2201..3463
 /note="ProC cds intron A"
 exon 3464..3630
 /number=2
 mat_peptide join(3520..3630,5093..5117,5210..5347,5450..5584,
 8253..8395,9269..9386,10516..11102)
 intron 3631..5092
 /note="ProC cds intron B"
 exon 5093..5117
 /number=3
 intron 5118..5209
 /note="ProC cds intron C"
 exon 5210..5347
 /number=4
 intron 5348..5449

FIG. 23A

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/Note="ProC cds intron D"
exon      5450..5584
/number=5
intron    5585..8252
/Note="ProC cds intron E"
exon      8253..8395
/number=6
intron    8396..9268
/Note="ProC cds intron F"
exon      9269..9386
/number=7
intron    9387..10515
/Note="ProC cds intron G"
exon      10516..>11105
/Note="Protein C"
/number=8
BASE COUNT      2444 a      3298 c      3375 g      2608 t
ORIGIN          575 bp upstream of StuI site; chromosome 2q14-q21.
1 agtgaatctg ggcgagtaac acaaaacttg agtgtcctta cctgaaaaat agaggttaga
61 gggatgctat gtgccattgt gtgtgtgtgt tgggggtggg gattgggggt gatttgtgag
121 caattggagg tgaggggtga gccacgtgcc cagcacctat gcaactggga cccaaaaagg
181 agcatcttct catgatttta tgtatcagaa attgggatgg catgtcattg ggacagcgct
241 ttttttcttg tatggtggca cataaataca tgtgtcttat aattaatggt attttagatt
301 tgacgaaata tgggaatatta cctgttgtgc tgaatcttgg caaactataa tatctctggg
361 caaaaatgtc cccatctgaa aaacaggggc aacgttcctc cctcagccag ccactatggg
421 gctaaaatga gaccacatct gtcaagggtt ttgccctcac ctccctccct gctggatggc
481 atccttggtg ggcagaggtg ggcttcgggc agaacaagcc gtgctgagct aggaccagga
541 gtgctagtgc cactgtttgt ctatggagag ggaggcctca gtgctgaggg ccaagcaaat
601 atttgtggtt atggattaac tcgaactcca ggctgtcatg gcggcaggac ggcgaaactg
661 cagtatctcc acgaccggcc cctgtgagtc ccctccagg caggtctatg aggggtgtgg
721 agggaggggt gccccgggga gaagagagct aggtggtgat gagggctgaa tcctccagcc
781 aggggtgctc acaagcctga gcttggggta aaaggacaca aggccctcca caggccaggc
841 ctggcagcca cagtctcagg tccctttgcc atgcgcctcc ctctttccag gccaaagggtc
901 cccaggccca gggccattcc aacagacagt ttggagccca ggaccctcca ttctccccc
961 cccacttcca cctttggggg tgtcggattt gaacaaatct cagaagcggc ctccagagga
1021 gtcggcaaga atggagagca ggggtccgga ggggtgtgcag aggccacgtg gcctatccac
1081 tggggagggg tccttgatct ctggccacca ggcctatctc tgtggccttt tggagcaacc
1141 tgggtggttg gggcaggggt tgaatttcca ggcctaaaac cacacaggcc tggccttgag
1201 tcctggctct gcgagtaatg catggtatga aacatggaga cccaggacct tgcctcagtc
1261 ttccgagtcg ggtgcctgca gtgtactgat ggtgtgagac cctactcctg gaggatgggg
1321 gacagaatct gatcgatccc ctgggttggt gacttccctg tgcaatcaac ggagaccagc
1381 aagggttggg tttttaataa accacttaac tcctccgagt ctcagtttcc ccctctatga
1441 aatgggggtg acagcattaa taactacctc ttgggtggtt gtgagcctta actgaagtca
1501 taatatctca tgtttactga gcatgagcta tgtgcaaagc ctgttttgag agctttatgt
1561 ggactaactc ctttaattct cacaacaccc tttaaggcac agatacacca cgttattcca
1621 tccattttac aaatgaggaa actgaggcat ggagcagtta agcatcttgc ccaacattgc
1681 cctccagtaa gtgctggagc tggaaattgc accgtgcagt ctgggttcat ggcctgccct
1741 gtgaatcctg taaaaattgt ttgaaagaca ccatgagtgt ccaatcaacg ttagctaata
1801 ttctcagccc agtcatcaga ccggcagagg cagccacccc actgtcccca gggaggacac
1861 aaacatcctg gcaccctctc cactgcattc tggagctgct ttctaggcag gcagtgtgag
1921 ctcagcccca cgtagagcgg gcagccgagg ccttctgagg ctatgtctct agcgaacaag
1981 gaccctcaat tccagcttcc gcctgacggc cagcacacag ggacagccct ttcattccgc
2041 ttccacctgg ggggtgcaggc agagcagcag cgggggttagc actgcccgga gctcagaagt
2101 cctcctcaga caggtgccag tgctccaga atgtggcagc tcacaagcct cctgctgttc
2161 gtggccacct ggggaatttc cggcacacca gctcctcttg gtaaggccac cccaccctta
2221 cccggggacc ctgttgacct ctacaaggcc ctggctggcat ctgccaggc cttcacagct
2281 tcaccatctc ctctgagccc tgggtgaggt gaggggcaga tgggaatggc aggaatcaac
2341 tgacaagtcc caggtaggcc agctgccaga gtgccacaca ggggctgcca gggcaggcat
2401 cgtgtatggc agggagcccc gcgatgacct cctaaagctc cctcctccac acggggatgg
2461 tcacagagtc ccctgggccc tccctctcca cccactcact cctcaactg tgaagacccc
2521 agggccaggc taccgtccac actatccagc acagcctccc ctactcaaat gcacactggc
2581 ctcattggctg ccctgcccc aacccttttc tgggtctcac agccaacggg agggaggcat
2641 gatctctggg gaggtccgca ggcacatggg ccctaaagc cacaccagge tgttggtttc
2701 atttgtgcct ttatagagct gtttatctgc ttgggacctg cacctccacc ctttcccaag
2761 gtgccctcag ctcaggcata ccctcctcta ggatgccttt tcccccatcc cttcttgcct

```

FIG. 23B

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2821 acacccccaa cttgatctct ccctcctaac tgtgccctgc accaagacag acacttcaca
2881 gagcccagga cacacctggg gacccttcct ggggtgatagg tctgtctatc ctccaggtgt
2941 ccttgcccaa ggggagaagc atggggaata cttggttggg ggaggaaagg aagactgggg
3001 ggatgtgtca agatggggct gcatgtgtgtg tactggcaga agagtggagag gatttaactt
3061 ggcagccttt acagcagcag ccagggtctg agtacttatc tctggggccag gctgtatttg
3121 atgttttaca tgacggcttc atccccatgt ttttggatga gtaaattgaa ccttagaaaag
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3301 gaggaccctt gcgccaagcc atgacctaga attagaatga gtcttgaggg ggcggagaca
3361 agaccttccc aggtctctccc agctctgctt cctcagaccc cctcatggcc ccagccctc
3421 ttaggccctt caccaagggt agctccctc cctccaaaac cagactcagt gttctccagc
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3541 ctccgtcaca gcagcctgga gcgggagtgc atagaggaga tctgtgactt cgaggaggcc
3601 aaggaaaatt tccaaaatgt ggatgacaca gtaaggccac catgggtcca gaggatgagg
3661 ctgagggcgc agctggtaac cagcaggggc ctcgaggagc aggtggggag tcaatgctga
3721 ggcctcttta ggagtgtgtg ggggtggctga gtggagcgat taggatgctg gccctatgat
3781 gtccggccagg cacatgtgac tgcaagaaac agaattcagg aagaagctcc aggaagaggt
3841 gtgggggtgac cctagggtgg gactcccaca gccacagtgt aggtgggtta gtccttga
3901 cagccactgc tgagcaccac tgccctcccg tcccacctca caaagagggg acctaaagac
3961 caccctgctt ccaccatgc ctctgctgat cagggtgtgt gtgtgaccga aactcacttc
4021 tgtccacata aaatcgctca ctctgtgcct cacatcaaag ggagaaaatc tgattgttca
4081 ggggggtcga agacagggtc tgtgtcctat ttgtctaagg gtcagagtcc tttggagccc
4141 ccagagtcct gtggacgtgg ccctaggtag tagggtgagc ttggtaacgg ggctggcttc
4201 ctgagacaag gctcagaccc gctctgtccc tggggatcgc ttcagccacc aggactgaa
4261 aattgtgcac gcctgggccc ccttccaagg catccaggga tgctttccag tggaggcttt
4321 cagggcagga gaccctctgg cctgcacct ctcttgccct cagcctccac ctcttgact
4381 ggaccccat ctggacctcc atccccacca cctctttccc cagtggctc cctggcagac
4441 accacagtga ctttctgcag gcacatatct gatcacatca agtccccacc gtgtcccac
4501 ctacccatg gtctctcagc cccagcagcc ttggctggcc tctctgatg agcaggcatc
4561 aggcacaggc cgtgggtctc aacgtgggct ggggtggctt ggaccagcag cagccgcgc
4621 agcagcaacc ctggtacctg gttaggaaac cagacctctt gcccccatcc tcccaactct
4681 gaaaaacact ggcttaggga aaggcgcgat gctcaggggt ccccaaaagc ccgcaggcag
4741 agggagtgtat gggactggaa ggaggccgag tgacttgggt agggattcgg gtccttga
4801 tgagaggct gctgtgggag cggacagtgc cgagagcagc actgcagctg catggggaga
4861 ggggtgttct ccagggacgt gggatggagg ctgggcgcgc gcgggtggcg ctggagggcg
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5161 cccctcgga tctctggcgc ctgacccctt accccgcctt gtgtcgaga cggtgaccag
5221 tgcttggctt tgcccttggg gcaccctgt gccagcctgt gctgcgggca cggcacgtgc
5281 atcgacggca tcggcagctt cagctgcgac tgccgcagcg gctgggaggg ccgcttctgc
5341 cagcgcggtg agggggagag gtggatgctg gcgggcggcg gggcggggct gggcggggt
5401 tgggggcgcg gcaccagcac cagctgccc cgccctccc tgcccgcaga ggtgagcttc
5461 ctcaattgct ctctggacaa cggcggtgc acgcattact gcctagagga ggtgggctgg
5521 cggcgctgta gctgtgcgcc tggctacaag ctgggggacg acctcctgca gtgtcaccct
5581 gcaggtgaga agccccaat acatcgccca ggaatcacgc tgggtgctgg gtagaacaga
5641 ccctgacggg cgcggcgcgc ggggtcagg agggtttcta gggaggagc gaggaacaga
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6481 gccgcagcct cccgagtagc tgggattaca ggcagtcgcc accacgccca gctaattttg
6541 tgtttttagt agagaagggg tttctcgtg ttggtcagc tgggtctgaa ctctgacct
6601 caggtgatcc acctgccttg gcctcctaaa gtgctgggat tacaggcggt agccaccgcg
6661 cccagcctct ttcagggaac tttctacaac ttataattc aattctctgt cagaaaaaaa

FIG. 23C

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6721 tttttggcca ggctcagtag ctcagaccaa taattccagc actttgagag gctgaggtgg
6781 gaggattgct tgagcttggg agtttgagac tagcctgggc aacacagtga gaccctgtct
6841 ctatttttaa aaaaagtaaa aaaagatcta aaaatttaac tttttatntt gaaataatta
6901 gatatttcca ggaagctgca aagaaatgcc tggtagggcct gttggctgtg ggtttcctgc
6961 aaggccgtgg gaaggccctg tcattggcag aaccccgat cgtgagggct ttccttttag
7021 gctgctttct aagaggactc ctccaagctc ttggaggatg gaagacgctc acccatgggtg
7081 ttcggccctc cagagcaggg tggggcaggg gagctgggtg ctgtcagggc tgtggacatt
7141 tgcatgactc cctgtgggtc gctaagagca ccactccttc ctgaagcggg gcctgaagtc
7201 cctagtccaga gcctctggtt caccttctgc aggcagggag aggggagtca agtcagttag
7261 gagggttttc gcagtttctc ttacaaactc tcaacatgcc ctcccactg cactgccttc
7321 ctggaagccc cacagcctcc tatggttccg ttgtccagtc cttcagcttc tgggcgcccc
7381 catcacgggc tgagattttt gctttccagt ctgccaagtc agttactgtg tccatccatc
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9061 cagtgcagga acagcatggg caaaggcagg aagacaccct gggacaggct gacactgtaa
9121 aatgggcaaaa aatagaaaac gccagaaaag cctaagccta tggccatagc accagggaa
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10081 cagtggcgtg ttctgggggt cctcctctct ggtctgtgctc tgggggttcc aggggtctcg
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10381 tgcacagtct ccgggtgaac gccactgggg agaggctccc cgcagccac ctgactgtg
10441 tgggtggggc tcaggaaagt tatgacctgc ggcgctggga gaagtgggag cttggacctg
10501 ccctctgccc tgcaggagag caccctcaact acagcaagag caccaccgac aatgacatcg
10561 acatcaagga ggtcttcgtc

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FIG. 23D

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10621	cactgctgca	cctggcccag	cccgccaccc	tctcgcagac	catagtgcc	atctgcctcc
10681	cggacagcgg	ccttgccagag	cgcgagctca	atcaggccgg	ccaggagacc	ctcgtgacgg
10741	gctgggggcta	ccacagcagc	cgagagaagg	aggccaagag	aaaccgcacc	ttcgtcctca
10801	acttcatcaa	gattcccgtg	gtcccgcaca	atgagtgcag	cgaggatcatg	agcaacatgg
10861	tgtctgagaa	catgctgtgt	gcgggcatcc	tcggggaccg	gcaggatgcc	tgcgagggcg
10921	acagtggggg	gcccattggtc	gcctccttcc	acggcacctg	gttcctgggtg	ggcctgggtga
10981	gctgggggtga	gggctgtggg	ctccttcaca	actacggcgt	ttacacccaa	gtcagccgct
11041	acctcgactg	gatccatggg	cacatcagag	acaaggaagc	ccccccagaag	agctggggcac
11101	cttagcgacc	ctccctgcag	ggctgggctt	ttgcatggca	atggatggga	cattaaaggg
11161	acatgtaaca	agcacaccgg	cctgctgttc	tgtccttcca	tccctctttt	gggctcttct
11221	ggaggggaagt	aacatttact	gagcacctgt	tgtatgtcac	atgccttatg	aatagaatct
11281	taactcctag	agcaactctg	tgggggtggg	aggagcagat	ccaagttttg	cgggggtctaa
11341	agctgtgtgt	gttgaggggg	atactctgtt	tatgaaaaag	aataaaaaaac	acaaccacga
11401	agccactaga	gccttttcca	gggcttttgg	aagagcctgt	gcaagccggg	gatgctgaag
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11521	cacagaggag	gaaactgagg	ggtctgaaag	gtttacatgg	tggagccagg	attcaaactct
11581	aggtctgact	ccaaaacceca	ggtgcttttt	tctgttctcc	actgtcctgg	aggacagctg
11641	tttcgacggg	gctcagtgtg	gaggccacta	ttagctctgt	aggggaagcag	ccagagaccc
11701	agaaagtgtt	ggttcagccc	agaat			

FIG. 23E

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

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LOCUS HUMLCAT 1744 bp mRNA PRI 07-JAN-1995
 DEFINITION Human lecithin-cholesterol acyltransferase mRNA, complete cds,
 with 5' and 3' flanking DNA sequences.
 ACCESSION M12625
 NID g187022
 KEYWORDS lecithin cholesterol acyltransferase.
 SOURCE Human adult liver (library of A.Ullrich and L.Coussens), cDNA to
 mRNA, clones PL[2,4,10,12,19], and DNA.
 ORGANISM Homo sapiens
 Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
 Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 1744)
 AUTHORS McLean,J., Fielding,C., Drayna,D., Dieplinger,H., Baer,B.,
 Kohr,W., Henzel,W. and Lawn,R.
 TITLE Cloning and expression of human lecithin-cholesterol
 acyltransferase cDNA
 JOURNAL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 83 (8), 2335-2339 (1986)
 MEDLINE 86205950
 COMMENT Draft entry and sequence in computer readable form for [1] kindly
 provided by J.W.McLean, 24-JUL-1986.
 Because only the 5' and 3' flanking sequences were determined from
 DNA, it is not known whether this gene contains introns.
 FEATURES
 source Location/Qualifiers
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 /db_xref="taxon:9606"
 /map="16q22.1"
 mRNA <257..1610
 /note="LCAT mRNA"
 sig_peptide 268..339
 /gene="LCAT"
 /note="lecithin-cholesterol acyltransferase signal
 peptide"
 gene 268..1590
 /gene="LCAT"
 CDS 268..1590
 /gene="LCAT"
 /note="lecithin-cholesterol acyltransferase precursor (EC
 2.3.1.43)"
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 /db_xref="PID:g307117"
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 ETVRAAPYDWRLEPGQQEYYRKLAGLVEEMHAAYGKPVFLIGHSLGCLHLLYFLLRQ
 PQAWKDRFIDGFISLGAPWGGSIKPMVLASGDNQGIPISSIKLKEEQRITTTSPWM
 FPSRMWAPEDHVFISTPSFNITGRDFQRFFADLHFEGWYMWLQSRDLLAGLPAPGVE
 VYCLYGVGLPTPRTYIDHGFYPTDPVGVLYEDGDDTVATRSTELCGLWQGRQPQPVH
 LLPLHGIQHLNMVFSNLTLEHINAILLGAYRQGPPASPTASPEPPPPPE"

FIG. 24A

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mat_peptide 340..1587
 /gene="LCAT"
 /note="lecithin-cholesterol acyltransferase"

BASE COUNT 324 a 589 c 475 g 356 t
 ORIGIN 30 bp upstream of StyI recognition sequence.

```

1  tgaggcctga ctttttcaat aaaacattgt gtagttctgg gcctcctgct gccccggctc
61  tgtttccctt ggcgccaaga gaagaaggcg gaactgaacc caggcccaga gccggctccc
121 tgaggctgtg cccctttccg gcaatctctg gccacaacc cactggcca gcccgctccct
181 cccactggcc ctagggcccc tccactccc acaccagata aggacagccc agtgccgctt
241 tctctggcag taggcaccag ggctggaatg gggccgccc gctcccatg gcagtgggtg
301 acgctgctgc tggggctgct gctccctcct gccgcccct tctggctcct caatgtgctc
361 ttccccccgc acaccacgcc caaggctgag ctcatgaacc acacacggcc cgtcatcctc
421 gtgcccggct gcctggggaa tcagctagaa gccaaagtgg acaaaccaga tgggtgaac
481 tggatgtgct accgcaagac agaggacttc ttcaccatct ggctggatct caacatgttc
541 ctaccctctg gggtagactg ctggatcgat aacaccaggg ttgtctacaa ccggagctct
601 gggctcgtgt ccaacgcccc tgggtgccag atccgcgtcc ctggctttgg caagacctac
661 tctgtggagt acctggacag cagcaagctg gcagggtacc tgcacacact ggtgcagaac
721 ctggtcaaca atggctacgt gcgggacgag actgtgcgcg ccgccccta tgactggcgg
781 ctggagcccc gccagcagga ggagtactac cgcaagctcg cagggtggt ggaggagatg
841 cacgtgcct atgggaagcc tgtcttcctc attggccaca gcctcggctg tctacacttg
901 ctctatttcc tgctgcgcca gccccaggcc tggaaaggacc gctttattga tggcttcac
961 tctcttgggg ctccctgggg tggctccatc aagcccatgc tggctctggc ctcaggtgac
1021 aaccagggca tccccatcat gtccagcatc aagctgaaag aggagcagcg cataaccacc
1081 acctccccct ggatgtttcc ctctcgcatg gcgtggcctg aggaccacgt gttcatttcc
1141 acaccagct tcaactacac aggcgtgac ttccaacgct tctttgcaga cctgcacttt
1201 gaggaaggct ggtacatgtg gctgcagtca cgtgacctcc tggcaggact ccagcacct
1261 ggtgtggaag tatactgtct ttacggcgtg ggctgcca cgccccgcac ctacatctac
1321 gaccacggct tcccctacac ggacctgtg ggtgtgctct atgaggatgg tgatgacacg
1381 gtggcgacce gcagcaccga gctctgtggc ctgtggcagg gccgccagcc acagcctgtg
1441 cactgctgc ccctgcacgg gatacagcat ctcaacatgg tcttcagcaa cctgacctg
1501 gagcacatca atgccatcct gctgggtgcc taccgccagg gtccccctgc atccccgact
1561 gccagcccag agccccgcc tcctgaataa agaccttctt ttgctaccgt aagccctgat
1621 ggctatgttt caggttgaag ggaggcacta gagtcccaca ctaggtttca ctccctacca
1681 gccacaggct cagtgtgtg tgcagtgagg caagatgggc tctgctgagg cctgggactg
1741 agct

```

FIG. 24B

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LOCUS HUMHCII 2182 bp mRNA PRI 08-NOV-1994
 DEFINITION Human heparin cofactor II (HC-II) mRNA, complete cds.
 ACCESSION M12849 M19241
 NID g183909
 KEYWORDS heparin cofactor II; protease inhibitor.
 SOURCE Human fetal liver, cDNA to mRNA, clone lambda-HCII.7 [1]; adult liver, cDNA to mRNA, clone lambda HCII.7.1 [3].
 ORGANISM Homo sapiens
 Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1025 to 2182)
 AUTHORS Inhorn,R.C. and Tollefsen,D.M.
 JOURNAL Unpublished (1986)
 REFERENCE 2 (bases 1025 to 2182)
 AUTHORS Inhorn,R.C. and Tollefsen,D.M.
 TITLE Isolation and characterization of a partial cDNA clone for heparin cofactor III
 JOURNAL Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 137 (1), 431-436 (1986)
 MEDLINE 86242236
 REFERENCE 3 (bases 1 to 2182)
 AUTHORS Blinder,M.A., Marasa,J.C., Reynolds,C.H., Deaven,L.L. and Tollefsen,D.M.
 TITLE Heparin cofactor II: cDNA sequence, chromosome localization, restriction fragment length polymorphism, and expression in Escherichia coli
 JOURNAL Biochemistry 27 (2), 752-759 (1988)
 MEDLINE 88163663
 COMMENT [1] revises [2].
 Draft entry and computer-readable sequence of [2] kindly provided by D.M.Tollefsen, 18-AUG-1986.
 Draft entry and computer-readable sequence of [3] kindly provided by Blinder,M.A. 24-MAR-1988.
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 /map="22q11.2"
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 sig_peptide 29..85
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 gene 29..1528
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 CDS 29..1528
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 /note="heparin cofactor II precursor"
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 /db_xref="PID:g183910"
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 AMGMISLGLKGETHEQVHSILHFKDFVNASSKYEITTIHNLFRKLTHRLFRNFGYTL
 RSVNDLYIQKQFPILLDFRTKVREYYFAEAQIADFSDFAFISKTNHIMKLTKGLIKD
 ALENIDPATQMMILNCIYFKGSWVNKFPVEMTHNHNFRNLNEREVVKVSMMQTKGNFLA
 ANDQELDCDILQLEYVGGISMLIVVPHKMSGMKTLEAQLTPRVVERWQKSMTNRTREV

FIG. 25A

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LLPKFKLEKNYNLVESLKLGMGIRMLFDKNGNMAGISDQRIADLFKHQGTITVNEEGT
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 mat_peptide 86..1525
 /gene="HCF2"
 /note="heparin cofactor II"

BASE COUNT 603 a 581 c 500 g 498 t

ORIGIN 142 bp upstream from PstI site; chromosome 22.

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61	cctcatcata	acatctgcgt	ggggtgggag	caaaggcccg	ctggatcagc	tagagaaaagg
121	aggggaaact	gctcagtcgt	cagatcccca	gtgggagcag	ttaaataaca	aaaacctgag
181	catgcctctt	ctccctgccg	acttccacaa	ggaaaaacac	gtcaccaacg	actggattcc
241	agagggggag	gaggacgacg	actatctgga	cctggagaag	atattcagtg	aagacgacga
301	ctacatcgac	atcgctcgaca	gtctgtcagt	ttccccgaca	gactctgatg	tgagtgtctg
361	gaacatcctc	cagctttttc	atggcaagag	ccggatccag	cgtcttaaca	tcctcaacgc
421	caagttcgct	ttcaacctct	accgagtgc	gaaagaccag	gtcaacactt	tcgataacat
481	cttcatagca	cccgttggca	tttctactgc	gatgggtatg	atttccttag	gtctgaagg
541	agagacccat	gaacaagtgc	actcgatttt	gcattttaaa	gactttgtta	atgccagcag
601	caagtatgaa	atcacgacca	ttcataatct	cttccgtaag	ctgactcatc	gcctcttcag
661	gaggaatttt	gggtacacac	tgcggtcagt	caatgacctt	tatatccaga	agcagtttcc
721	aatcctgctt	gacttcagaa	ctaaagttaag	agagtattac	tttgctgagg	cccagatagc
781	tgactttctc	gacctgcct	tcatatcaaa	aaccaacaac	cacatcatga	agctcaccaa
841	gggcctcata	aaagatgctc	tggagaatat	agaccctgct	acccagatga	tgattctcaa
901	ctgcatctac	ttcaaaggat	cctgggtgaa	taaattccca	gtggaaatga	cacacaacca
961	caacttcgga	ctgaatgaga	gagaggtagt	taaggtttcc	atgatgcaga	ccaaggggaa
1021	cttcctcgca	gcaaatgacc	aggagctgga	ctgcgacatc	ctccagctgg	aatacgtggg
1081	gggcatcagc	atgctaattg	tgggtcccaca	caagatgtct	gggatgaaga	ccctcgaagc
1141	gcaactgaca	ccccgggtgg	tggagagatg	gcaaaaaagc	atgacaaaca	gaactcgaga
1201	agtgtctctg	ccgaaattca	agctggagaa	gaactacaat	ctagtggagt	ccctgaagtt
1261	gatggggatc	aggatgctgt	ttgacaaaaa	tggcaacatg	gcaggcatct	cagaccaaaag
1321	gatcgccatc	gacctgttca	agcaccaagg	cacgatcaca	gtgaacgagg	aaggcaccca
1381	agccaccact	gtgaccacgg	tggggttcat	gccgctgtcc	acccaagtcc	gcttactgt
1441	cgaccgcccc	tttcttttcc	tcattctacga	gcaccgcacc	agctgcctgc	tcttcatggg
1501	aagagtggcc	aaccccagca	gggtcctagag	gtggagggtct	aggtgtctga	agtgccttgg
1561	gggcaccctc	attttgttcc	cattccaaca	acgagaacag	agatgttctg	gcattcattta
1621	cgtagtttac	gctaccaatc	tgaattcgag	gcccatatga	gaggagtcta	gaaacgacca
1681	agaagagagg	cttggttgaa	tcaattctgc	acaatagccc	atgctgtaag	ctcatagaag
1741	tcaactgtaac	tgtagtgtgt	ctgctgttac	ctagaggggtc	tcacctcccc	actcttcaca
1801	gcaaacctga	gcagcgcgtc	ctaagcacct	cccgtccgg	tgaccccatc	cttgacacc
1861	tgactctgtc	actcaagcct	ttctccacca	ggccccctcat	ctgaatacca	agcacagaaa
1921	tgagtgtgtg	gactaattcc	ttacctctcc	caaggagggt	acacaactag	caccattctt
1981	gatgtccagg	gaagaagcca	cctcaagaca	tatgaggggt	gccctgggct	aatgttaggg
2041	cttaatttcc	tcaaagcctg	acctttcaaa	tccatgatga	atgccatcag	tcctcctgc
2101	tgttgccctc	ctgtgacctg	gaggacagtg	tgtgccatgt	ctcccatact	agagataaat
2161	aaatgtagcc	acatttactg	tg			

FIG. 25B

51/97

LOCUS HUMFVA 6893 bp mRNA PRI 08-AUG-1995
 DEFINITION Human coagulation factor V mRNA, complete cds.
 ACCESSION M14335 M17785
 NID g182797
 KEYWORDS coagulation factor V; factor V; glycoprotein.
 SOURCE Human liver (normal hepatocyte and HepG-2 cells), cDNA to mRNA,
 clones HV3.37, HV0.85, HV1.66 and HV2.97.
 ORGANISM Homo sapiens
 Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
 Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 3636 to 6893)
 AUTHORS Kane,W.H. and Davie,E.W.
 TITLE Cloning of a cDNA coding for human factor V, a blood coagulation
 factor homologous to factor VIII and ceruloplasmin
 JOURNAL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 83 (18), 6800-6804 (1986)
 MEDLINE 86313665
 REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 4876)
 AUTHORS Kane,W.H., Ichinose,A., Hagen,F.S. and Davie,E.W.
 TITLE Cloning of cDNAs coding for the heavy chain region and connecting
 region of human factor V, a blood coagulation factor with four
 types of internal repeats
 JOURNAL Biochemistry 26 (20), 6508-6514 (1987)
 MEDLINE 88107560
 COMMENT Draft entry and computer-readable sequence [1] kindly submitted by
 W.H.Kane, 13-JUN-1988.
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
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 /db_xref="taxon:9606"
 /map="1q21-q25"
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 /gene="F5"
 sig_peptide 77..160
 /gene="F5"
 /note="factor V signal peptide"
 CDS 77..6751
 /gene="F5"
 /note="factor V precursor"
 /codon_start=1
 /db_xref="GDB:G00-119-896"
 /db_xref="PID:g182798"

/translation="MFPGCPRLWVLVVLGTSWVGWGSQGTEAAQLRQFYVAAQGISWS
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 KNKADKPLSIHPQGIKIRYKLSSEGASYLDHTFPAEKMDDAVAPGREYTYEWSISEDGPG
 THDDPPCLTHIYYSHENLIEDFNSGLIGPLICKKGTLTGGTQKTFDKQIVLLFAVF
 DESKWSQSSSLMYTVNGYVNGTMPDITVCAHDHISWHLGMSGPELFSIHFNGQVL
 EQNHKVSAILTVSATSTANMTVGPEGKWIISLTPKHLQAGMQAYIDIKNCPKKTR
 NLKKITREQRHRMKRWEYFIAAEVIWDYAPVIPANMDKKYRSQHLDNFSNQIGKHYK
 KVMYTQYEDESFTKHTVNPNMKEDGILGPIIRAQVRDTLKIVFKNMASRPYSIYPHGV
 TFSPEYEDVNSSFTSGRNTMIRAVQGETYTYKWNILEFDEPTENDAQCCLTRPYSD
 VDIMRDIASGLIGLLICKSRSLDRRGIQRAADIEQQAVFAVFDENKSWYLEDNINKF
 CENPDEVKRDDEPKFYENIMSTINGYVPESITTLGFCFDDTVQWHFCSVGTQNEILTI

FIG. 26A

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HFTGHSFIYGRHEDTLTLFPMRGESVTVTMDNVGTWMLTSMNSSPRSKKLRLKFRDV
KICIPDDDEDSYEIFEPPPESTVMATRKMDRLEPEDEESDADYDYQNRLAALGIRSFR
NSSLNQEEEEFNLTALALENGTEFVSSNTDIIVGSNYSSPSNISKFTVNNLAEPQKAP
SHQQATTAGSPLRHLIGKNSVLNSSTAESHSPYSEDPIEDPLQPDVTGIRLLSLGAGE
FRSQEHAKRKGPKVERDQAAKHRSWMLLAHKVGRHLSQDTGSPSGMRPWEDLPSQD
TGSPSRMRPWEDPPSDLLLLKQSNSSKILVGRWHLASEKGSYEIIQDTDEDTAVERNWL
ISPQNASRAWGESTPLANKPGKQSGHPKFPVRHKSQVRQDGGKSRLKKSQFLIKTR
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TLSPDISDTTLLPDLSQISPPPDLDQIFYPSESSQSLLLQEFNESFPYDLGQMPSPS
SPTLNDTFLSKEFNPLVIVGLSKDGTDYIEIIPKEEVQSSDDYAEIDYVPYDDPYKT
DVRTNINSSRDPDNIAAWYLRNNGNRNRYIAAEEISWDYSEFVQRETDIEDSDDIP
EDTTYKKVFRKYLDSTFTKRDPGRGEYEEHLGILGPIIRAEVDDVIQVRFKNLASRPY
SLHAHGLSYEKSSEGKTYEDDSPEWFKEDNAVQPNSSYTYVWHATERSGPESPGSACR
AWAYYSAVNPEKDIHSGLIGPLLICQKGILHKDSNMPVDMREFVLLFMTFDEKKS WYY
EKKSRSWRLTSSEMKSHEFHAINGMIYSLPGLKMYEQEWRLHLLNIGGSQDIHV
HFHGQTLLENGNKQHQLGVWPLLPGSFKTLEMKASKPGWLLNTEVGENQRAGMQTPF
LIMDRDCRMPMGLSTGIIISDSQIKASEFLGYWEPRLARLNNGGSYNAWSVEKLAAEFA
SKPWIQVDMQKEVIITIGIQTQGAHYLKSCYTTEFYVAYSSNQINWQIFKGNSTRNVM
YFNGNSDASTIKENQFDPPIVARYIRISPTRAYNRPTLRLELQCEVNGCSTPLGMEN
GKIENKQITASSFKKSWWGDYWEPPFRARLNAQGRVNAWQAKANNKQWLEIDLLKIKK
ITAIITQGCKSLSSEMYVKSytiHYSEQGVWKPYRLKSSMVDKIFEGNTNTKGHVKN
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FIG. 26B

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

53/97

mat_peptide 161..6748
 /gene="F5"
 /note="factor V"
 variation 3723..4024
 /gene="F5"
 /note="ccctt in clone HV2.97 [1]"
 /replace="ccctt"

BASE COUNT 2090 a 1700 c 1423 g 1680 t
 ORIGIN 270 bp upstream of AccI site; chromosome 1q21-q25.

```

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61 gaggcagaaa ggaagcatgt tcccaggctg cccacgcctc tgggtcctgg tggctctggg
121 caccagctgg gtaggctggg ggagccaagg gacagaagcg gcacagctaa ggcagttcta
181 cgtggctgct cagggcatca gttggagcta ccgacctgag ccacaaact caagtattgaa
241 tcttctgta acttccttta agaaaattgt ctacagagag tatgaaccat attttaagaa
301 agaaaaacca caatctacca ttccaggact tcttgggcct actttatag ctgaagtcgg
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541 tgaggacagt ggacccaccc atgatgaccc tccatgcctc acacacatct attactccca
601 tgaaaaatctg atcgaggatt tcaactctgg gctgattggg cccctgctta tctgtaaaaa
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1501 tcaaccaggg gaaacctata cttataagtg gaacatctta gaggtttgat aaccacaga
1561 aaatgatgcc cagtgcctaa caagaccata ctacagtgcac gtggacatca tgagagacat
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1741 aagctggtag cttgaggaca acatcaacaa gttttgtgaa aatcctgag aggtgaaacg
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1861 gagcataact actcttggat tctgctttga tgacactgtc cagtggcact tctgtagtgt
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2161 ttttgaacct ccagaatcta cagtcattggc tacacggaaa atgcatgatc gtttagaacc
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3181 gaagcacaca caccatgtct ctttatctcc gaggaccttt caccctctaa gaagtgaagc
3241 ctacaacaca ttttcagaaa gaagacttaa gcattcgttg gtgcttcata aatccaatga
3301 aacatctctt cccacagacc tcaatcagac attgcctctt atggattttg gctggatagc

```

FIG. 26C

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

54/97

```

3361 ctcaacttctt gaccataatc agaattctctc aaatgacact ggtcaggcaa gctgtcctcc
3421 aggtctttat cagacagtgc cccagagga acactatcaa acattcccca ttcaagaccc
3481 tgatcaaatg cactctactt cagacccag tcacagatcc tcttctccag agctcagtga
3541 aatgcttgag tatgaccgaa gtcacaagtc cttccccaca gatataagtc aaatgtcccc
3601 ttctctcagaa catgaagtct ggagacagtc catctctcca gacctcagcc aggtgacctt
3661 ctctccagaa ctcagccaga caaacctctc tccagacctc agccacacga ctctctctcc
3721 agaactcatt cagagaaacc tttccccagc cctcggtcag atgcccattt ctccagacct
3781 cagccataca aecctttctc cagacctcag ccatacaacc ctttctttag acctcagcca
3841 gacaaaacctc tctccagaac tcagtcagac aaacctttct ccagccctcg gtcagatgcc
3901 cctttctcca gacctcagcc atacaaccat ttctctagac ttcagccaga caaacctctc
3961 tccagaactc agccatatga ctctctctcc agaactcagt cagacaaaacc tttccccagc
4021 cctcgggtcag atgcccattt ctccagacct cagccataca accctttctc tagacttcag
4081 ccagacaaacc ctctctccag aactcagtc aacaaaacct tccccagccc cctgtcagat
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4261 agatctcagt caaatcccc ttaccccaaga cctcgaccag atgacacttt ctccagacct
4321 tgggtgagaca gatctttccc caaaccttgg tcagatgtcc ctttccccag acctcagcca
4381 ggtgactctc tctccagaca tcagtgacac cacccttctc ccggatctca gccagatata
4441 acctcctcca gaccttgatc agatatctta ccctctgaa tctagtcagt catgtcttct
4501 tcaagaattt aatgagtctt ttcttatccc agaccttggg cagatgccat ctccctcate
4561 tcctactctc aatgataact ttctatcaaa ggaatttaac ccactggtta tagtgggctt
4621 cagtaaagat ggtacagatt acattgagat cattccaaag gaagagggtcc agagcagtga
4681 agatgactat gctgaaattg attatgtgcc ctatgatgac ccctacaaaa ctgatgttag
4741 gacaaaacatc aactcctcca gagatcctga caacattgca gcatggtacc tcccgagcaa
4801 caatggaaac agaagaaatt attacattgc tgctgaagaa atatcctggg attatccaga
4861 atttgtacaa agggaaacag atattgaaga ctctgatgat attccagaag ataccacata
4921 taagaaagta gtttttcgaa agtacctcga cagcactttt accaaacgtg atcctcgagg
4981 tgaagtatgaa gagcatctcg gaattcttgg tcctattatc agagctgaag tggatgatgt
5041 tatccaagtt cgttttaaaa atttagcatc cagaccgtat tctctacatg cccatggact
5101 ttcttatgaa aaatcatcag agggaaagac ttatgaagat gactctcctg aatggtttta
5161 ggaagataat gctgttcagc caaatagcag ttatacctac gtatggcatg ccactgagcg
5221 atcagggcca gaaagtcccg gctctgcctg tcgggcttgg gcctactact cagctgtgaa
5281 ccagaaaaaa gatattcact caggcttgat aggtccctc ctaatctgcc aaaaaggaaat
5341 actacataag gacagcaaca tgcctgtgga catgagagaa tttgtcttac tatttatgac
5401 ctttgatgaa aagaagagct ggtactatga aaagaagtc cgaagttctt ggagactcac
5461 atcctcagaa atgaaaaaat cccatgagtt tcacgccatt aatgggatga tctacagctt
5521 gcctggcctg aaaatgtatg agcaagagtg ggtgagggtta cacctgctga acataggcgg
5581 ctcccaagac attcactgtg ttcatcttca cggccagacc ttgctggaaa atggcaataa
5641 acagaccag ttaggggtct ggccttctc gcctggttca tttaaaaact ttgaaatgaa
5701 ggcatacaaaa cctggctggt ggctcctaaa cacagagggt ggagaaaacc agagagcagg
5761 gatgcaaacg ccatttctta tcatggacag agactgtagg atgccaatgg gactaagcac
5821 tggatcata tctgattcac agatcaaggc ttcagagttt ctgggttact gggagcccag
5881 attagcaaga ttaaaacaat gtggatctta taatgcttgg agtgtagaaa aacttgcagc
5941 agaatttgcc tctaaacctt ggatccaggt ggacatgcaa aaggaaagtca taatcacagg
6001 gatccagacc caaggtgcc aacactacct gaagtccctgc tataccacag agttctatgt
6061 agcttacagt tccaaccaga tcaactggca gatcttcaaa gggaacagca caaggaaatgt
6121 gatgtatttt aatggcaatt cagatgcctc tacaataaaa gagaatcagt ttgacccacc
6181 tattgtggct agatatatta ggatctctcc aactcgagcc tataacagac ctaccctctg
6241 attggaactg caaggttgtg aggtaaatgg atgtccaca ccctgggta tggaaaatgg
6301 aaagatagaa aacaagcaaa tcacagcttc ttcgtttaag aaatcttggg ggggagatta
6361 ctgggaaccc ttccgtgccc gtctgaatgc ccagggacgt gtgaatgcct ggcaagccaa
6421 ggcaaacac aataagcagt ggctagaaat tgatctactc aagatcaaga agataacggc
6481 aattataaca cagggtgca agtctctgtc ctctgaaatg tatgtaaaga gctataccat
6541 ccactacagt gagcagggag tggaaatggaa accatacagg ctgaaatcct ccatgggtga
6601 caagattttt gaaggaaata ctaataccaa aggacatgtg aagaactttt tcaaccccc
6661 aatcatttcc aggtttatcc gtgtcattcc taaaacatgg aatcaaaagta ttgcacttctg
6721 cctggaaactc tttggctgtg atatttacta gaattgaaca ttcaaaaacc cctggaagag
6781 actctttaag acctcaaac atttagaatg ggcaatgtat ttacgctgt gttaaagtgt
6841 aacagttttc cactatttct ctttcttttc tattagtga taaaatttta tac

```

FIG. 26D

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LOCUS HUMLPL 3549 bp mRNA PRI 08-AUG-1995
 DEFINITION Human lipoprotein lipase mRNA, complete cds.
 ACCESSION M15856
 NID g187209
 KEYWORDS lipoprotein lipase.
 SOURCE Human adipose tissue, cDNA to mRNA, clones LPL[35,37,46].
 ORGANISM Homo sapiens
 Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
 Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominiidae; Homo.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 3549)
 AUTHORS Wion, K.L., Kirchgessner, T.G., Lusi, A.J., Schotz, M.C. and
 Lawn, R.M.
 TITLE Human lipoprotein lipase complementary DNA sequence
 JOURNAL Science 235 (4796), 1638-1641 (1987)
 MEDLINE 87149101
 COMMENT Draft entry and clean copy sequence for [1] kindly provided by
 R.Lawn, 18-MAY-1987.
 Several mRNAs ended at around position 2416.
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
 source 1..3549
 /organism="Homo sapiens"
 /db_xref="taxon:9606"
 /map="8p22"
 mRNA <1..3549
 /gene="LPL"
 /note="LPL mRNA (alt.); G00-120-700"
 mRNA <1..3154
 /gene="LPL"
 /note="LPL mRNA (alt.); G00-120-700"
 gene 1..3549
 /gene="LPL"
 sig_peptide 175..255
 /gene="LPL"
 /note="lipoprotein lipase signal peptide; G00-120-700"
 CDS 175..1602
 /gene="LPL"
 /note="lipoprotein lipase precursor"
 /codon_start=1
 /db_xref="GDB:G00-120-700"
 /db_xref="PID:g307138"

 /translation="MESKALLVLTAVWLQSLTASRGGVAAADQRRDFIDIESKFALR
 TPEDTAEDTCHLIPGVAESVATCFNHSSKTFMVIHGWTVTGMYESWVPKLVAALYKR
 EPDSNVIVVDWLSRAQEHYPVSAGYTKLVGQDVARFINWMEEFNYPLDNVHLLGYSL
 GAHAAGIAGSLTNKKVNRITGLDPAGPNFEYAEAPSRLSPDDADFVDVLHTFTRGSPG
 RSIGIQKPVGHVDIYPNGGTFQPGCNIGEAIRVIAERGLGDVDQLVKCSHERSIHLFI
 DSSLNEENPSKAYRCSSEAFKGLCLSCRKNRCNNLGYEINKVRAKRSSKMYLKTRS
 QMPYKVFHYQVKIHFSGTESEHTNQAFEISLYGTVAESENIPFTLPEVSTNKTYSF
 IYTEVDIGELLMLKLKWKSDSYFSWSDWSSPGFAIQKIRVKAGETQKKVIFCSREKV
 SHLQKGKAPAVFVKCHDKSLNKKSG"

FIG. 27A

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```

mat_peptide      256..1599
                  /gene="LPL"
variation        1611
                  /note="lipoprotein lipase; G00-120-700"
                  /gene="LPL"
                  /note="g can be a; G00-120-700"
                  /replace="a"
variation        2743
                  /gene="LPL"
                  /note="t can be c; G00-120-700"
                  /replace="c"
variation        2851
                  /gene="LPL"
                  /note="a can be g; G00-120-700"
                  /replace="g"
BASE COUNT      1020 a    739 c    806 g    984 t
ORIGIN          Unreported.
1  ccctcttcc  tcctctctcaa  gggaaagctg  cccacttcta  gctgccctgc  catccccctt
61 aaagggcgac  ttgctcagcg  ccaaaccgcg  gctccagccc  tctccagcct  cgggtcagc
121 cggctcatca  gtccgtccgc  gccttgacgc  tcctccagag  ggacgcgccc  cgagatggag
181 agcaaagccc  tgcctcgtgt  gactctggcc  gtgtggctcc  agagtctgac  cgcctccgc
241 ggaggggtgg  ccgcccgcga  ccaaagaaga  gattttatcg  acatcgaaag  taaatttgcc
301 ctaaggaccc  ctgaagacac  agctgaggac  acttgccacc  tcattcccgg  agtagcagag
361 tccgtggcta  cctgtcattt  caatcacagc  agcaaaacct  tcattgggat  ccatggctgg
421 acggtaacag  gaattgtatg  gagttgggtg  ccaaaacttg  tggccgcctt  gtacaagaga
481 gaaccagact  ccaatgtcat  tgtgtgggac  tggctgtcac  gggctcagga  gcattaccca
541 gtgtccgcgg  gctacaccaa  actggtggga  caggatgtgg  cccggtttat  caactggatg
601 gaggaggagt  ttaactaccc  tctggacaat  gtccatctct  tgggatacag  ccttggagcc
661 catgctgctg  gcattgcagg  aagtctgacc  aataagaaag  tcaacagaat  tactggcctc
721 gatccagctg  gacctaaact  tgagtatgca  gaagccccga  gtcgtcttcc  tcctgatgat
781 gcagattttg  tagacgtctt  acacacattc  accagagggg  cccctggctg  aagcattgga
841 atccagaaac  cagttgggca  tgttgacatt  taccggaatg  gaggtacttt  tcagccagga
901 tgtaacattg  gagaagctat  ccgcgtgatt  gcagagagag  gacttggaga  tgtggaccag
961 ctagtgaagt  gctcccacga  gcgctccatt  catctcttca  tcgactctct  gttgaatgaa
1021 gaaaatccaa  gtaaggccta  caggtgcagt  tccaaggaag  cctttgagaa  agggctctgc
1081 ttgagttgta  gaaagaaccg  ctgcaacaat  ctgggctatg  agatcaataa  agtcagagcc
1141 aaaagaagca  gcaaaatgta  cctgaagact  cgttctcaga  tgccttacc  agtcttccat
1201 taccaagtaa  agattcattt  ttctgggact  gagagtgaag  cccataccaa  tcaggccttt
1261 gagattttct  tgtatggcac  cgtggccgag  agtgagaaca  tcccattcac  tctgcctgaa
1321 gtttccacaa  ataagaccta  ctccctccta  atttacacag  aggtagatat  tggagaacta
1381 ctcatgttga  agctcaaatg  gaagagtgat  tcatacttta  gctggctcga  ctggtggagc
1441 agtcccggct  tcgccattca  gaagatcaga  gtaaaagcag  gagagactca  gaaaaagggtg
1501 atcttctgtt  ctaggggaga  agtgtctcat  ttgcagaaag  gaaaggcacc  tgcggtattt
1561 gtgaaatgcc  atgacaagtc  tctgaataag  aagtcagggt  gaaactgggc  gaattctacag
1621 aacaaagaac  ggcatgtgaa  ttctgtgaag  aatgaagtgg  aggaagtaac  ttttcaaaaa
1681 cataccagct  gtttggggtg  tttcaaaagt  ggattttcct  gaattattaat  cccagcccta
1741 cccttggttag  ttattttagg  agacagctct  aagcactaaa  aagtggctaa  ttcaatttat
1801 ggggtatagt  ggccaaatag  cacatcctcc  aacgttaaaa  gacagtggat  catgaaaagt
1861 gctgttttgt  cctttgagaa  agaaataatt  gtttgagcgc  agagtaaaat  aaggctcctt
1921 catgtggcgt  attgggcat  agcctataat  tggttagaac  ctccattttt  aattggaatt
1981 ctggatcttt  cggactgagg  ccttctcaaa  ctttactcta  agtctccaag  aatacagaaa
2041 atgcttttcc  gcggcacgaa  tcagactcat  ctacacagca  gtatgaatga  tgttttagaa
2101 tgattccctc  ttgctattgg  aatgtggtcc  agacgtcaac  caggaacatg  taactggag
2161 agggacgaag  aaagggtctg  ataaacacag  aggttttaaa  cagtccttac  cattggcctg
2221 catcatgaca  aagttaaaaa  ttcaaggaga  tataaaatct  agatcaatta  attcttaata
2281 ggcttttatcg  tttattgctt  aatccctctc  tcccccttct  tttttgtctc  aagattatat
2341 tataataatg  ttctctgggt  aggtgttgaa  aatgagcctg  taatcctcag  ctgacacata
2401 atttgaatgg  tgcagaaaaa  aaaaagatac  cgtaatttta  ttattagatt  ctccaaatga
2461 ttttcatcaa  tttaaaatca  ttcaatatct  gacagttact  ctccagtttt  aggcctacct
2521 tggctatgct  tcagtgtgac  ttccagtgcg  tctcttttgt  tcctggcttt  gacatgaaaa
2581 gatagggttg  agttcaaatt  ttgcatgtgt  tgagcttcta  cagattttag  acaaggaccg
2641 tttttactaa  gtaaaagggt  ggagaggttc  ctggggtgga  ttcctaagca  gtgctgttaa
2701 accatcgctg  gcaatgagcc  agatggagta  ccatgagggt  tgttatttgt  tgttttaaac
2761 aactaatcaa  gagtgaatga  acaactattt  ataaactaga  tctctattt  ttcagaatgc
2821 tcttctacgt  ataaatatga  aatgataaag  atgtcaata  tctcagaggc  tatagctggg

```

FIG. 27B

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2881 aacccgactg tgaaagtatg tgatatctga acacatacta gaaagctctg catgtgtgtt
2941 gtccttcagc ataattcgga agggaaaaca gtcgatcaag ggatgtattg gaacatgtcg
3001 gagtagaaat tgttcctgat gtgccagaac ttcgaccctt tctctgagag agatgatcgt
3061 gcctataaat agtaggacca atgttgtgat taacatcatc aggcttggaa tgaattctct
3121 ctaaaaataa aatgatgtat gatttgttgt tggcatcccc tttattaatt cattaaatth
3181 ctggatttgg gttgtgaccc aggggtgcatt aacttaaaag attcactaaa gcagcacata
3241 gcaactgggaa ctctggctcc gaaaaacttt gttatatata tcaaggatgt tctggcttta
3301 cattttatth attagctgta aatacatgtg tggatgtgta aatggagctt gtacatattg
3361 gaaaggtcat tgtggctatc tgcatttata aatgtgtggt gctaactgta tgtgtcttta
3421 tcagtgtatg tctcacagag ccaactcact cttatgaaat gggctttaac aaaacaagaa
3481 agaaacgtac ttaactgtgt gaagaaatgg aatcagctth taataaaatt gacaacatth
3541 tattaccac

FIG. 27C

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

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LOCUS HUMTHB 26928 bp DNA PRI 14-OCT-1994
 DEFINITION Human prothrombin (F2) gene, complete cds, and Alu and KpnI repeats.
 ACCESSION M17262 M33691
 NID g558069
 KEYWORDS Alu repeat; KpnI repetitive sequence; liver specific; thrombin.
 SOURCE Human DNA.
 ORGANISM Homo sapiens
 Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 6128 to 26928)
 AUTHORS Degen, S.J. and Davie, E.W.
 TITLE Nucleotide sequence of the gene for human prothrombin
 JOURNAL Biochemistry 26 (19), 6165-6177 (1987)
 MEDLINE 88077877
 REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 6667)
 AUTHORS Bancroft, J.D., Schaefer, L.A. and Degen, S.J.
 TITLE Characterization of the Alu-rich 5'-flanking region of the human prothrombin-encoding gene: identification of a positive cis-acting element that regulates liver-specific expression
 JOURNAL Gene 95 (2), 253-260 (1990)
 MEDLINE 91065538
 REFERENCE 3 (bases 1 to 26928)
 AUTHORS Degen, S.J.
 TITLE Direct Submission
 JOURNAL Submitted (22-SEP-1987) S.J.F. Degen, Division of Basic Science Research, Children's Hospital Research Foundation, Cincinnati, OH 45229-3039, USA
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
 source 1..26928
 /organism="Homo sapiens"
 /db_xref="taxon:9606"
 /tissue_type="placenta"
 /clone="L[14,25,33,36,81]"
 /clone_lib="Lambda-10"
 /map="11p11-q12; 24 bp upstream of NcoI site"
 misc_feature 405..511
 /note="MER sequence"
 repeat_region 563..838
 /note="Alu repeat"
 protein_bind 725..731
 /bound_moiety="Apl"
 repeat_region 842..1136
 /note="Alu repeat"
 repeat_region 1148..1344
 /note="Alu repeat"
 repeat_region 1814..2070
 /note="Alu repeat"
 protein_bind 2052..2059
 /bound_moiety="Apl"
 repeat_region 2577..2870
 /note="Alu repeat"
 repeat_region 3122..3415
 /note="Alu repeat"
 repeat_region 3804..4087
 /note="Alu repeat"
 repeat_region 4210..4511
 /note="Alu repeat"
 repeat_region 4553..4793
 /note="Alu repeat"
 repeat_region 4901..5201
 /note="Alu repeat"
 protein_bind 4957..4962
 /bound_moiety="Spl"

FIG. 28A

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```

protein_bind 5084..5091
               /bound_moiety="Apl"
repeat_region 5231..5443
               /note="Alu repeat"
protein_bind 5231..5238
               /bound_moiety="EBP 20"
protein_bind 5711..5716
               /bound_moiety="Sp1"
protein_bind 5723..5730
               /bound_moiety="EBP 20"
protein_bind 6047..6054
               /bound_moiety="EBP 20"
misc_feature 6198..6237
               /note="MER sequence"
exon          6544..6653
               /note="prothrombin precursor"
               /number=1
sig_peptide   join(6575..6653,7040..7089).
               /gene="F2"
gene          join(6575..6653,7040..7200,7860..7884,8127..8177,
               10504..10609,10706..10842,13181..13495,13820..13948,
               14033..14159,15317..15484,15982..16155,16698..16879,
               26327..26397,26544..26687)
               /gene="F2"
CDS           join(6575..6653,7040..7200,7860..7884,8127..8177,
               10504..10609,10706..10842,13181..13495,13820..13948,
               14033..14159,15317..15484,15982..16155,16698..16879,
               26327..26397,26544..26687)
               /gene="F2"
               /note="precursor"
               /codon_start=1
               /product="prothrombin"
               /db_xref="PID:g339641"

/translation="MAHVRGLQLPGCLALAALCSLVHSQHVFLAPQQARSLLRVRRRA
NTFLEEVRKGNLERECVEETCSYEEAFEALESSTATDVFwakYTACETARTPRDKLAA
CLEGNCAEGLGTNYRGHVNITRSGIECQLWRSRYPHKPEINSTTHPGADLQENFCRNP
DSSTTGPWCYTTDPTVRRQEC SIPVCGQDQVTVMTPRSEGSSVNLSPPLEQCVPDRG
QQYQGR LAVTTTHGLPCLAWASQAQAKALSKHQDFNSAVQLVENFCRNPDGDEEGWVCYV
AGKPGDFGYCDLNYCEEAVEEETGDGLDEDSdraIEGRTATSEYQTFFNPRTFGSGEA
DCGLRPLFEKKSLEDKTERELLESYIDGRIVEGSDAEIGMSPWQVMLFRKSPQELLCG
ASLISDRWVLTAAHCLLYPPWDKNFTENDLLVRIGKHSRTRYERNIEKISMLEKIYIH
PRYNWRENLD RDIALMKLKKPVAFSDYIHPVCLPDRETAASLLQAGYKGRVTGWGNLK
ETWTANVGKGQPSVLQVVNLPIVERFVCKDSTRIRITDNMFCAgyKPDEGKRGDACEG
DSGGPFV MKSPFNrWYQMGIVSWGEGCDRDGKYGFYTHVFRLLKKWIKVIDQFGE"
intron        6654..7039
               /note="prothrombin intron A"
exon          7040..7200
               /gene="F2"
               /number=2
mat_peptide   join(7090..7200,7860..7884,8127..8177,10504..10609,
               10706..10842,13181..13495,13820..13948,14033..14159,
               15317..15484,15982..16155,16698..16879,26327..26397,
               26544..26687)
               /gene="F2"
               /product="thrombin"

```

FIG. 28B

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

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```

intron      7201..7859
            /note="prothrombin intron B"
exon        7860..7884
            /gene="F2"
            /number=3
intron      7885..8126
            /note="prothrombin intron C"
exon        8127..8177
            /gene="F2"
            /number=4
intron      8178..10503
            /note="prothrombin intron D"
repeat_region 8330..8675
            /note="Alu repeat copy A"
repeat_region 9030..9161
            /note="Alu repeat copy B"
repeat_region 9176..9475
            /note="Alu repeat copy C"
repeat_region 9643..9937
            /note="Alu repeat copy D"
exon        10504..10609
            /gene="F2"
            /number=5
intron      10610..10705
            /note="prothrombin intron E"
exon        10706..10842
            /gene="F2"
            /number=6
variation   10774
            /gene="F2"
            /note="c in DNA; a in cDNA"
intron      10843..13180
            /note="prothrombin intron F"
repeat_region 10933..11232
            /note="Alu repeat copy E"
repeat_region 12089..12390
            /note="Alu repeat copy F"
repeat_region 12391..12689
            /note="Alu repeat copy G"
exon        13181..13495
            /gene="F2"
            /number=7
intron      13496..13819
            /note="prothrombin intron G"
exon        13820..13948
            /gene="F2"
            /number=8
intron      13949..14032
            /note="prothrombin intron H"
exon        14033..14159
            /gene="F2"
            /number=9
intron      14160..15316
            /note="prothrombin intron I"
repeat_region 14325..14643
            /note="Alu repeat copy H"
repeat_region 14820..15126
            /note="Alu repeat copy I"
exon        15317..15484
            /gene="F2"
            /number=10
intron      15485..15981
            /note="prothrombin intron J"
exon        15982..16155
            /gene="F2"

```

FIG. 28C

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```

            /number=11
intron      16156..16697
            /note="prothrombin intron K"
repeat_region 16306..16596
            /note="Alu repeat copy J"
exon        16698..16879
            /gene="F2"
            /number=12
intron      16880..26326
            /note="prothrombin intron L (no splice consensus at
            16880); putative"
repeat_region 16952..17098
            /note="potential new repetitive element copy A; putative"
repeat_region 17145..17206
            /note="potential new repetitive element copy B; putative"
repeat_region 17375..17614
            /note="Alu repeat copy K"
repeat_region 18250..18531
            /note="Alu repeat copy L"
repeat_region 18545..18795
            /note="Alu repeat copy M"
repeat_region 19231..19527
            /note="Alu repeat copy N"
repeat_region 19706..20012
            /note="Alu repeat copy O"
repeat_region 20584..20815
            /note="Alu repeat copy P"
repeat_region 21088..21375
            /note="Alu repeat copy Q"
repeat_region 21120..21290
            /note="KpnI repeat copy A"
repeat_region 21387..21539
            /note="Alu repeat copy R"
repeat_region 21814..22110
            /note="Alu repeat copy S"
repeat_region 22315..22434
            /note="Alu repeat copy T"
repeat_region 22441..22738
            /note="Alu repeat copy U"
repeat_region 22748..22921
            /note="Alu repeat copy V"
repeat_region 22922..23203
            /note="Alu repeat copy W"
repeat_region 23204..23496
            /note="Alu repeat copy X"
repeat_region 23558..23876
            /note="Alu repeat copy Y"
repeat_region 24037..24363
            /note="KpnI repeat copy B"
repeat_region 24421..24720
            /note="Alu repeat copy Z"
repeat_region 24721..25015
            /note="Alu repeat copy AA"
repeat_region 25112..25282
            /note="Alu repeat copy AB"
repeat_region 25283..25575
            /note="Alu repeat copy AC"
repeat_region 25752..25998
            /note="Alu repeat copy AD"
exon        26327..26397
            /gene="F2"
            /number=13
intron      26398..26543
            /note="prothrombin intron M"

```

FIG. 28D

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                    /note="prothrombin precursor"
                    /number=14
polyA_signal        26765..26770
repeat_region       26881..26928
                    /note="Alu repeat copy AE"
BASE COUNT          6463 a 6624 c 6755 g 7086 t
ORIGIN
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61  tttattccac acctctcttc tcattcactc ctggttaggtc atttttaattg atttgatgta
121 tatactgaat ttggatgctt cttgctacag ggcaaagacg ctaataagat tttgctggag
181 ccttttcaca gatgcaagtc aatccaggca gtgtctatag ctgctgaacc caaaatcaga
241 aagcgagggc tatcaaagct cttctgtcct gatttgcaac tttagtagtg caagaaaaaa
301 aatcttagaa taaaaaatgg gtaccgttca gagaccttta gagattgcaa ggcatacag
361 atgataaaaa gctccatctc tagacgtgtt caggagtggg ttggggcttt gaccttgact
421 agctgcatca acttgacaaa gtcacttcgc ttccctgtgc ctcagtttcc tcatacataa
481 aatggggata agtatagtac ctacctcata agtctgcctt acctagcaca tggtagcaa
541 ttactaaatt gtaggcctag tccctataat cccagcactt ttggagaaca aggtagggga
601 atcgcttgaa gccaggagtt ccagaccagc ctggccaaca tagtgagact gtgtttctat
661 aaaataaaaa aaaaaaatat ccaagcttgg tggtagcaggc ctgtagtccc ggctacttgg
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841 ggccaggcac agtgggttcat gcctgtaatt ccaacatttt gggaggccaa gccagggtga
901 tcaactgtgag ctacagcagtt cgagaccagc ctgggcaaca aggcaaaaatc ctgtctctac
961 taaaattaca aaaattagcc aggagaggtg gtacacgcct gtaatcccag ttactgggga
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1201 ggaggctaga ggtgggagga tcacttgagc caggagttct aggtctcagt gagctattat
1261 cagccacca tactccagcc tgctgtatgt actccagcct gggcaacaga ttgacacct
1321 gtctcaaaag aaagtaaaat aaaaattaaa aaacaaatta ctaaattgta cttaacagta
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1981 aggtctgattt caaactcctg acctcaagtg atctgtctac ctcagcctcc caaagtgtctg
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2221 agtcgaaagg gaaaaaaatt catttttgtc ttaataaggc aaattcacia tttttgaggt
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2521 ctgccccccg ctttgttatg gccttgctcc tatagggcaa gaatatctgc ttttaaggccg
2581 ggtgtggttg ctcaggcctg taatcccagc actttgaggg gccaaaggcg gcagatcacc
2641 tgaggtcagg agtttgagac cagcctggcc agtatggtga aatcctgtct ctactaaaaa
2701 taacaaaaat tagctgggtg tggtagcaca cacctgtaat cccagctatt tgggaggccg
2761 aaacaagaga accactgaa cccaggaggc ggaggttgcg gtgagccgag attatgccac
2821 tgactccag cctgggaaac agagcaagat tccgtctcac acacaaaaaa tatatatatg
2881 tctgctttaa gtatgcaggc cgtgtttgtg ctgaacggca ggaatgccaa acttggctgc
2941 atggtaccaa ctagggacct cagagttcca aggagaacaa acagtgggtt cctggaggct
3001 gggggcttgt atcagacct gaagactaag catgtgctgg gtccattgtt gtccctgcacc
3061 catggtagtg cactaaacac ctaacctata tttaaagtgt tttgtttgtc caaaaaatgt
3121 cttttttttt tgggagtcac gagtcttgct ctgttgccca ggctggagtg cagtgcacag
3181 atctcagctc actgcagcct ccgcctcccg ggttcaagct attctcctgt ctcagcctcc
3241 caaatagctg agactatagg cacgcacatc catgccagc taattttttt atttttagta

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FIG. 28E

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7021 cccccaccg cctttacagt gttcttggct cctcagcaag caggtcgct gctccagcgg
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FIG. 28F

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8401 agacagagtc tcgtctgttt gccagggtg gagtgcagtg gcacgatctt ggctcactgt
8461 aaactccgcc tcctggattc aagcaattct ctgctcaaac ctcccaagta gctgggatta
8521 cagggtgctg ccaccacgcc tagctaattt cctcgtgatc caccacctc ggctcaaaag
8581 atgttggcca ggtctgtctt gaactcctga cctcgtgatc caccacctc ggctcaaaag
8641 tgctgggatt atagaagtga gccaccgcgc ctggccatga attcatgttt aaggcttcat
8701 tctcctttgc ctgaccgag tctctgcccc cacctagtca gagctttgat gatgtcacat
8761 tcccccttcta gctttagggt tcaactgaacc aaacagggaac ccaaaccctc agctgctctg
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8881 tcaatttctt ctggagcgac catcacatct actgaacact ttctatctct tcaaggactg
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9661 agcctgtaat cctagcactt tgggagctga ggtggcgcc caggccaggg gtttgagacc
9721 atcttggcca acatagttaa acccccaccc tctactaaaa atacaaaaat tagctggggt
9781 gtgggtggcac gcgcctgtaa tccctagctac tagggaggct gatggggaga atttcttgaa
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10381 gggatgaatg aggttcagga ttgtggacct gcatgagctg ggaggtgggg gatagacaac
10441 tttgcaggga gagaggaaat aagtcaccag gctccaaggc tgaccggggg ggggtctccg
10501 caggtaactg tgctgagggt ctgggtacga actaccgagg gcatgtgaac atcaccgggt
10561 caggcattga gtgccagcta tggaggagtc gctaccacac taagcctgag tgagtggagg
10621 gtgggccttc ccaccatggg ctgagaacag ggagcaagcg tacctcaagt tcaacagcct
10681 cctgttgggc aatttctct tccagaatca actccactac ccattctggg gccgacctac
10741 aggagaattt ctgccgaac cccgacagca gcaccaggg accctggtgc tacactacag
10801 accccaccgt gaggaggcag gaatgcagca tccctgtctg tggtaggtg ggggcagtg
10861 ggcgacccat gaccaagccc gggggcttca tggggcctg cagcctggga tgggaaccaa
10921 gaatactggc taccaggca cagtggctca tgcccgtaat cccagcactt tgggaggctg

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FIG. 28G

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

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10981 aggcaggcag atcacctgag gtcaggggtt tgagaccagc tgggccaaca tggcaaaacc
11041 ccgtctctac taaaaataca aaaattgccg ggcgtgggtg tgggcgcctg taatcccaac
11101 tactctggag gctgaggcac gagaatcgct tgaacccggg aggcggagtt tgcaagtgcg
11161 tgagatcctg ccactgtact tcagcctagg cgacaagagc aaaactctgt ctcaaagaaa
11221 aaaaaaagat gctggccacc ttcagagctg gcgtcagtc ttcagatcat atctgtgcct
11281 attgctcagt aaagtccagg aatcagggga tctgagtggt gggatctgcc agcctcctcc
11341 tccccctccc cactcttgac ttccttatgg tctaggctgt ggctcattcc aaacatgcct
11401 cctttctgat caaggcactc ctccctccgg gaagccctcc ctagccattt cagtccacac
11461 accctgttct gagtatcaca gagcaagcct tgtgcagttt ggcccgcggg attctgtcat
11521 tattattttcc ttggtgtggt aagtagctat agccaccctt tccctgaggc agaccacaat
11581 aagcattttct tttcccatg aggggtggca ggtgtggctg cactcgtctaa tgcgtctgta
11641 ggggtcaactg acggagggtt gccctggctg ggtggctctg attcaataaa tgggtccagc
11701 tgagtctggc tcctcgttga ggggtggggt tagatctgct ccacgtgcgt tcatgctggg
11761 gctgaggctg aaagaaggta cctgggaaaa ctcttcttat gctgatgaca gacacagaaa
11821 acaatgaaca gaaaagcgtc tctgtcctg aaggcctggc tcagaacagg cacagtacgc
11881 cctgcccacg ttcattggc cagagcaagt atatgttcaa ggccagggtc aagaggtaaa
11941 ctacacctca gctgtaaaa tcacagagca agggatgtgg atgcaggcag gggtaaaaga
12001 tttgtgccga ttaccagtcc acaaacatgc gttagtgttt gttctctagg caaccctgtc
12061 gggccattg ctcatctctg ggggtgggtt tttttttttt tctttctaa aaggagtctc
12121 actcccttgc ccaggctgtt ggagtgcagt ggcctatctc cagctcactg caacctccgc
12181 ctccctgggtt caagcgattc ccctgcttca gcctcctgag tagctaggat tacaggcggtg
12241 tgccaccact cctggctaatt ttttttttat gttagttagg acggggtttc accatgttgg
12301 ccaggctgat ctcaaacctc tgacctgtgt acctcccg ctcggcctcc caaactgctg
12361 agattacagg ggtgaggcac tgcgcccagc catttttttt tttttttttt tttgagatgg
12421 agtctcactc tcacccaggc tggagtgcag tggcataatc ttggctcact gcaacctcca
12481 cctcctgggt tcaggcgatt ctctgcctca gcctctcata tagctgggat tacaggcaca
12541 cgccaccacg ccttgctaatt tttgtatttt tctgcccagc tgggtttctt catgttggcc
12601 ttgctgact tgaactcctt gttccgggtg tctgcccagc tggcctccc aaagtctggg
12661 gattacagggt gtaagccact gcgctgggct cctggtattg gtcttatagc aagtttatcc
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13441 tgctatgtgg ccgggaagcc tggcgacttt gggtaactgc acctcaacta ttgtgtgag
13501 ctgcctgggt agggggcctg agttgcaggg acaaatccta gtgggaataa caacagccgc
13561 ttctgcttat cgaacgctta cctcatttag tgcgctcatt acagccttac agtaaccagg
13621 tgggggggtaa ggtcctgtgc ccatttcaca gataagtaca ctgaggcccc agggagttat
13681 tgccctagtag cccaactgtg catgcacgct taacctctgc accaaatggc ctccaaggcc
13741 cgtaggggaa ctggggggat ctagggggat ggtgaggaat ggcccagccc agtcccggcc
13801 ggtgcctggg tcccaacaga ggaggccgtg gaggaggaga caggagatgg gctggatgag
13861 gactcagaca gggccatcga agggcgctacc gccaccagt agtaccagac tttcttcaat
13921 ccgaggacct ttggctcggg agaggcaggt gaggtagtgg gcatccgagg ggaatgcggg
13981 ctgcggggct ggtggccagg acttggccct cactgcttgg ctgtctctgc agactgtggg
14041 ctgcgacctc tgttcgagaa gaagtgcgtg gaggacaaaa ccgaaagaga gctcctggaa
14101 tcctacatcg acgggcgcat tgtggagggc tccgatgcag agatcgccat gtcaccttgg
14161 tgtgtcctgg agecctgcgc taccattcac tectgggggc aggtgtgtct ctggacccc
14221 accctcaggc cctgcctgca ggcctgggct ttacagatga caacagctga gcatccagga
14281 tcccaccaac tccacacagc agccacatga gatgggttgt ttacttcttt ttttttgtt
14341 tcttagatgg agtcttgcct tgtcacctag gctggagtgc agtgcgtcaa tctcggtca
14401 ctacctcgat ctacgtcac tgcaacttct gccttccggg ttcaaacgat tctcttgct
14461 cagcctcctg agtagctgaa tttacagaca tgcgccacca caccgggcta atttttgtat
14521 ttttaagtaga gacagggttt caccatgttg gccaggctgg tcttgaactc ctgacctcaa
14581 gtgatccacc tgcctcagcc tcccaaagtg ccgggattac aggcattgag caccacacc
14641 ggcccatggg tcccttactt ctaagcagat ggtaaagctg agactgacgg agctgggtgg
14701 tcacctccgc gcacagctaa tgggtttgaa tccagttctt ctgattccag agctgtgcta
14761 cgctatgtga actctggact ggaaggacct agttaggggg tgcaaaaagc agggaggcag

FIG. 28H

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14821 tcagggtgcag tggctcaccc ctgtaatccc agcacttttg gaggccaaaga caggaagatc
 14881 acttgagggc aggagttcga ggccagcttg ggcaaaatgg taaaaccccg tctctactaa
 14941 aaatgcaaaa attagccagg ttagcagca tgccctgta gtcccagcta ctaaggaggc
 15001 tgaggcggga ggatcgccct agcccaagag gctgaggctt cagtaagctg tgactgtacc
 15061 attgcaactcc agcctgggtg acaagagtga gaccctgtct caaaaataaa taaataaata
 15121 aataaaaaagt gtgaggcagc ccctcagcat cacacggagg ctccagcccc aaaggcggcc
 15181 agcccaagct tggatctggg ccccgagggc agctctgccc agctgggttc ttagacctgg
 15241 gattgttact tctagggtcg gtgtagaggc agcccccctca tctcagctc ctaatgcttc
 15301 ctgctgcccc tcccaggcag gtgatgcttt tccggaagag tcccaggag ctgctgtgtg
 15361 gggccagcct catcagtgcg cgctgggtcc tcaccgccc cactgcctc ctgtaccgcg
 15421 cctgggacaa gaacttcacc gagaatgacc ttctgggtgc cattggcaag cactcccgca
 15481 caaggtagag aactgttgcc ccgtgggtgt ctggcagggg tctgagtcct caaaagcgat
 15541 catgaggggc cttggtggct ccgggacaca taggatgttc tgtatacccc ccagaatata
 15601 acatcccagc agtctctgct ggaaagccat ttggtcacgt cctgactgag gcttgaggcg
 15661 cgggggagaat ccgtctgtct ctggtccctc caacactagg atatagccca tgtgggagtc
 15721 tctgaaaata gactctgtct ggactagggc tgccctgtc cccgtctcc
 15781 aggtctgtctg actccaaagc cctgcacggc tttaggccca ggaagaaaca cccagggggc
 15841 tgccatggca ggaaccagcc ctatcccctc cctggtggcc tgcaggacac actgtctccc
 15901 agaaccacaa gggcaggcag ttctctgctc cttgctgggt gaacctgcag cttctccatt
 15961 tctttcttgg ggtctctgca ggtacgagcg aaacattgaa aagatatcca tgttggaata
 16021 gatctacatc caccacaggt acaactggcg ggagaacctg gaccgggaca ttgcccctgat
 16081 gaagctgaag aagcctgttg ccttcagtga ctacattcac cctgtgtgtc tgcccagacag
 16141 ggagacggca gccaggtggg ccaccagatg cttgttagct gaggggcaga agccaagttc
 16201 tgggcctggc tctgatacca agtagccttg caagagcccc tttccctttt ccaggcctcg
 16261 gtttcttggg gtgaacccaa aagttctttt cagtactggc gttttatttt ttatttatat
 16321 ttattttatt actgacggag ttccactctt gtctcccagg ctggagtcta gttgtgcgat
 16381 cttggctcac tgcaacccca cctcctgggt tcaagcgact ctctgcctc agtctctga
 16441 gttagctggg ttacaggcta atttttgtat ttttagtaga gactgggtggg tttcacctg
 16501 tcggccaggt tggctctgaa cccctgacct caagtgtatc accgcctcg gcctcccaaa
 16561 gtgccgagac cacaggcgtg aacgtctgtg ccagccagc tctggcgttt tagattctgg
 16621 tctctaagaa atggcggttg ggccaggcgg ctctgtggg ggttggctct cactaggccc
 16681 ttcttccttc cccaaagctt gctccaggct ggatacaagg ggcgggtgac aggtcggggc
 16741 aacctgaagg agacgtggac agccaacgtt ggttaagggg agcccagtg cctgcaggtg
 16801 gtgaacctgc ccattgtgga gcgcccggtc tgcaaggact ccacccggat ccgcatact
 16861 gacaacatgt tctgtgctgg caagtctgtg cagggcgggc tgagggaaac gtggggccca
 16921 agctgggaga actgagttgt gcctgggttc aagccatgtg actttgagca agttgcctaa
 16981 cctcttgggt gctcagtttc ttctctgtga aaatggaggt aaaagtctct atcccataag
 17041 gttatgggag ggttaaatga agtagtatat attaatgtac ttggcatagt atcagtcacc
 17101 agtgagctca gatagcagca agaggctgcg ggtagggaaa tgccattcat tcagtcactc
 17161 agcaaatatt tattgagcgc ctatcacgtt ccaggcagcg gagcttcctt cctaggaggg cacatccata
 17221 acccagacgg acaatgtctg ccttgaccag tgctgtgaag aaaaatgaag cacagggaga
 17281 aacagatcta aaacagcaat ccctgaccag aggttgggca gacaaggttg gcagatcact
 17341 gagaacggct gatgaagtgg gcttctaaat aggggtggcc aaccccgctc ctactaaaaa
 17401 tgaggtcagg agttcaagac cagcctggcc gctgtagtc gcagctactc agggagctga
 17461 tacaaaaatt agctgggtcat ggtgacgcat gagggtgcag tgagctgaga tcgggcatca
 17521 ggcaggagaa ttgcttgagc cagggaggcg gagggtgcag gatcgatcaa tcaatcaatc
 17581 ttgcaactcca gctgggcaac acagcaagac tccattgatc tgatgtctgg gcagggactg
 17641 aggtggccag agaaggttg agaaggcctc atctagggga ggagcaccgc aggtcggggg
 17701 gaagagggga aggaaggagt gagcaggcat gactccttgg cttgtctggg gagcagtagg
 17761 catggcaggc actaaggccc tgaggtggga gactccttgg gagagagggg ggcaggcaga
 17821 gaggcctggg gggctgagga ggggcagcag tgggtgaggg gtgagatggg aagttattga
 17881 ggacagccac ttcttttagg gcctggaagg actttattga actgacttta aaagtaaaaa ataaaaaaat
 17941 ggggcttgag gcagggttaag aaatgatgtg actgacttta gtaaaaaataa tacaaagatt tcctgtatac
 18001 tttagtgaat ttcagactca cagaaaagtt gtaaaaaataa tttttatata tatatatgca
 18061 tgtcatccag attgtcctcc attctgtgga tgtgtgggaa ctttttacc ataaatactt gatttttcc
 18121 tagtttgaga gcaaatcatg aatatggttt cttatgcaac cacaatacaa atattaaaac
 18181 aaaaaaaaaa aaaataccca aggatgttct ctatgcacac ttgagtgcag tggcacaatc
 18241 ccggaaattt ttttttgaca tagcttcgag gctcccagg tcaagtgtat ctcctgcctc agcctcctga
 18301 tcggctcact gcaacctcct gtactaccat gcctagctaa tttttgtatt ttagtagag
 18361 gtactgggaa tcacaggcat ccaggtcggt cttgaactcc gacctcaggt gattcacctg
 18421 acagggtttc accatgttgg gggattacag gcgtgaacca ctgtactcgg ccaaaccag
 18481 cctcggcctc ccaaagtgct agatggaaac ttgctctgtt gcccaggcta gagtgcagtg
 18541 gaaatttttt ttttttttga gaattacagg tgccctgccac cagcccccgc taactttttg
 18601 gcatggtctc ggcttacttg

FIG. 28I

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18661 tatttttagt attttagta gtgatgggt ttcaccatgt tggccaggct ggtcttgaac
18721 tcctgacctc gggtaatcca cccacctcgg cttcccaaag tgctgggatt acaggcgtga
18781 gcaccagcac ctggcccaaa accaggaaat taatgatgat acaatattat tgtctaattc
18841 atagacctta ttcaaatttt tgtagtctt gctaattgtc tttataggga aaaaaaaaaa
18901 aaaaagcgtg ttctcacc ccaggattcaat gaaggatctt tctttgtctt ctatgacctt
18961 gacatgtctg atgagtgcag tctggttatt ttgtacactg gccctgaatc cgggtttgtc
19021 taagggttcc tcacggtcag gttcgggctc agtggtgcca tgtccttctt ggtgcatcct
19081 gtttaactggc acatgagaac aatttgtctc atatgtggtg agtctaactc tgacctcttg
19141 aggaaggcaa tgtctgccaa gtttcttgct gtaacttctg ttttccctt tgaattaat
19201 aagaatctgg taaagagaca ctttgatggt tttttttttt tttttttttg tgatggagtc
19261 tccctctatc acccgggctg gagtgtgtgg tgcgatctcg gctcactgca acctccatcc
19321 cccaggttca agtgattctc ctgcctcagc ctcccaagta gcagggatta caggcatgtg
19381 ccaccacacc cagctaattt ttgtattttt agtagagatg gggtttcacc atgttgcca
19441 ggatggtctc gaactcctga ccttgtgac cgtctgcctc agcctcccaa agtgctggga
19501 ttacagggtg gagccaatac gcctggccta ctttgatatt ttgtattctg ttgcatcaa
19561 aaccttctcc caactagggt gactaccaa tggcacttat ctaattctgt cattccttct
19621 acatttgtaa gttactttat gtttctctt cctttcatc tatcagtgt gacttaagga
19681 tccttacttt attctaaggg ttcacctttt ttttctttt ttttgagatg gagtctcgcc
19741 catggtgccc aggctggatg gagtgcattg gcgtgatctc ggctcactgc aacgtcctcc
19801 tcccagggtc aagcaattct cctgcctcag cctcctgagt agctgggatt acaggcatgt
19861 gccaccacgc ctggctaatt ttttgattt ttagtagaga cagggtttca ccatgttggc
19921 caggctggtc tcgaactcct gacctcaggt gatccgcccg cctcagcctt ccaaggttct
19981 gggattataa gcgtgagctc taccgtgccca ggccatactt tgttactact gttattttt
20041 ctgatgctca gatgatccca agtttgccct gtggaagtcc cttcaagctg gcttctgtga
20101 cttggggaga tgttctgtca tcttttgagt actttctttc tttctggcac agcaaatga
20161 ttcagggttaa tctactttc cttactgtag tgttggaacc agccatttct ccagggaacc
20221 cttgtagtca agagtggat ttagaactga gatctgggtg ctggcggtg cactattgcta
20281 gtgggatgtc attacttcta ggtctcttta gtggacagaa ccagaaaaaa attatatgat
20341 gcatatacca atatctctat catctatata aaaaaccatg agttcctact gaaacctcca
20401 attccattct aacaccacag gattaatttt agcttttctt tttccatatt tgtaactctc
20461 tctgttgaca gtgagaaacc tgacctcat tatctgtaat gcatttgctt atttgaacaa
20521 tactagaata tagtttcaaa atctccatc cataacacta ttaaaaccaa tccatggct
20581 gggctcagcc cactgcaacc tctgcctcct ggactcaagc cagcctccca ctttagcctc
20641 ccgagtagcc agggctacag gcacacacca ccatgccag ctaatttttg tatttttgt
20701 agagactggg tctcactgtg ttgccagac aggtcttgaa ctctgagctc aagtgatcca
20761 tccaactcag cctcccaaag tgctaggatt acagggtgta gtcaccatgc ctggcctctc
20821 ctagttaaatt tttagaagtg gtgttgtag gtcaaaaggc aaacatgtat gtcattttt
20881 agagattttt aaatttctt ccataagggt tgtaccagt tgcatttcca tcacagtga
20941 tgagaatgcc tgtttcccca caaccttgcc aaaagaatgt cacagtttaa attttaccaa
21001 tctgagaggt gagaaatagt acctgaaatt gtttaacgga catcttcaaa ttgaaattga
21061 ggttgacaac gaatcatagt taggaccttt ttttttttt tttttgagtg ggtctcctcg
21121 taaccaagct gagtgcattg cacgatttgc tcaactgcaac ttccgccttc tgggttcaag
21181 cgattctcct gcttcagcct cccaagcagc tgggactcca ggccgagctt acctgccc
21241 ctaatttttg tatttttagt agagacaggg ttttaccaga ttggccaggc tggctctgaa
21301 ctecttacct tgtgatctc ccgcctcggc ctcccaaagt gctgagatta caggcatgag
21361 ccaccacgcc tggcctaagg accattttta tataattttt ttttgagac agagtcttgc
21421 tttgtcacc ccaggctgag gcaatggtgc aatcttggct cactgcagcc tccactccc
21481 tgggtcaagt gattctcctg cctcagcctc ccgagtagct ggttccacag gtgctgctc
21541 ggctagtatt tgtattatat aatttttttg tgaattgtct cttcatgggt ttttggccat
21601 tttttggtec ctttcttct aatttttggt agttcttctg atttatatta ggcctttatt
21661 tgtgatatac attgcaaatg ttttctccta gtttgtcagt ttttttaacc tcatgtataa
21721 ttttctggc catgcagttt aaaaaattac taggtagtca aatttatcaa tcattattta
21781 taaatctggt ttgaacagag ataaacttct ctggccaagt gtggtgttta cacctgtaat
21841 cccagcactc tgagaggctg aggtggggat cacctgaggt cagaagtcca agaccagcct
21901 ggccaacatg gtgaaaccct gtctctacta aaaatacaaa aattagctgg gcgtgggtggc
21961 tgatgcctgt agtcccagct actcaggaga ctgaggctgg agaattgctt gaacctggga
22021 ggcggagggt gcagtgcagc gagatcgtgc cgctgcactc cagcctgggt gacagagcaa
22081 gactctgtct caaaaaacaaa acgacaaaaa acaaacacag aaaaaccttt cctgatagct
22141 aggtcattga ggaattcact catgttttct tctagtacct gatttcattt ttctgcactt
22201 agattcctga ctcatatgga gtttattttt gtatctgatg tgaggcatag atctaattta
22261 tttatttcca aatggctaac tagctgtctc taaacccttt attaaaaatt attggccaag
22321 tgcggtagcc acacctgtaa tcccagcagt ttggaaggct gaggcaggat tgcttgaggc
22381 caggaaattca aaaccagccc agacaacata gcaagaccct gtctctacaa gaaaatattg
22441 gtcagggtgt gtggctcacg cctataatcc cagcactttg ggaggtcag gcagggtgag

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FIG. 28J

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22501 catgaggtca ggagatagag accatcctgg ccaacatggt gaaacccctcg tctctactaa
22561 aatacaaaaa attagctggg tgtgggtggcg catgcctgta gtaccagcta ctcaggaggc
22621 tgaggcaggg gaatcatttg aaccaggag gtggagggtg cagtgaagctg agatcacgcc
22681 attgaactcc agcctggcga cagagcaaga ctccatctca aaaaaaaaag gaaaaagaaa
22741 atatttttaa aattagctgg gcatgggtggc atgtgccttg tagtctcagc tacttgagag
22801 gctgagttag gaggattgct tgagcctagg agttcaatac tgcagtgaagc tatgaccgca
22861 ccattgcact ccagcctggg caacagagtg agaccctgtt tctattaaaa aaaaaaatc
22921 ggctggggcg ggtggctcac gcctgtaac ctagcacttt gggaggccga ggcgagcgga
22981 tcacctgagg tcaggagtcc aagaccagcc tgaccaacat ggaaaaaccc tgtctctgct
23041 aaaaatacaa aattagccag acatggaggc acatgtctgt aatcccagct actcgggagg
23101 ctgaggcagg agaatcgctt gaacctggga gacggagggt gcagtgaagc gagatccctc
23161 cattgcactc cagcctgggc aacaagagta aaaactccgt ttcgccaggt gcggtgactc
23221 acacctgtaa tcccagcact ttgggaggcc gaggtgggtg aatcacaagg tcaggagtgt
23281 gagacaagcc tggccgacat ggtgaaaccc catctctact aaaatacaaa aaattagcct
23341 ggcatgggtg tgtgcccctg taatcccagc tacttgggag gctgaggcag gggaaatcact
23401 tgaacctggg agggaggagt tgcaagtgag cgagatgggt ccactgcat ccagcctggc
23461 aacagagcga gactctatct caaaatcaat caatcaatca atcaatcttt gaactagtga
23521 tttgagattt cacttttacc acattctaga ttgtatctta ttttcattta tttatttgaa
23581 atatagacaa gtctccctgt gctgcccagg ctgatttcaa actcctggct gggctcgagc
23641 aagtctcccc ccttgccctc ccaactgctc gggattacag acgtgagcca ccatacctga
23701 ccagggtttt attttttagt tttatttttt cctgcatcca gctaatttga tttgatttgt
23761 agagacgggg tcttgctatg ttacctaggc tggctctgaa ctcttgggct caagtgatcc
23821 tctacacttg gcctcccaaa gtgttgggat taccagcatg agccacgggtg cccagcccca
23881 cgttctagat ttctatggat agagtatgct taaggatgag tatgtttctg gatgttcgac
23941 tcggctttcc tgggtctgtg tctgtctgtg tacagcgtca cattgtttta atgatagagg
24001 ctttagcgta catagctggg aaggctaatt ttctctttta gtttttcttt ccagtgggtt
24061 cctggcaatt cttgcatggt tgtttttcca tatgaacttt agtgtcaaca tgcctaggtc
24121 tataaaaaag cttggtggta attttatttg gattatgaca ctccaacaaa ttaactggga
24181 gaatgaacat atttttgatg ttgagtcatt ttatccaagg ataagaaacg ttttctatt
24241 tgctcaagtc tattattgta tctttcttga ctgctgcaat gtattctctt ataattttt
24301 ctattggtat cttattttat gtatttga aaatagtaa tttcttgata aattagttaa
24361 tggcttgccg gttttctcaa aacaaatatt tagggatttg atttatgaa ttattaggcc
24421 tattattttt cttttttttg agatggagtc tcaactctgt gccaggctg gagtgagtg
24481 gcgtgatctc agctcactgc aacctccacc tctgggttc aagtgattct cctgcctcag
24541 cctccccagt agctggggtt acaggtgcac gccaccatgc cgggctaatt ttttatatt
24601 ttttagtagag acggggtttc accatgttag ccaggctggt ctggaactcc tgacctcatg
24661 atccgactgc ctcagcctcc caaagtgtg ggattacagg tgtgagccac cgtgcctggc
24721 cttttttttt tttttttgag acagagtcct gctctgtcac ccaggctgga gtgcagtggc
24781 gcgatctcgg ctcactgaaa gctccacctc ccgggttcac gccatcctcc tgcctcagcc
24841 tcccagtagt ctgggactac aggtgtacac tgccacgccc agctaatttt ttgtatttag
24901 tagagacagg gtttcaccgc gttcgccagg atggtctcga tctcctgacc ttgtgatccg
24961 cctgcctcag cctcccaaaag tgctggtatt acgggctgga gccactgcgc ccggccaggc
25021 ctattatttt tctattgttg ttcatataatt tctgtctttt tctcttaaaa agtttgctta
25081 cgtttttgtc tgggtttactt tgctgttctc ttgctagctt tttttttttt cagatagggt
25141 cttgctctgt tgcccaggct ggagtgcagt ggcacagtca tagctcactg cagccttgaa
25201 ctctgggct caagcaatcc tcttctgtct tcagcctccc acgtagctag gatcagagg
25261 acatgccacc atgttcggct aatttttttt tttcgagaca gactctgtt ctgtcgctca
25321 ggcggttagt cagtgggtgca atcccggctc actgcaacct ccacctccac ctcccagggt
25381 caagcaattc tacctcagtc tctgagtag ctgggattat aggcgcacac caacatgtct
25441 ggctaatttt tgtattttta gtagagacag ggtttcacca cgttggttag gctgggttta
25501 aactcctgac ttcatgatcc gccgcgcttg gcctcccaaa gtgctgagat tacagggtgtg
25561 agccacagca cctagtgaat gtgtggtttt tttgtgtagg ttttactgtt gttagtgttg
25621 ttctgtattg tttgtagagg atacgtgggg agatttggat aaaagcaact atcattatta
25681 tctcatcag acttgtaggt ctaacttttt aattttttta tttttaattt aaattttttt
25741 cttggtcttt tatcattaat taattttttc gagacagggt ctcactctgt tgcccaggct
25801 ggagtgtggt gacatgatca cggctcactg cagccttaac ctcccagggt caagtgtacc
25861 tctctcttta gcctcccag tagctgggac tccaggcatg tgccaccatg ccagctaat
25921 tttttgtaga gagagggttt tgccatattg cccaggctgg tcttgaactg ctgagctcaa
25981 gtgatccacc cggcttgggc atgagccacc tcccctggct tgggtccaa ttttaaaagc
26041 attattctgc ctgttgggtg gagaatagac ttaggtggg caaagaatga aggaaactag
26101 tgggttcagg agctcgagct agaaggtgtg ggaattgggg ggatttggg tctatgctga
26161 aggtagagcc gacaagattt gctaggattg gatgtgtagg gtgaggaagt ggggacagca
26221 agaatgactg gaggggtgag tggactctca ccagctgtgt ctcgtgaagg ggcgtggctg
26281 ggctatgagc tatgtctctg agcacagacg gctgttctct tccaagggtta caagcctgat

FIG. 28K

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

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26341 gaagggaaac gaggggatgc ctgtgaaggt gacagtgggg gaccctttgt catgaaggta
26401 agcttctcta aagcccaggg cctgggtgaac acatcttctg ggggtgggga gaaactctag
26461 tatctagaaa cagttgcctg gcagaggaat actgatgtga ccttgaactt gactctattg
26521 gaaacctcat ctttcttctt cagagcccct ttaacaaccg ctggtatcaa atgggcatcg
26581 tctcatgggg tgaaggctgt gaccgggatg ggaaatatgg ctctacaca catgtgttcc
26641 gcctgaagaa gtggatacag aaggtcattg atcagtttgg agagttaggg gccactcata
26701 ttctgggctc ctggaaccaa tcccgtgaaa gaattathtt tgtgtttcta aaactatggt
26761 tccaataaaa agtgactctc agcgagcctc aatgctcca gtgctattca tgggcagctc
26821 tctgggctca ggaagagcca gtaatactac tggataaaga agacttaaga atccaccacc
26881 tggtagcacgc tggtagtccg agcactcggg aggctgaggt gggaggat
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FIG. 28L

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LOCUS HUMPMG3BA 3997 bp mRNA PRI 08-JAN-1995
 DEFINITION Human platelet membrane glycoprotein IIIa beta subunit mRNA,
 complete cds.
 ACCESSION M20311
 NID g190107
 KEYWORDS cell membrane glycoprotein; platelet membrane glycoprotein IIIa.
 SOURCE Homo sapiens cDNA to mRNA.
 ORGANISM Homo sapiens
 Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
 Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 3997)
 AUTHORS Zimrin,A.B., Eisman,R., Vilaire,G., Schwartz,E., Bennett,J.S. and
 Poncz,M.
 TITLE Structure of platelet glycoprotein IIIa. A common subunit for two
 different membrane receptors
 JOURNAL J. Clin. Invest. 81 (5), 1470-1475 (1988)
 MEDLINE 88213696
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
 source 1..3997
 /organism="Homo sapiens"
 /db_xref="taxon:9606"
 /cell_type="erythroleukemia"
 /map="17q21.32"
 sig_peptide 17..94
 /gene="ITGB3"
 /note="G00-120-013"
 CDS 17..2383
 /gene="ITGB3"
 /codon_start=1
 /db_xref="GDB:G00-120-013"
 /product="glycoprotein IIIa"
 /db_xref="PID:g190108"

 /translation="MRARPRPRPLWATVLALGALAGVGVGGPNICTTRGVSSCQQCLA
 VSPMCACWSDEALPLGSPRCDLKENLLKDNCAPESEIEFPVSEARVLEDRPLSDKGSGD
 SSQVTQVSPQRIALRLRPDDSKNFSIQVRQVEDYPVDIYYLMDLSYSMKDDLWSIQNL
 GTKLATQMRKLTSLNLRIGFAGFVDKPVSPYMYISPPEALENPCYDMKTTCLPMFGYKH
 VLTLTQVTRFNEEVKKQSVSRNRDAPEGGFDAIMQATVCDEKIGWRNDASHLLVFTT
 DAKTHIALDGRLAGIVQPNDBGQCHVGSDNHYSASTTMDYPSLGLMTEKLSQKNINLIF
 AVTENVVNLYQNYSELIPGTTVGVLSDSSNVLQLIVDAYGKIRSKVELEVRLPEEL
 SLSFNATCLNNEVIPGLKSCMGLKIGDTVFSFSIEAKVRGCPQEKEKSFTIKPVGFKDS
 LIVQVTFDCDCACQAQAEPNSHRCNNGNGTFECGVCRCPGWLGSQCECSEEDYRPSQ
 QDECSPREGQPVCSQRGECLCGQCVCCHSSDFGKITGKYCECDDFSCVRYKGMCSGHG
 QCSCGDCLCDSWTGYCNCNCTTRTDTCMSSNGLLCSGRGKCECGSCVCIQPGSYGDTG
 EKCPCTPDACFTFKKECVECKKFDREPYMTENTCNRYCRDEIESVKELKDTGKDAVNCT
 YKNEDDCVVRFYQYYEDSSGKSILYVVEEPECPKGPDIILVLLSVMGAILLIGLAALLI
 WKLLITIHDRKEFAKFEERARAKWDTANNPLYKEATSTFTNITYRGT"

FIG. 29A

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gene 17..2383
 /gene="ITGB3"
 mat_peptide 95..2380
 /gene="ITGB3"
 /note="G00-120-013"
 /product="glycoprotein IIIa beta subunit"

BASE COUNT 917 a 993 c 1099 g 988 t
 ORIGIN Chromosome 17.

```

1  gcgggaggcg gacgagatgc gagcgcgccc gcggcccccg ccgctctggg cgactgtgct
61  ggcgctgggg gcgctggcgg gcgttggcgt agggggggccc aacatctgta ccacgcgagg
121 tgtgagctcc tgccagcagt gcctggctgt gagcccatatg tgtgcctggt gctctgatga
181 ggccctgcct ctgggctcac ctgctgtgta cctgaaggag aatctgtgta aggataactg
241 tgccccagaa tccatcgagt tcccagttag tgaggcccca gtactagagg acaggccctt
301 cagcgacaag ggctctggag acagctccca ggtcactcaa gtcagtcccc agaggattgc
361 actccggctc cggccagatg attcgaagaa tttctccatc caagtgcggc aggtggagga
421 ttaccctgtg gacatctact acttgatgga cctgtcttac tccatgaagg atgatctgtg
481 gagcatccag aacctgggta ccaagctggc caccagatg cgaaagctca ccagtaacct
541 gcggattggc ttcggggcat ttgtgggcaa gcctgtgtca ccatacatgt atatctcccc
601 accagaggcc ctgaaaacc cctgctatga tatgaagacc acctgcttgc ccatgtttgg
661 ctacaaacac gtgctgacgc taactgacca ggtgacccgc ttcaatgagg aagtgaagaa
721 gcagagtgtg tcacggaacc gagatgcccc agagggtggc tttgatgcca tcatgcaggc
781 tacagtctgt gatgaaaaga ttggctggag gaatgatgca tcccacttgc tgggtgttac
841 cactgatgcc aagactcata tagcattgga cggaaggctg gcaggcattg tccagcctaa
901 tgacgggcag tgtcatgttg gtagtgacaa tcattactct gcctccacta ccatggatta
961 tccctctttg gggctgatga ctgagaagct atcccagaaa aacatcaatt tgatctttgc
1021 agtgactgaa aatgtagtca atctctatca gaactatagt gagctcatcc cagggaccac
1081 agttgggggt ctgtccatgg attccagcaa tgtcctccag ctcatgtttg atgcttatatg
1141 gaaaatccgt tctaaagtag agctggaagt gcgtgacctc cctgaagagt tgtctctatc
1201 ctccaatgcc acctgcctca acaatgaggt catccctggc ctcaagctct tcatgggact
1261 caagattgga gacacgggta gcttcagcat tgaggccaag gtgcgagggt gtcccaggga
1321 gaaggagaag tcctttacca taaagccctg gggcttcaag gacagcctga tcgtccagggt
1381 cacccttgat tgtgactgtg cctgccaggc ccaagctgaa cctaataagc atcgtgcaa
1441 caatggcaat gggacctttg agtgtggggt atgccgttgt gggcctggct ggctgggatc
1501 ccagtgtgag tgctcagagg aggactatcg ccctcccag caggacgaat gcagcccccg
1561 ggagggtcag cccgtctgca gccagcgggg cgagtgcctc tgtgggtcaat gtgtctgcca
1621 cagcagtgac tttggcaaga tcacgggcaa gtactgcgag tgtgacgact tctcctgtgt
1681 ccgctacaag ggggagatgt gctcaggcca tggccagtgc agctgtgggg actgcctgtg
1741 tgactccgac tggaccgggt actactgcaa ctgtaccacg cgtactgaca cctgcatgtc
1801 cagcaatggg ctgctgtgca gcggccgcgg caagtgtgaa tgtggcagct gtgtctgtat
1861 cagcggggc tcctatgggg acacctgtga gaagtgcctc acctgcccag atgctgtcac
1921 ctttaagaaa gaatgtgtgg agtgaagaa gtttgaccgg gagccctaca tgaccgaaaa
1981 taactgcaac cgttactgcc gtgacgagat tgagtcagtg aaagagctta aggacactgg
2041 caagatgca gtgaattgta cctataagaa tgaggatgac tgtgtcgtca gattccagta
2101 ctatgaagat tctagtggaa agtccatcct gtatgtggta gaagagccag agtgtcccaa
2161 ggccctgac atcctgggtg tcctgtcttc agtcatgggg gccattctgc tcattggcct
2221 tgccgccttg ctcatctgga aactcctcat caccatccac gaccgaaaag aattcgctaa
2281 atttgaggaa gaacgcgcca gagcaaaaat ggacacagcc aacaaccac tgtataaaga
2341 ggccacgtct accttcacca atatcacgta ccggggcact taatgataag cagtcatcct
2401 cagatcatta tcagcctgtg ccacgattgc aggagtccct gccatcatgt ttacagagga
2461 cagtatttgt ggggagggat ttggggctca gagtggggta ggttgggaga atgtcagtat
2521 gtggaagtgt gggctctgtg gtgtgtatgt gggggctgtg gtgtttatgt gtgtgtgtt
2581 tgtgtgggag tgtgtaattt aaaattgtga tgtgtcctga taagctgagc tccttagcct
2641 ttgtcccaga atgectcctg cagggattct tcctgtctag cttgagggtg actatggagc
2701 tgagcagggt ttcttcatta cctcagttag aagccagctt tcctcatcag gccattgtcc
2761 ctgaagagaa gggcagggtc attccagagg aagggacacc aagccttggc aagccttggc
2821 tctaccctga gttcataaat ttatggttct caggcctgac tctcagcagc tatggtagga
2881 actgctgggc ttggcagccc ggtcatctgt tacctctgcc tcctttcccc tccctcagge
2941 cgaaggagga gtcagggaga gctgaactat tagagctgac tgtgcctttt gccatccctt
3001 caaccagct atggttctct cgcaaggga gtccttgcaa gctaattctt tgacctgttg
3061 ggagttagga tgtctgggcc actcagggtt cattcatggc ctgggggatg taccagcatc
3121 tcccagttca taatcacaac ccttcagatt tgccttattg gcagctctac tctggaggtt
3181 tctttagaag aagtgtgtca cccttaggcc agcaccatct ctttaccacc taattccaca
3241 cctcactgct tgtagacatt tgcctatgag tggggatgtc tctcatgacc aaatgctttt
3301 cctcaaaggg agagagtgtt attgtagagc cagaggtctg gccctatgct tccggcctcc
3361 tgtccctcat ccatagcacc tccacatacc tggccctgag ccttgggtgt ctgtatccat

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FIG. 29B

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```
3421 ccatggggct gattgtattt accttctacc tcttggctgc cttgtgaagg aattattccc
3481 atgagttggc tgggaataag tgccaggatg gaatgatggg tcagttgtat cagcacgtgt
3541 ggcctgttct tctatgggtt ggacaacctc attttaactc agtctttaat ctgagaggcc
3601 acagtgcaat tttattttat tttctcatg atgaggtttt cttacttaa aagaacatgt
3661 atataaacat gcttgcatTA tatttgtaaa tttatgtgta tggcaaagaa ggagagcata
3721 ggaaaccaca cagacttggg cagggtacag acactcccac ttggcatcat tcacagcaag
3781 tcaactggcca gtggctggat ctgtgagggg ctctctcatg atagaaggct atggggatag
3841 atgtgtggac acattggacc tttctgagg aagagggact gttcttttgt ccagaaaag
3901 cagtggctcc attggtgttg acatacatcc aacattaaaa gccaccccca aatgccaag
3961 aaaaaaagaa agacttatca acattgttc catgagg
```

FIG. 29C

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LOCUS HUMATH3A3 238 bp DNA PRI 31-OCT-1994
 DEFINITION Human antithrombin III (ATIII) gene, exon 6.
 ACCESSION M21645
 NID g179149
 KEYWORDS antithrombin; antithrombin III.
 SEGMENT 3 of 3
 SOURCE Homo sapiens (individual_isolate Patient II-9) DNA.
 ORGANISM Homo sapiens
 Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
 Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 238)
 AUTHORS Bock, S.C., Marrinan, J.A. and Radziejewska, E.
 TITLE Antithrombin III Utah: proline-407 to leucine mutation in a highly
 conserved region near the inhibitor reactive site [published
 erratum appears in Biochemistry 1989 Apr 18;28(8):3628]
 JOURNAL Biochemistry 27 (16), 6171-6178 (1988)
 MEDLINE 89050967
 COMMENT Draft entry and computer-readable sequence [1] kindly submitted by
 S.C.Bock, 20-JAN-1989.
 FEATURES
 source Location/Qualifiers
 1..238
 /organism="Homo sapiens"
 /isolate="Patient II-9"
 /db_xref="taxon:9606"
 /cell_type="peripheral blood cell"
 /map="1q23-q25.1"
 gene join(M21643:1..398,M21644:1..469,1..183)
 /gene="AT3"
 intron <1..6
 /gene="AT3"
 /note="antithrombin III, intron F"
 CDS <7..183
 /gene="AT3"
 /note="exon 6"
 /codon_start=1
 /db_xref="GDB:G00-119-024"
 /product="antithrombin III"
 /db_xref="PID:g179152"
 /translation="VNEEGSEAAASTAVVIAGRSLNPNRVTFKANRPFLVFIREVPLN
 TIIFMGRVANPCVK"
 BASE COUNT 63 a 50 c 53 g 72 t
 ORIGIN About 7.8 kb from segment 3B; chromosome 1q23.
 1 ctgcaggttaa atgaagaagg cagtgaagca gctgcaagta ccgctgttgt gattgctggc
 61 cgttcgctaa accccaacag ggtgactttc aaggccaaca ggcctttcct gggttttata
 121 agagaagttc ctctgaacac tattatcttc atgggcagag tagccaaccc ttgtgttaag
 181 taaaatgttc ttattctttg cacctcttcc tatttttggg ttgtgaacag aagtaaaa

FIG. 30

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

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LOCUS HUMGP2B2 623 bp DNA PRI 08-NOV-1994
 DEFINITION Human platelet glycoprotein IIb mRNA, C-terminal exon.
 ACCESSION M22569
 NID g183449
 KEYWORDS platelet glycoprotein IIb.
 SEGMENT 2 of 2
 SOURCE Homo sapiens (tissue library: lambda-EMBL 4) DNA.
 ORGANISM Homo sapiens
 Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
 Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 623)
 AUTHORS Prandini, M.H., Denarier, E., Frachet, P., Uzan, G. and Marguerie, G.
 TITLE Isolation of the human platelet glycoprotein IIb gene and
 characterization of the 5' flanking region
 JOURNAL Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 156 (1), 595-601 (1988)
 MEDLINE 89025907
 COMMENT Draft entry and computer-readable sequence [1] kindly submitted by
 M.H. Prandini, 16-FEB-1989.
 FEATURES
 source Location/Qualifiers
 1..623
 /organism="Homo sapiens"
 /db_xref="taxon:9606"
 /cell_type="leucocyte"
 /tissue_lib="lambda-EMBL 4"
 /map="17q21.32"
 gene join(M22568:1254..1869,1..434)
 /gene="ITGA2B"
 intron <1..191
 /gene="ITGA2B"
 /note="G00-120-012"
 exon 192..434
 /partial
 /gene="ITGA2B"
 /note="last exon; G00-120-012"
 CDS <192..251
 /gene="ITGA2B"
 /codon_start=1
 /db_xref="GDB:G00-120-012"
 /product="platelet glycoprotein IIb"
 /db_xref="PID:g463108"
 /translation="VGFFKRNHRTLEEDDEEGE"
 BASE COUNT 144 a 158 c 181 g 140 t
 ORIGIN About 15 kb after segment 1.
 1 aaaactcagg aagaacaaaa cccaccaatc gttccaggca tatctcaaat gcaaaaggca
 61 tccattgtga gtacagtggg ctttcatggt ctgcgctggt ccaggagggt gctcatagct
 121 acttctctac atgtgctctg gggccagcaa atcatctgta taccctgacc ttggcccccg
 181 tgtaccccca ggtcggcttc ttcaagcgga accggcacac cctggaagaa gatgatgaag
 241 agggggagtg atggtgcagc ctacactatt ctagcaggag ggttgggcgt gctacctgca
 301 ccgccccttc tccaacaagt tgccctcaag ctttgggttg gagctgttcc attgggtcct
 361 cttggtgtcg ttccctccc aacagagctg ggctacccc cctcctgctg cctaataaaag
 421 agactgagcc ctgatgctga gcatgctgcc tccttttggg gccagagaag agagtaccga
 481 agaattgttt ggacggggac ctagggctgg tggaaagtat aacgagagag tactgccag
 541 ggcgaagttt gcaaatcact gtctttgggg agtgctcagg agtacagagt tggggtggtg
 601 ggtgtaacag aagacggaga gcc

FIG. 31

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LOCUS HUMCETP 1787 bp mRNA PRI 01-NOV-1994
 DEFINITION Human cholesteryl ester transfer protein mRNA, complete cds.
 ACCESSION M30185
 NID g180259
 KEYWORDS cholesteryl ester transfer protein; transfer protein.
 SOURCE Human adult liver, cDNA to mRNA.
 ORGANISM Homo sapiens
 Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
 Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 1787)
 AUTHORS Drayna,D., Jarnagin,A.S., McLean,J., Henzel,W., Kohr,W.,
 Fielding,C. and Lawn,R.
 TITLE Cloning and sequencing of human cholesteryl ester transfer protein
 cDNA
 JOURNAL Nature 327 (6123), 632-634 (1987)
 MEDLINE 87258172
 FEATURES
 source Location/Qualifiers
 1..1787
 /organism="Homo sapiens"
 /db_xref="taxon:9606"
 /dev_stage="adult"
 /tissue_type="liver"
 mRNA <1..1787
 /note="CETP mRNA"
 sig_peptide 131..181
 /gene="CETP"
 /note="cholesteryl ester transfer protein signal peptide"
 gene 131..1612
 /gene="CETP"
 CDS 131..1612
 /gene="CETP"
 /note="cholesteryl ester transfer protein precursor"
 /codon_start=1
 /db_xref="GDB:G00-119-773"
 /db_xref="PID:g180260"
 /translation="MLAATVLTLLLGNAHACSKGTSHEAGIVCRITKPALLVLNHET
 AKVIQTAFQRASYPDITGEKAMMLLGQVKYGLHNIQISHLSIASSQVELVEAKSIDVS
 IQNVSVVFKGTLKYGYTTAWWLQSIDFEIDSAILDLQINTQLTCDSGRVRTDAPDC
 YLSFHKLLHLQGEREPGWIKQLFTNFISFTLKLVLKGQICKEINVISNIMADFVQTR
 AASILSDGDIGVDISLTGDPVITASYLESHHKGHFIYKNVSEDLPLPTFSPTLLGDSR
 MLYFWFSERVFHSIAKVAFAQDGRMLSLMGDEFKAVLETWGFNTNQEIFQEVVGGFPS
 QAQVTVHCLKMPKISQNKGVVVNSSVMVKFLFPRPDQQHSVAYTFEEDIVTTVQASY
 SKKKLFLSLDLFQITPKTVSNLTSSSESISQSFLOSMITAVGIPEVMSRLEVVTALM
 NSKGVSILFDIINPEIITRDGFLLQLQMDFGFPEHLLVDFLQSL"

FIG. 32A

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mat_peptide 182..1609
 /gene="CETP" /note="cholesteryl ester"

transfer protein"

BASE COUNT 397 a 531 c 456 g 403 t

ORIGIN

```

1  gtgaatctct ggggccagga agaccctgct gcccgggaaga gcctcatgtt ccgtgggggc
61  tgggccggaca tacatatacg ggctccaggc tgaacggctc gggccactta cacaccactg
121 cctgataaacc atgctggctg ccacagtctt gacctgggcc ctgctgggca atgccccatgc
181 ctgctccaaa ggcacctcgc acgaggcagg catcgtgtgc cgcatacca agcctgccct
241 cctgggtgttg aaccacgaga ctgccaaggt gatccagacc gccttccagc gagccagcta
301 cccagatatac acgggcgaga aggccatgat gctccttggc caagtcaagt atgggttgca
361 caacatccag atcagccact tgtccatcgc cagcagccag gtggagctgg tggagccaa
421 gtccattgat gtctccattc agaacgtgtc tgtgtcttc aaggggacct tgaagtatgg
481 ctacaccact gcctgggtggc tgggtattga tcagtccatt gacttcgaga tcgactctgc
541 cattgacctc cagatcaaca cacagctgac ctgtgactct ggtagagtgc ggaccgatgc
601 ccctgactgc tacctgtctt tccataagct gctcctgcat ctccaagggg agcgagagcc
661 tgggtggatc aagcagctgt tcacaaattt catctccttc accctgaagc tggctctgaa
721 gggacagatc tgcaaagaga tcaacgtcat ctctaacatc atggccgatt ttgtccagac
781 aagggctgcc agcatccttt cagatggaga cattgggggtg gacatttccc tgacaggtga
841 tcccgtcatc acagcctcct acctggagtc ccatcacaag ggtcatttca tctacaagaa
901 tgtctcagag gacctcccc tccccacctt ctgccccaca ctgctggggg actcccgcct
961 gctgtacttc tggttctctg agcaggtctt ccactcgctg gccaaaggtg ctttccagga
1021 tggccgctc atgctcagcc tgatgggaga cgagttcaag gcagtgctgg agacctgggg
1081 cttcaacacc aaccaggaaa tcttccaaga ggtgtcggc ggcttcccc gccaggccca
1141 agtcaccgtc cactgcctca agatgcccaa gatctcctgc caaaacaagg gagtctggt
1201 caattcttca gtgatgggtga aattcctctt tccacgcccc gaccagcaac attctgtagc
1261 ttacacattt gaagaggata tcgtgactac cgtccaggcc tcctattcta agaaaaagct
1321 ctctttaagc ctcttgatt tccagattac accaaagact gtttccaact tgactgagag
1381 cagctccgag tccatccaga gcttcttgca gtcaatgatc accgctgtgg gcatccctga
1441 ggtcatgtct cggctcgagg tagtggttac agccctcatg aacagcaaag gcgtgagcct
1501 cttcgacatc atcaaccctg agattatcac tcgagatggc ttctgtctgc tgcagatgga
1561 ctttggcttc cctgagcacc tgctgggtgga tttcctccag agcttgagct agaagtctcc
1621 aaggaggtcg ggatggggct tgtagcagaa ggcaagcacc aggctcacag ctggaaccct
1681 ggtgtctcct ccagcgtggt ggaagttggg ttaggagtag ggagatggag attggctccc
1741 aactcctccc tatcctaaag gcccactggc attaaagtgc tgtatcc

```

FIG. 32B

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LOCUS HUMGPIIB2 13204 bp DNA PRI 10-NOV-1994
 DEFINITION Human platelet Glycoprotein IIb (GPIIb) gene, exons 2-29.
 ACCESSION M33320
 NID g183506
 KEYWORDS platelet Glycoprotein IIb.
 SEGMENT 2 of 3
 SOURCE Human leukocyte DNA.
 ORGANISM Homo sapiens
 Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
 Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 13204)
 AUTHORS Heidenreich,R., Eisman,R., Surrey,S., Delgrosso,K., Bennett,J.S.,
 Schwartz,E. and Poncz,M.
 TITLE Organization of the gene for platelet glycoprotein IIb
 JOURNAL Biochemistry 29 (5), 1232-1244 (1990)
 MEDLINE 90212612
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
 source 1..13204
 /organism="Homo sapiens"
 /db_xref="taxon:9606"
 /map="17q21.32"
 prim_transcript <1..>13204
 /note="GPIIb mRNA and introns"
 intron <1..497
 /note="GPIIb intron A"
 exon 498..619
 /gene="ITGA2B"
 /number=2
 intron 620..708
 /note="GPIIb intron B"
 exon 709..806
 /gene="ITGA2B"
 /note="platelet Glycoprotein IIb"
 /number=3
 intron 807..911
 /note="GPIIb intron C"
 exon 912..1077
 /gene="ITGA2B"
 /note="platelet Glycoprotein IIb"
 /number=4
 intron 1078..1292
 /note="GPIIb intron D"
 exon 1293..1342
 /gene="ITGA2B"
 /note="platelet Glycoprotein IIb"
 /number=5
 intron 1343..1418
 /note="GPIIb intron E (no splice consensus); putative;
 does not fit consensus"
 exon 1419..1464
 /gene="ITGA2B"
 /note="platelet Glycoprotein IIb"
 /number=6
 intron 1465..1551
 /note="GPIIb intron F"
 exon 1552..1680
 /gene="ITGA2B"
 /note="platelet Glycoprotein IIb"
 /number=7
 intron 1681..2041
 /note="GPIIb intron G"
 exon 2042..2089
 /gene="ITGA2B"
 /note="platelet Glycoprotein IIb"

FIG. 33A

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```

/number=8
intron      2090..2244
            /note="GPIIb intron H (no splice consensus); putative;
            does not fit consensus"
exon        2245..2288
            /gene="ITGA2B"
            /note="platelet Glycoprotein IIb"
            /number=9
intron      2289..2460
            /note="GPIIb intron I"
exon        2461..2514
            /gene="ITGA2B"
            /note="platelet Glycoprotein IIb"
            /number=10
intron      2515..2652
            /note="GPIIb intron J"
exon        2653..2705
            /gene="ITGA2B"
            /note="platelet Glycoprotein IIb"
            /number=11
intron      2706..2896
            /note="GPIIb intron K"
exon        2897..3108
            /gene="ITGA2B"
            /note="platelet Glycoprotein IIb"
            /number=12
intron      3109..5535
            /note="GPIIb intron L"
exon        5536..5718
            /gene="ITGA2B"
            /note="platelet Glycoprotein IIb"
            /number=13
intron      5719..5951
            /note="GPIIb intron M"
exon        5952..5997
            /gene="ITGA2B"
            /note="platelet Glycoprotein IIb"
            /number=14
intron      5998..6105
            /note="GPIIb intron N"
exon        6106..6210
            /gene="ITGA2B"
            /note="platelet Glycoprotein IIb"
            /number=15
intron      6211..6294
            /note="GPIIb intron O"
exon        6295..6350
            /gene="ITGA2B"
            /note="platelet Glycoprotein IIb"
            /number=16
intron      6351..6442
            /note="GPIIb intron P"
exon        6443..6594
            /gene="ITGA2B"
            /note="platelet Glycoprotein IIb"
            /number=17
intron      6595..6782
            /note="GPIIb intron Q"
exon        6783..6908
            /gene="ITGA2B"
            /note="platelet Glycoprotein IIb"
            /number=18
intron      6909..7885
            /note="GPIIb intron R"
exon        7886..7953

```

FIG. 33B

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	/gene="ITGA2B"	
	/note="platelet Glycoprotein IIb"	
	/number=19	
intron	7954..8086	
	/note="GPIIb intron S"	
exon	8087..8234	
	/gene="ITGA2B"	
	/note="platelet Glycoprotein IIb"	
	/number=20	
intron	8235..8802	
	/note="GPIIb intron T"	
exon	8803..8895	
	/gene="ITGA2B"	/note="platelet
Glycoprotein IIb"		
	/number=21	
intron	8896..9505	
	/note="GPIIb intron U"	
exon	9506..9585	
	/gene="ITGA2B"	
	/note="platelet Glycoprotein IIb"	
	/number=22	
intron	9586..10201	
	/note="GPIIb intron V"	
exon	10202..10282	
	/gene="ITGA2B"	
	/note="platelet Glycoprotein IIb"	
	/number=23	
intron	10283..10405	
	/note="GPIIb intron W"	
exon	10406..10505	
	/gene="ITGA2B"	
	/note="platelet Glycoprotein IIb"	
	/number=24	
intron	10506..10604	
	/note="GPIIb intron X"	
exon	10605..10757	
	/gene="ITGA2B"	
	/note="platelet Glycoprotein IIb"	
	/number=25	
intron	10758..10873	
	/note="GPIIb intron Y"	
exon	10874..10999	
	/gene="ITGA2B"	
	/note="platelet Glycoprotein IIb"	
	/number=26	
intron	11000..11477	
	/note="GPIIb intron Z"	
exon	11478..11591	
	/gene="ITGA2B"	
	/note="platelet Glycoprotein IIb"	
	/number=27	
intron	11592..11827	
	/note="GPIIb intron AA"	
exon	11828..11929	
	/gene="ITGA2B"	
	/note="platelet Glycoprotein IIb"	
	/number=28	
intron	11930..12116	
	/note="GPIIb intron BB"	
exon	12117..12233	
	/gene="ITGA2B"	
	/note="platelet Glycoprotein IIb"	
	/number=29	
intron	12234..>13204	
	/note="GPIIb intron CC"	

FIG. 33C

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BASE COUNT 3046 a 3579 c 3857 g 2722 t
 ORIGIN About 2000 bp after segment 1.

```

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121 ctaggcagggc attccaggga gcatgtgaac cgctgggtct tgggtcgggg ggaggatgga
181 ggtgtgtgtac agagtttagg tctttttcag caaagatctc caaaccctcg gtgttcaaaa
241 tcaaaccaaa ggggattata gtcccagctc tactcacaac tcaactggtta ctttagccac
301 gagattgccc tcgctgagag tcggtttcac tgtccataag atgaagaagt acatcacggt
361 ggtctgtgag gtgtcattga ggaagatgg tccagtggcc ccattgccaca tggccttcgg
421 gcagtgtctcc cagcgccggc gccagggcct gggatacgtc ggaatctgag cggcgtcac
481 ccagctttcc tatgcagagt ggccatcggt gtggggcgcc cgcgaccctt gggccccagc
541 caggaggaga cgggcggcgt gttcctgtgc ccctggaggg ccgaggggcg ccagtggccc
601 tcgctgctct ttgacctccg tgagtcccag gcaaggagag caaggttggg gtcaggaggga
661 cgtggactgc cggggttcca ggcgccacc ccttcttggt ccttccaggt gatgagacc
721 gaaatgtagg ctcccaaact ttacaaacct tcaaggcccg ccaaggactg ggggcgtcgg
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841 gggggcaggg acaactggggc caggaggagc ccaagtctcg cgcccgtcc ccatctgtg
901 ccttttctca ggcctgcgcc ccctggcagc actggaacgt cctagaaaag actgaggagg
961 ctgagaagac gcccgtaggt agctgctttt tggtcagacc agagagcggc cgccgcgccg
1021 agtactcccc ctgtcgcggg aacaccctga gccgcattta cgtggaaaat gattttagta
1081 agegccagct acgacctggc ccgccccact cgcgacggct tggccccgcc ccccatcgga
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1381 aacaggggcc cctctcacc tcaggacttc ccttccaggc cggagagctg gtgcttgggg
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1561 cccaggctcc agttgcggat attttctcga gttaccgccc aggcactcct ttgtggcacg
1621 tgtctccca gagcctctcc ttgtactcca gcaaccacga gtacttcgac ggctactggg
1681 gtaacaccgc cattccagac ttccagcacc ccgagggtca ccgcccaccg cagacggtca
1741 ggtcctgccc ctgtgggagc ctccatggcc acccctgccc gccaaccacg cgcctaagcc
1801 gctcccggcc tccgctcctg cgcttccccg cagaccgccc acctcccatg cgccaccgc
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1981 gccctccgtc cctctgtgct ttctctccct ggaaaagact aatttgcgcc cttgtctca
2041 ggggtactcg tggccgtggg cgagttcgac ggggatctca aactacagg caagaaatcc
2101 acttagggcg ggagttgggt agcccagccc ggggaggagc gccttctga aatctcccc
2161 atgtagctgg gtgcagaaac gggagcgagg agtgggtagg ttctaaggct ctcattccct
2221 gagcctgggt ctccctatcg ccagaatatg tcgtcgtgcc cccacttgg agctggacc
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2881 ctcatctggc ccacaggagg catgatctgc tgggtggcgc tccactgtat atggagagcc
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3361 cttcacagat atttaggact cggattatta ggacttgggt ggagactgga tgtggggcca
3421 ggggagaggt tggagttggg tgctgtgat ggcctccact gcctggaact caggcgtgc
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3541 gggttgggt gctttaggcg gaaatatcca aagaacagtt gggagtggct cccccgctt
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3661 ctgtgaaata agaggcccag gatagagccc tagggagcaa aagcatttag gtgactccta
3721 caggaggtaa gtctgagaag gagacagagg agtgtccaga gagggaggag ggaaccagg

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FIG. 33D

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

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3781 gggctctgatg gcccgaggact caaggaagag catgcgttaa agagcatgca caggaggaag
3841 tggggcgctgc agctcctgct gctgctgcaa gatacaatta ggtggggctg gagaaatatt
3901 catgggcttt agcaagaaga ggggtgccagg catggtggct catacctgta atcccagcta
3961 cttgggaaat tgaagcagga gaatctcttg aacccgggaa gtggaggttg cactgagctg
4021 agcttgcgcc actactgcac tccagcctgg gtgacagagc aagactccat ctcaacaaaa
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4141 agtgacataa attgattcag gccaaagatag ggtcagaagc cagaatgcaa tggggtaagg
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4261 ggtaaaaagg aatttgagga atagaaagga aaaaaaaaaa catgtttgac tataaagatt
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4621 gtggggggtc tgggagtttg atggaatgga gaaggctaga aatagatgct agatggccag
4681 gcacggtggc tcacacctgg aatcccagca ctttgggagg ccgaggcagg aggatcactg
4741 gagcctagga gtttgacacc agcctggcca acataggagag atctcgtctc cataaaattg
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7321 ctgtctcaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaagccaggc gcagtggcct cacgcctgta atcccagcac
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7441 cagtgaacc ccgtctacta aaaatacaaa aaataaaaaa aaattagctg ggcgtggtgg
7501 cgggtacctg tagtcccagc tacttgggag gctgaggcag gagaatggcg tgaaccccg
7561 gggcgagctg tgcaagtgag cgagatagtg ccactgcact ccagcctgga cgacagagcg
7621 agactccgtc tccaaaaata aaaaaatccc agtaatcccc aagctctgat

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FIG. 33E

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7681 gtaaatgac aaaccctgac attgtcccaa acctccaaat ataaccggag ccccgatacc
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7801 aagcccactg ttttcctaac cctgatgtaa tcctaaacc tcacacatcc ccaacttacc
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10861 tttgcccccc caggtggact gggggctgac gacagatctt cctgccagag cccgagcagc
10921 ccatcacaa gttctcgtag tgagcaggct ctctggtctc gggcccggcc tccccgggac
10981 tcaggatcca gaggggatgg gagggagggg aggggtccgg gtgtgtgtg ggcctctgtg
11041 ccacggggca ggggggatgg agcaattcaa gtgaacatgg aggagcatgc tggcttgtg
11101 ggccacgctt ggtccctggg ctgaaagaca cttgcacttt ttaaaagctt cccagtacgt
11161 ctgggggtgag caaagcaagg ttatcataga tctgagcatt gtgcgctggg ggaatgacct
11221 aaaacaatgc cttggactat gtgagcaagc ccgtggaaag acagcatccc aagcttggat
11281 ccttgcactt tcctgatggg aaggccaccg cttcctgaac ccccgccccc tctcgcttg
11341 ccaaggccct gtaagggggg gggggatgat ggggtgatgg gccgggacgg ctggggactg
11401 ggtcctgggg acgatgcttc cctcagagc tgcgactcgg cgcctgtac tgtggtgag
11461 agggatggc gcgcgggcag cggccatggt tcacgggtgct ggccttctct tggctgcccc

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FIG. 33F

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11581 gcctctacca ggtgggggtgg gccgtgggtgg ggccggggccg ggccttctgg gccgggacca
11641 ctttgcctctg ggagggggcgg ggtttggtgt gggagggcag gaagagaggg aaggcaaggt
11701 ttacttttggg ggattgcagt gggatttaggt cagaggcagg gcttccccgc cgggtgtggg
11761 acctggactc cgtgcaacca ataggcctct tgtgggtgta aacggcttcc aaccccaacc
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12001 aaagtctgag ggttggtacg ggtgggtggc atggctggag gtcaccagcc tgaggtttga
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13081 atcaaataca tatcatcata tgctcgagtc atgcagacac aaacttcagt ataagaaaaa
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13201 tggg

FIG. 33G

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

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LOCUS HUMHCF2 15849 bp DNA PRI 08-NOV-1994
 DEFINITION Human heparin cofactor II (HCF2) gene, exons 1 through 5.
 ACCESSION M58600 J05309
 NID g183907
 KEYWORDS heparin cofactor II; serpin.
 SOURCE Human DNA.
 ORGANISM Homo sapiens
 Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
 Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 15849)
 AUTHORS Herzog,R., Lutz,S., Blin,N., Marasa,J.C., Blinder,M.A. and
 Tollefsen,D.M.
 TITLE Complete nucleotide sequence of the gene for human heparin
 cofactor II and mapping to chromosomal band 22q11
 JOURNAL Biochemistry 30 (5), 1350-1357 (1991)
 MEDLINE 91120782
 FEATURES
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 /db_xref="taxon:9606"
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 /note="G00-120-038"
 /number=1
 /product="heparin cofactor II"
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 14527..15372)
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 /note="G00-120-038"
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 ANDQELDCDILQLEYVGGISMLIVVPHKMSGMKTLEAQLTPRVVERWQKSMTNRTREV
 LLPKFKLEKNYNLVESLKLGMIRMLFDKNGNMAGISDQRIADLFKHQGTITVNEEGT
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FIG. 34A

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 /note="G00-120-038"
 /number=4
 /product="heparin cofactor II"
 exon 14527..15372
 /gene="HCF2"
 /note="G00-120-038"
 /number=5
 /product="heparin cofactor II"
 BASE COUNT 4477 a 3814 c 3642 g 3916 t
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 121 agatgaaggc tctaagaaga cagctctgac aaaagctaga gtgcaaaatc agactcagac
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 2761 atcaagtgtt atgctctgat gcgtgactga aaaggccaac ccagctctgg caattagcaa
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FIG. 34B

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```

FIG. 34C

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9961	tcataaccaca	gtgtaaacac	acgtgcaaat	gcttctgctt	cctttcccca	tcattcatgg
10021	agtcactcaa	tgccgggcat	cacaagggat	caaagtctag	gagtacccaa	tcattcatgg
10081	atgcttctca	aaggggacga	gtgtctagaa	gtgtaatttt	aatttcaact	aatttcatat
10141	ggaatcatct	ccattactaa	ttttgttcta	attttaatgt	gataatcact	ttgtaaaagca
10201	caataaacag	aggcaggctc	tcagtaggaa	gtcagaagga	aagaatccca	agagacatgg
10261	gacagctcca	tccaaactga	aagggccgtg	attcccaaaa	gagcaatttt	gtccccaagg
10321	tctgaagaca	cttttggttg	tcacaacctg	gggggttgga	gtaagcatta	ctgggtatcta
10381	gaagggggag	gctggggatg	ttgctaaaca	ccctaccatg	cacagggcag	cccacattgc
10441	cacaaactat	tatgtggccc	aaatgtcaaa	aatgctgagg	ttgagaaacc	ctgggtgagg
10501	cagactcagg	gagaagggaa	tcgagcttca	ctcacaggga	ggcaggagct	gtctggtact
10561	tcaacctcca	agacacctcc	tgctcatctc	atcctggctg	ctctaccac	cagctagaaa
10621	ccttgaacaa	gttacttcac	ttctttgtgc	ctctgtttcc	tcatatgtaa	aagagggata

FIG. 34D

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10681 acaaaacgca cacaacttgc atgttgctag gagcagaaat gagataatac aggaaagggtg
 10741 ctgagaagaa tgcccggcac atggccagtt ctcaactact agtcacccat tactattagt
 10801 tactcacatc ttagagctaa catagacatg ggcttattcc tggatacaca gactgtcccc
 10861 catatctaca gtggtgatcc taagggcaac atggcatcac ccaaatgtct tgttagtcac
 10921 tacagaatca cagtgtgagg gatgaaggcc atcaagacag agctgaggct ggcagggtgg
 10981 ctcatgccta taatcccagt gctttggaag gctgaggcag gaggattgct tgaggccaag
 11041 gggttgagac cagcctaggt aacatagcaa gaccccatct acaattaaaa aaaaaaaaaa
 11101 aaagacagaa agaaaaata gccaggcgtg gcatgtgctt gtagtccaag ctactgggga
 11161 gggagggtga ggcaggagga ttccctgagc ctgggagtgt gaggctgcag tgagctatga
 11221 tggcatcgcc gcactccagc ctgcatgaca cagtgcagacc tgggtctcaa aaccaataaa
 11281 taataacagt aataaaagct ggaaagagct caaagtact catttgacag atgtgcagaa
 11341 tgaagaaata gaagcaggtt aggtgcctta ccatgggtcaa acaactagtt cgtatcagac
 11401 cctactccag aaactattcc agtccgggta acctctcgtt aacctctctt gttagaatg
 11461 caaatttctg cccaaatcag gcctcaggaa tcaagagact gtggggctcg cctgcaggc
 11521 tatctgaatg aggcctccag ggaaatcaga ttactctca agggtagagc gatttcccta
 11581 aaggaacctt ctcataacag cctcttctctg tggcctttac aggatcctgg gtgaataaat
 11641 tcccagtgga aatgacacac aaccacaact tccggctgaa tgagagagag gtagttaagg
 11701 tttccatgat gcagaccaag gggaaacttcc tcgcagcaaa tgaccaggag ctggactgcg
 11761 acatcctcca gctggaatac gtgggggggca tcagcatgct aattgtggtc ccacacaaga
 11821 tgtctgggat gaagaccctc gaagcgaac tgacaccccg ggtggtggag agatggcaaa
 11881 aaagcatgac aaacaggtat ttcacactgt gtgtttgttc ttttgagctc ccagatgctg
 11941 ggggtgtctg ggaatactgg aaaatggatc atttttttaa aaaggagaa ttatgtacaa
 12001 gtaccaaga acttccatac agggccactc tgttaattca gcccattt gttgcttag
 12061 ataagagatg attagagagc attcataagg gacacatctg ccctctaggg gccagtttca
 12121 gaagtttagag gcagatgact tagagacagc ttgggtgctg ctttgtggct tcgagctcca
 12181 gcttcatcat ccctaaaaatg ggtataattc cattacttcc ccgggtcact tgagaaaaata
 12241 acagaatcag cgtgctgag cgccctccc agtacttga acctagagg cactcaaaaa
 12301 aagattggct caactcttcc ctgcccagga aattccaagg tcctcttagc ctaccgagga
 12361 cacatcattc atgatttccct ctattattat tcgttacttt gtagttaaaa ctgcaggtgt
 12421 taagtactta ttgagattat tattgggtca tggcagaaaag aatggagagg tcttatttct
 12481 gtcttacttg atactggcta ggcccatatg aagaagtgat tctggtttga acctcctat
 12541 aggacaagaa tacaaacata tgcaacaaaa ctgagaaaaag taggtctca gaggaaggta
 12601 tttgcccggg tagccagtca tcatgctctg tgaatttttc cttaaacacg tcccttctgt
 12661 acctgcctcc ttccattcct ccttcgagcc cggcagctct tgagaaaggg actgcattct
 12721 tttttttttt ttttttttga gacagggtct tgttctgtca cccaggctgg agtgagtggtg
 12781 catcatcatg gctcactgca gcctcaacct cctgaactta agtgatcctc tcacctcagc
 12841 ctcttgaata gttgagacta caggcgtgca ccttcagccc cagctaatta aacttttttt
 12901 ggtagagatg aggtctcgct gtgttgcccc ggctgggtctt gaactcctgg cctcaagcag
 12961 tccctctgcc ttggccttcc aaagtgtctg gattaacagg cgtgagccgc tgtgctggc
 13021 ccatttgact ttttaattgag atcttacttg gtgcaaggta tgagctaggt aaaagagtga
 13081 agaagatcaa gccttccctgc ccatccagct gggattgcac cttaaatctc tttatcccc
 13141 gcaaagtgcc agactaactc cacaggcact actgttgcta tccgccccct tagggattga
 13201 gtaagttgag gcaaagattg agatattcag cattgtctag tataacagg aaaggttctt
 13261 tttaaaagta cactaccaga tattcgactc ctttaattaca aaaaaaaac caaatgccta
 13321 aaattgggaa accaaaccag agaattattt tagatgcctt tttaaacct aaaccaggaa
 13381 aagttctgct gctaaccctg aagataggaa acgaaccata cagtctcaag gaaataatca
 13441 tgcaacagaa aacacacctc agttttcagt agcggaaata caaaggagtg tgcttcttaa
 13501 aatcctcaac tgacagtccc ggaatataaa ttttaataag tgctatatca attctgtgat
 13561 aaatataacc cgtggccctt taaagggaaa atcatgatcc ttttgtaact tgtggttcaa
 13621 taaaactggg ccccccttcc cttttctgtc tagaactcga gaagtgtctc tgccgaaatt
 13681 caagctggag aagaactaca atctagtggg gtccctgaag ttgatgggga tcaggatgct
 13741 gtttgacaaa aatggcaaca tggcaggcat ctcagaccaa aggatcgcca tcgacctggt
 13801 aaccactccc ttgtccaccc ccgaccgctc cccagggtct ccatgtccca gcttgggggtg
 13861 ccacttgccc ttcttaccce ccccccaatc tcatgtccca gcttgggggtg ggtgagccac
 13921 tcttcggcct gggtgggata cacagaatgc ctagtttcat ggatgccagc tggagagcac
 13981 ggcacctggc agacacttac tgggaggggg ggaatccaaag agcagccatg gggtagcccc
 14041 cactcccgtg gacaccagag acagggggaga catgtgctgc ggtctgggaa atagctaccc
 14101 ccagccaaat catgaaagag ccattaaaca ccgactata caacatactt aacttaaac
 14161 aatcggttcg ctcagcaaaa gagagagaac accagtccaa acagtgcagc agaccaggtt
 14221 ccccatcccg gagaagtgcg cagcagtggt gggagctgga gctgggggtg cgtcctgca
 14281 ccagcccca cgaccctcag accacaggca ctgccaagag ggaacatgaa cctagccggc
 14341 ctctaagtgc aacggctgcc cctgacaggt ggtgacagat attttcaaga gtgactctga
 14401 ccagctgtga tttccacctt acatgtgttc tttggatcct tccctgaat gatagtagat
 14461 tgtgctggga actctagccc tctgtgtgct gacctccaga atctgacaac tttccttcc
 14521 aaacagtcca agcaccaagg cacgatcaca gtgaacgagg aaggcaccce agccaccact

FIG. 34E

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14581 gtgaccacgg tgggggttcat gccgctgtcc acccaagtcc gcttcaactgt cgaccgcccc
14641 tttcttttcc tcatctacga gcatcgacc agctgcctgc tcttcatggg aagagtggcc
14701 aaccccagca ggtcctagag gtggaggtct aggtgtctga agtgccttgg gggcaccctc
14761 attttgttcc cattccaaca acgagaacag agatgttctg gcatcattta cgtagtttac
14821 gctaccaatc tgaattcgag gcccatatga gaggagctta gaaacgacca agaagagagg
14881 cttgttggaa tcaattctgc acaatagccc atgctgtaag ctcatagaag tcaactgtaac
14941 tgtagtgtgt ctgctgttac ctgaggggtc tcacctcccc actcttcaca gcaaacctga
15001 gcagcgcgtc ctaagcacct cccgctccgg tgaccccatc cttgcacacc tgactctgtc
15061 actcaagcct ttctccacca ggcccctcat ctgaatacca agcacagaaa tgagtgggtg
15121 gactaattcc ttacctctcc caaggagggt acacaactag caccattctt gatgtccagg
15181 gaagaagcca cctcaagaca tatgaggggt gccctgggct aatgttaggg cttaattttc
15241 tcaaagcctg acctttcaaa tccatgatga atgccatcag tccctcctgc tgttgccctc
15301 ctgtgacctg gaggacagtg tgtgccatgt ctcccatact agagataaat aaatgtagcc
15361 acatttactg tgtatctgtt ataattctct attttttgaa gctcaaatat caaaagccaa
15421 atccaaattc ctggataact ccaggtatga taaaggctga gaggaagtca cttgagcacc
15481 acaatgtgcc acagcagggc atgttctcag gacaggacag gtgtgtgctg aatcctgggg
15541 agggctctgtg cagtacccca gaactgtggg gtgctaagtg gcacacaagc cccagggctc
15601 ccacagtcta tgccaggctg ctgcagcttt catccctcat acctggctct gcagtgggtc
15661 tggtttgaca gagcagatga cacctgagga atatgtttct ggatccttca atccctgggt
15721 aagacaagtg aaatccacag aggctgttca gcacgcaaga gtgccagtgc tctttcagtg
15781 aggggatgac tgacgggtcac aggtgctgtg tgtgcaggtg tctaactgta accccacagc
15841 ctggcagat

FIG. 34F

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

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LOCUS HUMTHRR 3472 bp mRNA PRI 10-OCT-1991
 DEFINITION Human thrombin receptor mRNA, complete cds.
 ACCESSION M62424
 NID g339676
 KEYWORDS thrombin receptor.
 SOURCE Human DNA.
 ORGANISM Homo sapiens
 Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
 Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 3472)
 AUTHORS Vu, T.H., Hung, D.T., Wheaton, V.I. and Coughlin, S.R.
 TITLE Molecular cloning of a functional thrombin receptor reveals a
 novel proteolytic mechanism of receptor activation
 JOURNAL Cell 64, 1057-1068 (1991)
 MEDLINE 91168254

FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
 source 1..3472
 /organism="Homo sapiens"
 /db_xref="taxon:9606"
 CDS 225..1502
 /codon_start=1
 /product="thrombin receptor"
 /db_xref="PID:g339677"

/translation="MGPRRLLLVAACFSLCGPLLSARTRARRPESKATNATLDPRSFL
 LRNPNDKYEPFWEDEEKNESGLTEYRLVSINKSSPLQKQLPAFISEDASGYLTSSWLT
 LRVPSVYTGTVFVVSPLPLNIMAVVFILKMKVKKPAVVYMLHLATADVLFVSVLPFKIS
 YYFSGSDWQFGSELCRFVTAIFYCNMYASILLMTVISIDRFLAVVYPMQSLSWRTLGR
 ASFTCLAIWALAIAGVVPLVLKEQTIQVPGLNITTC HDV LNETLLEGYYAYYFSAFSA
 VFFVFPLIISTVCYVSIIRCLSSAVANRSKKSRAFLSAAVFCIFIICFGPTNVLLI
 AHYSFLSHTSTTEAAYFAYLLCVCVSSISSCIDPLIYYIASSECQRYVYSILCKESS
 DPSSYNSSGQLMASKMDTCSSNLNNSIYKLLT"

BASE COUNT 933 a 817 c 785 g 937 t
 ORIGIN

```

1  ggcggcggcg  gaccgcggcg  cccagtcgag  ccccgccccg  ctaaccgccc  cagacacagc
61  gctcgccgag  ggtcgcttgg  accctgatct  taccctgagg  caccctgccc  tctgctgccc
121  gcgaagaccg  gctccccgac  ccgcagaagt  caggagagag  ggtgaagcgg  agcagcccca
181  ggcggggcag  cctccccgag  cagcgccgag  cagagccggg  gacaatgggg  ccgcgggcgg
241  tgctgctggt  ggccgcctgc  ttcagtctgt  gggggccgct  gttgtctgcc  cgcacccggg
301  cccgcaggcc  agaatcaaaa  gcaacaaaatg  ccaccttaga  tccccgggtc  tttctttctc
361  ggaaccccaa  tgataaatat  gaaccatttt  gggaggatga  ggagaaaaat  gaaagtgggt
421  taactgaata  cagattagtc  tccatcaata  aaagcagtc  tcttcaaaaa  caacttctct
481  cattcatctc  agaagatgcc  tccggatatt  tgaccagctc  ctggctgaca  ctctttgtcc
541  catctgtgta  caccggagtg  tttgtagtca  gcctcccact  aaacatcatg  gccatcgttg
601  gtgtcatcct  gaaaatgaag  gtcaagaagc  cggcgggtgg  gtacatgctg  cacctggcca
661  cggcagatgt  gctgtttgtg  tctgtgctcc  cctttaagat  cagctattac  ttttccggca
721  gtgattggca  gtttgggtct  gaattgtgtc  gcttcgtcac  tgcagcattt  tactgttaaa
781  tgtacgcctc  tatcttctgc  atgacagtca  taagcattga  ccggtttctg  gctgtggtgt
841  atcccatgca  gtccctctcc  tggcgtagtc  tgggaagggc  ttccttccct  tgtctggcca
901  tctgggcttt  ggccatcgca  ggggtagtgc  ctctcgctcc  caaggagcaa  accatccagg
961  tgcccgggct  caacatcact  accgtgcatg  atgtgctcaa  tgaacccctg  ctggaaggct
1021  actatgccta  ctacttctca  gccttctctg  ctgtcttctt  tttgtgccc  ctgatcattt
1081  ccacggctct  ttatgtgtct  atcattcgat  gtcttagctc  ttccgcagtt  gccaacggca
1141  gcaagaagtc  ccgggctttg  ttcctgtcag  ctgctgtttt  ctgcatcttc  atcatttgct
1201  tcggaccac  aaacgtcttc  ctgattgcgc  attactcatt  cctttctcac  acttccacca
1261  cagaggctgc  ctactttgct  tacctctctc  gtgtctgtgt  cagcagcata  agctcgtgca
1321  tcgacccct  aatttactat  tacgttctct  ctgagtgcga  gaggtacgct  tacagtatct

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FIG. 35A

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1381 tatgctgcaa agaaagtcc gatcccagca gttataacag cagtgggagc ttgatggcaa
1441 gtaaaatgga tacctgctct agtaacctga ataacagcat atacaaaaag ctgttaactt
1501 aggaaaaggg actgctggga ggtaaaaaag aaaagtttat aaaagtgaat aacctgagga
1561 ttctattagt cccaccccaa actttattga ttcacctctt aaaacaacag atgtacgact
1621 tgcataacctg ctttttatgg gagctgtcaa gcatgtattt ttgtcaatta ccagaagat
1681 aacaggacga gatgacggg ttattccaag ggaatattgc caatgtctaca gtaataaatg
1741 aatgtcactt ctggatatag ctagggtgaca tatacatact tacatgtgtg tatatgtaga
1801 tgtatgcaca cacatatatt atttgcagtg cagtatagaa taggcacttt aaaacactct
1861 ttccccgcac cccagcaatt atgaaaaata tctctgattc cctgatttaa tatgcaaagt
1921 ctaggttggg agagttagc cctgaacatt tcatgggtgt catcaacagt gagagactcc
1981 atagtttggg cttgtaccac ttttgcaaat aagtgtattt tgaaattgtt tgacggcaag
2041 gtttaagtta ttaaggaggta agacttagta ctatctgtgc gtagaagttc tagtgttttc
2101 aattttaaac atatccaagt ttgaattcct aaaatattgg aaacagatga aaagcctctg
2161 ttttgatatg ggtagtattt ttacatttt acacactgta cacataagcc aaaactgagc
2221 ataagtcctc tagtgaatgt aggtcggctt tcagagtagg ctattcctga gagctgcatg
2281 tgtccgcccc cgatggagga ctccaggcag cagacacatg ccagggccat gtcagacaca
2341 gattggccag aaaccttctt gctgagcctc acagcagtga gactggggcc actacatttg
2401 ctccatcctc ctgggattgg ctgtgaactg atcatgttta tgagaaactg gcaaagcaga
2461 atgtgatatc ctaggaggta atgaccatga aagacttctc taccatctt aaaaacaacg
2521 aaagaaggca tggacttctg gatgcccatc cactgggtgt aaacacatct agtagttgtt
2581 ctgaaatgtc agttctgata tgggaagcacc cattatgcgc tgtggccact ccaataggtg
2641 ctgagtgtac agagtggaaat aagacagaga cctgccctca agagcaaatg agatcatgca
2701 tagagtgtga tgtatgtgta ataaatatgt ttcacacaaa caaggcctgt cagctaaaga
2761 agtttgaaca tttgggttac tatttcttgt ggttataact taatgaaaac aatgcagtac
2821 aggacatata ttttttaaaa taagtctgat ttaattgggc actatttatt tacaatgtt
2881 ttgctcaata gattgctcaa atcaggtttt cttttaagaa tcaatcatgt cagtctgctt
2941 agaaataaca gaagaaaata gaattgacat tgaatctag gaaaattatt ctataatttc
3001 catttactta agacttaatg agactttaaa agcatttttt aacctcctaa gtatcaagta
3061 tagaaaatct tcatggaatt cacaaagtaa tttggaaatt aggttgaaac atatctctta
3121 tcttacgaaa aaatggtagc attttaaaaca aaatagaaag ttgcaaggca aatgtttatt
3181 taaaagagca ggccaggcgc ggtggctcac gcctgtaate ccagcacttt gggaggctga
3241 ggcggtgga tcacgaggtc aggagatcga gaccatcctg gctaacacgg tgaacccgt
3301 ctctactaaa aatgcaaaaa aaattagccg ggcgtgggtg caggcacctg tagtcccagc
3361 tactcgggag gctgaggcag gagactggcg tgaaccagg aggcggacct tgtagttagc
3421 cgagatcgcg ccactgtgct ccagcctggg caacagagca agactccatc tc

FIG. 35B

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LOCUS HUMLPLFI 3877 bp DNA PRI 07-JAN-1995
 DEFINITION H.sapiens lipoprotein lipase (LPL) gene, exons 7,8,and 9, and an Alu repetative element.
 ACCESSION M76722 M76723
 NID g187215
 KEYWORDS Alu repeat; lipoprotein lipase; plasma protein.
 SOURCE Homo sapiens blood DNA.
 ORGANISM Homo sapiens
 Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 3877)
 AUTHORS Chuat,J.C., Raisonnier,A., Etienne,J. and Galibert,F.
 TITLE The lipoprotein lipase-encoding human gene: sequence from intron-6 to intron-9 and presence in intron-7 of a 40-million-year-old Alu sequence
 JOURNAL Gene 110 (2), 257-261 (1992)
 MEDLINE 92165069
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
 source 1..3877
 /organism="Homo sapiens"
 /db_xref="taxon:9606"
 /cell_type="lymphocyte"
 /tissue_type="blood"
 /map="8p22"
 intron 1..198
 /partial
 /gene="LPL"
 /note="G00-120-700"
 /number=6
 CDS join(199..319,1840..2022,3052..3156)
 /partial
 /gene="LPL"
 /codon_start=3
 /db_xref="GDB:G00-120-700"
 /product="lipoprotein lipase"
 /db_xref="PID:g553523"
 /translation="FHYQVKIHFSGTESETHNQAFEISLYGTVAESENIPFTLPEVS
 TNKTYSFLLIYTEVDIGELMLKLKWKSDSYFSWSDWSSPGFAIQKIRVKAGETQKKV
 IFCSREKVSHLQKGKAPAVFVKCHDKSLNKKSG"
 exon 199..319
 /gene="LPL"
 /note="G00-120-700"
 /number=7
 gene join(199..319,1840..2022,3052..3156)
 /gene="LPL"
 intron 320..1839
 /gene="LPL"
 /note="G00-120-700"
 /number=7
 repeat_region complement(746..1027)
 /gene="LPL"
 /note="G00-120-700"
 /rpt_family="Alu repeat"
 exon 1840..2022
 /gene="LPL"
 /note="G00-120-700"
 /number=8
 intron 2023..3051
 /gene="LPL"
 /note="G00-120-700"
 /number=8
 exon 3052..3156

FIG. 36A

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```

/ gene="LPL"
/ note="stop codon (tga) is interrupted by intron 9,
between tg and a; G00-120-700"
/ number=9
intron 3157..3877
/ partial
/ gene="LPL"
/ note="G00-120-700"
/ number=9
BASE COUNT 1145 a 787 c 746 g 1199 t
ORIGIN
1 gaattcaagg tctgcatttt ctaggtatga acactgtgca tgatgaagtc tttccaagcc
61 acaccagtgg ttccatgtgt gtgcacttcc ggtttgagtg ctagttagat acttctgtgg
121 ttctgaattg cctgactatt tggggttggt atattttcat aaagattgat caacatgttc
181 gaatttcctc cccaacagtc ttccattacc aagtaaagat tcatttttct gggactgaga
241 gtgaaaccca taccaatcag gcctttgaga ttctctgtga tggcaccgtg gccgagagtg
301 agaacatccc attcactctg tgagtagcac agggggggcgg tcatcatggc accagtcctt
361 ctctgccat aacccttggg ctgagcagca gaagcagaga gcgatgccta gaaaacaagt
421 ctttagttaa aaaaatcaga atttcaaaat tgaggctctt cctctatttg atattgagaa
481 aaaaatgctt caaattggcc attttatttt cacttactag ttatattttt ttatttatca
541 tcttatatct gtttatttct ttataaagc tgctgttaa caatataatt aaactatctc
601 aaaagggttg acattaaaga aaatgagcaa tggtaacagg aaaccactct atagatgtac
661 atataatatg tacagaaaat ataagtagta agaagtcctt gacaaagtgt tagctctttt
721 tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttgagat ggagctctct tctattgccc aggctggagt
781 gcagtgatcc gatctcagct cactgcaacc tctacctccc gagttcaaac aattcttctg
841 tctcagcctc ccgagtagct ggggctgcag gtgcccacca ccatgccccag ctaatttttg
901 tatttttagt agcgacaggg tctcaccatg ttggccaagc tggctctgaa ttcctgatct
961 caggtgatcc acccgctcgg gcctcccaaa gtgctgggat tacagggtgtg agccaccatg
1021 cccagcctac cctttactac taatcaaaaga aataaaagta aggcaacttg atacttttct
1081 aattactaga tgaacaaatc tttaaaaata gccagtgcag acaagggtgtg gaagcagaac
1141 atgcgaacct accatgcctc attcacggct agaaccctcc aggtgcccga ggtagtattt
1201 taataacttt ccatagctac aaaatattat tacatagaag ggagtgattt ttttctaata
1261 tttatcctaa agaaatagtc aacaaacatt tttaaaaaca tcaattacag tctacctat
1321 actagcataa attagaaaacc cagtatccaa cattgaggca gtgggtaaat gaatcgtggg
1381 ttatcaagtc attaaaatca atctagcctt taaaaactat aattgtagga aaccaggaa
1441 aacatagtaa aaaatggaat ataaaatctg aagagaataa agaatagaga atcgtatgtg
1501 tgctatgatt gtagctaaat aatgttcaag tatcaacaca aattgaaaag gaatacatga
1561 aaatgaaaat tatatttctg aatgattgac ttcaggattt tcttttagaa ttgtattaaa
1621 tagttcatgt cattaggata aatgctggaa tgtggatata atttaaaaaa tactaaatgc
1681 catcgacctt cattttgagt tctttgttgg acatttttgt gcatttttaa aatatccctt
1741 aaataataaa gctatttata tttggagagg agaaaaaaa gtgggggggca gggagagctg
1801 atctctataa ctaaccaaatt ttattgcttt tttgttttagg cctgaagttt ccacaaataa
1861 gacctactcc ttctaaattt acacagaggt agatattgga gaactactca tgttgaagct
1921 caaatggaag agtgattcat acttttagctg gtcagactgg tggagcagtc ccggcttcgc
1981 cattcagaag atcagagtaa aagcaggaga gactcagaaa aagtaattaa atgtattttt
2041 cttccttcac tttagacccc cacctgatgt caggacctag gggctgtatt tcaggggcct
2101 tcacaattca gggagagctt taggaaacct tgtatttatt actgtatgat gtagattttc
2161 tttaggagtc ttcttttatt ttcttatttt tggggggcgg ggggggaagt gacagtattt
2221 ttgtatttca tgtaaggaaa acataagccc tgaatcgctc acagtatttc agtgagagct
2281 gggattagaa gtcaggaatc tcagcttctc atttggcact gtttcttgta agtacaaaat
2341 agttagggaa caaacctccg agatgctacc tggataatca aagattcaaa ccaacctctt
2401 ccagaagggg gagattccaa gataatctca acctgtctcc gcagcccccac ccatgtgtac
2461 ccataaaatg aattacacag agatcgctat aggtatttaa gcttttatac taaatgtgct
2521 gggattttgc aaactatagt gtgctgttat tgtaattta aaaaaactct aagttagat
2581 tgacaaatta tttctcttta gtcatttgct tgtatcacca aagaagcaaa caaacaacaa
2641 aaaaaaaaaa gaaaaagatc ttggggatgg aaatgttata aagaatcttt ttacactag
2701 caatgtctag ctgaaggcag atgccctaatt tccttaatgc agatgctaag agatggcaga
2761 gttgatcttt tatcatctct tggtgaaagc ccagtaacat aagactgctc taggctgtct
2821 gcatgcctgt ctatctaaat taactagctt ggttgctgaa caccaggtta ggctctcaaa
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3061 ctgttctagg gagaaagtgt ctcatattgca gaaaggaaag gcacctgcgg tatttgtgaa
3121 atgccatgac aagtctctga ataagaagtc aggtcgggtga gcattctggg ctaaagctga
3181 ctgggcatcc tgagcttgca ccctaaggga ggcagcttca tgcattctctc ttcaccccat

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FIG. 36B

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3241 caccagcagc ttgccctgac tcatgtgatc aaagcattca atcagtcttt cttagtcctt
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3361 ctcttggttc tcccagcccg gaccttcaac ccaggcacac attttagggt ttattttact
3421 ccttgaacta cccctgaatc ttcaattctc cttttttctc tactgcgctc ctgctgactt
3481 tgcagatgcc atctgcagag catgtaacac aagtttagta gttgccgttc tggctgtggg
3541 tgcagctctt ccaggatgt attcagggaa gtaaaaagat ctactgcat cacctgcagc
3601 cacatagttc ttgattctcc aagtgccagc atactccggg acacacagcc aacagggtg
3661 cccaagcac ccattctcaa aacctcaaa gctgccaagc aaacagaatg agagttag
3721 gaaactgttc tctcttctat ctccaaacaa ctctgtgcct ctttctacc tgaccttag
3781 ggctaatacca tgtggcagct gttagctgca tctttccaga gcgtcagtac tgagaggaca
3841 ctaagcatgt gaccttcaat actcctgttc tgaattc
```

FIG. 36C

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LOCUS HSU59436 182 bp DNA PRI 19-JUN-1996
 DEFINITION Human low-density lipoprotein receptor (ldlr) gene, exon 12,
 partial cds.
 ACCESSION U59436
 NID g1381233
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE human.
 ORGANISM Homo sapiens
 Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
 Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 182)
 AUTHORS Sibul,H. and Metspalu,A.
 TITLE A new polymorphism in exon 12 of the human low-density lipoprotein
 receptor (LDLR) gene
 JOURNAL Unpublished
 REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 182)
 AUTHORS Sibul,H.
 TITLE Direct Submission
 JOURNAL Submitted (29-MAY-1996) Hiljar Sibul, Estonian Biocentre,
 Biotechnology, Riia 23, Tartu, Estonia, 2400
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
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 intron <1..25
 /gene="ldlr"
 /number=11
 primer_bind 1..21
 /gene="ldlr"
 gene 1..182
 /gene="ldlr"
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 CDS <26..>165
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 /note="LDLR"
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 /db_xref="PID:g1381234"
 /translation="LLSGRLYWVDSKLHSISSIDVNGGNRKTILEDKRLAHPFSLAV
 FE"
 variation replace(45,"t")
 /gene="ldlr"
 /frequency="0.17"
 primer_bind complement(163..182)
 /gene="ldlr"
 intron 166..>182
 /gene="ldlr"
 /number=12
 BASE COUNT 36 a 53 c 44 g 49 t
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 61 aaacttcact ccattctcaag catcgatgtc aatgggggca accggaagac catcttgagg
 121 gatgaaaaga ggctggccca cccttctcc ttggccgtct ttgaggtgtg gcttacgtac
 181 ga

FIG. 37

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

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*****
LOCUS      HSCLA1GNA      2566 bp      RNA
DEFINITION H.sapiens encoding CLA-1 mRNA.
ACCESSION  Z22555
NID        g397606
KEYWORDS   CLA-1.
SOURCE     human.
ORGANISM   Homo sapiens
            Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
            Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
REFERENCE  1 (bases 1 to 2566)
AUTHORS    Calvo,D. and Vega,M.A.
TITLE      Identification, primary structure, and distribution of CLA-1, a
            novel member of the CD36/LIMPII gene family
JOURNAL    J. Biol. Chem. 268 (25), 18929-18935 (1993)
MEDLINE    93366811
REFERENCE  2 (bases 1 to 2566)
AUTHORS    VEGA,M.
TITLE      Direct Submission
JOURNAL    Submitted (15-APR-1993) VEGA M., HOSPITAL DE LA PRINCESA, UNIDAD
DE         BIOLOGIA MOLECULAR, C/ DIEGO DE LEON 62, MADRID, MADRID, SPAIN,
            28006

FEATURES
  source          Location/Qualifiers
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                  /db_xref="taxon:9606"
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                  /cell_line="HL60"
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  CDS            70..1599
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                  /product="CLA-1"
                  /db_xref="PID:g397607"

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FTVFTGVQNISRIHLVDKWNGLSKVDFWHSQCNMINGTSGQMWPFFMTPESSLEFY
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LGCVLLLVVICQIRSQEKCYLFWSSSKKGSKDKEAIQAYSESLMTSAPKGSVLQEA
L"
  3'UTR          1600..2566
  polyA_site     2532..2537
BASE COUNT      528 a      811 c      695 g      532 t
ORIGIN
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  61  cgcgcagaca  tgggctgctc  cgccaaagcg  cgctgggctg  ccggggcgct  gggcgctcg
  121  gggctactgt  gcgctgtgct  gggcgctgct  atgatcgtga  tggtgccgct  gctcatcaag
  181  cagcagggtcc  ttaagaacgt  gcgcatcgac  ccagtagcc  tgccttcaa  catgtggaag
  241  gagatcccta  tccccttcta  tctctccgct  tacttctttg  acgtcatgaa  cccagcgag
  301  atcctgaagg  gcgagaagcc  gcagggtgcg  gagcgcgggc  cctacgtgta  cagggagtc
  361  aggcacaaaa  gcaacatcac  cttcaacaac  aacgacaccg  tgccttcct  cgagtaccg

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FIG. 38A

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541 atcatgacct tggcattcac caccctcggc gaacgtgcct tcatgaaccg cactgtgggt
601 gagatcatgt ggggctacaa ggacccctt gtgaatctca tcaacaagta ctttccaggc
661 atgttcccc tcaaggacaa gttcggatta tttgctgagc tcaacaactc cgactctggg
721 ctcttcacgg tgttcacggg ggtccagaac atcagcagga tccacctcgt ggacaagtgg
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1081 gcccccttgt ttctctccca tcctcacttc ctcaacgcgc acccggttct ggcagaagcg
1141 gtgactggcc tgcaccctaa ccaggaggca cactccttgt tcttggacat ccacccggtc
1201 acgggaatcc ccatgaactg ctctgtgaaa ctgcagctga gcctctacat gaaatctgtc
1261 gcaggcattg gacaaactgg gaagattgag cctgtggtcc tggcgtgct ctggtttgca
1321 gagagcgggg ccatggaggg ggagactctt cacacattct acactcagct ggtgttgatg
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1561 gctcccaagg gctctgtgct gcaggaagca aaactgtagg gtccctgagga caccgtgagc
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1861 tgttctggaa ccttctctcc acgtggccca caggctgacc acaggggctg tgggtcctgc
1921 gtcccccttc tcgggtgagc ctggcctgtc ccgttcagcc gttgggcccag gcttctctcc
1981 ctccaagggtg aaacactgca gtcccgggtgt ggtggctccc catgcaggac gggccaggct
2041 gggagtgccg ccttctgtg ccaaattcag tggggactca gtgcccaggc cctggcacga
2101 gctttggcct tgggtctacct gccaggccag gcaaaagcgcc ttacacagg cctcggaaaa
2161 caatggagtg agcacaagat gccctgtgca gctgcccag ggtctccgcc caccgccggc
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2401 caggctgagg tgaagaggcc tggggggcct gccttcgggg cgctcctgga ccctggggca
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2521 actcttgaag taataaacgt ttaaaaaaat ggaaaaaaa aaaaa
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FIG. 38B



INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification ⁶ : C12Q 1/68	A3	(11) International Publication Number: WO 99/50454 (43) International Publication Date: 7 October 1999 (07.10.99)
<p>(21) International Application Number: PCT/US99/06473</p> <p>(22) International Filing Date: 26 March 1999 (26.03.99)</p> <p>(30) Priority Data: 09/054,272 1 April 1998 (01.04.98) US</p> <p>(63) Related by Continuation (CON) or Continuation-in-Part (CIP) to Earlier Application US 09/054,272 (CIP) Filed on 1 April 1998 (01.04.98)</p> <p>(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): WHITEHEAD INSTITUTE FOR BIOMEDICAL RESEARCH [US/US]; Nine Cambridge Center, Cambridge, MA 02142 (US).</p> <p>(72) Inventors; and (75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): LANDER, Eric, S. [US/US]; 151 Bishop Allen Drive, Cambridge, MA 02138 (US). DALEY, George, Q. [US/US]; 50 Young Road, Weston, MA 02193 (US). CARGILL, Michele [US/US]; 50 Follen Street #208, Cambridge, MA 02138 (US). IRELAND, James, S. [US/US]; 36 College Avenue #1, Somerville, MA 02144 (US). ROZEN, Steven, G. [US/US]; 45 Josephine Avenue, Somerville, MA 02144-2312 (US).</p>	<p>(74) Agents: GRANAHAHAN, Patricia et al.; Hamilton, Brook, Smith & Reynolds, P.C., Two Militia Drive, Lexington, MA 02421 (US).</p> <p>(81) Designated States: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).</p> <p>Published <i>With international search report. Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of the receipt of amendments.</i></p> <p>(88) Date of publication of the international search report: 13 April 2000 (13.04.00)</p>	
<p>(54) Title: CODING SEQUENCE POLYMORPHISMS IN VASCULAR PATHOLOGY GENES</p> <p>(57) Abstract</p> <p>The invention provides nucleic acid segments of the human genome, particularly nucleic acid segments from the coding region of a gene, including polymorphic sites. Allele-specific primers and probes hybridizing to regions flanking or containing these sites are also provided. The nucleic acids, primers and probes are used in applications such as phenotype correlations, forensics, paternity testing, medicine and genetic analysis.</p>		

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/US 99/06473

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
IPC 6 C12Q1/68

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 6 C12Q

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	DATABASE EMBL European Molecular Biology Laboratory AT3 precursor (AC: H94189), 1995 HILLIER, L. ET AL.: "The WashU-Merck EST Project" XP002121301	1-4, 11, 12
Y	see abstract	10
X	DATABASE EMBL European Molecular Biology Laboratory AT3 precursor (AC: T73852), 1995 HILLIER, L. ET AL.: "The WashU-Merck EST Project" XP002121302	1-4, 11, 12
Y	see abstract	10
	- / - -	

☒ Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.

☒ Patent family members are listed in annex.

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"&" document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

2 November 1999

Date of mailing of the international search report

22.02.2000

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Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016

Authorized officer

Knehr, M

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No
PCT/US 99/06473

C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	DÜRR C ET AL.: "Genetic studies of antithrombin III with IEF and ASO hybridization" HUMAN GENETICS, vol. 90, 1992, pages 457-459, XP002121293	5-7, 11, 12
Y	see the whole document	10
X	OKAJIMA K ET AL.: "Antithrombin III Nagasaki (Ser116-Pro): A heterozygous variant with defective heparin binding associated with thrombosis" BLOOD, vol. 81, no. 5, 1993, pages 1300-1305, XP002121294	5-7, 11, 12
Y	see abstract	10
X	UEYAMA H ET AL.: "Antithrombin III Kumamoto: Identification of a point mutation and genotype analysis of the family" THROMBOSIS AND HAEMOSTASIS, vol. 63, no. 2, 1990, pages 231-234, XP002121295	5-7
Y	see the whole document	10-12
X	ZEE R Y L ET AL.: "Association and linkage analysis of restriction fragment length polymorphisms for the human renin and antithrombin III genes in essential hypertension" JOURNAL OF HYPERTENSION, vol. 9, 1991, pages 825-830, XP002121296	11, 12
	see the whole document	
X	BOCK S C ET AL.: "Antithrombin III Utah: Proline-407 to leucine mutation in a highly conserved region near the inhibitor reactive site" BIOCHEMISTRY, vol. 27, 1988, pages 6171-6178, XP002121297	11, 12
	cited in the application	
	see the whole document	
Y	BELGRADER P ET AL.: "A multiplex PCR-ligase detection reaction assay for human identity testing" GENOME SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY, vol. 1, no. 2, 1996, pages 77-87, XP002121298 * see especially Fig. 1 and Table 1 * see the whole document	5, 8-12
	-/--	

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/US 99/06473

C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Y	SYVANEN A -CH ET AL: "IDENTIFICATION OF INDIVIDUALS BY ANALYSIS OF BIALLELIC DNA MARKERS, USING PCR AND SOLID-PHASE MINISEQUENCING" AMERICAN JOURNAL OF HUMAN GENETICS, vol. 52, no. 1, 1 January 1993, pages 46-59, XP002050638 see the whole document ---	5,8,9
A	WO 95 12607 A (MOLECULAR TOOL INC) 11 May 1995 * see especially the claims * see the whole document ---	
A	WANG D ET AL: "TOWARD A THIRD GENERATION GENETIC MAP OF THE HUMAN GENOME BASED ON BI-ALLELIC POLYMORPHISMS" AMERICAN JOURNAL OF HUMAN GENETICS, vol. 59, no. 4, 1 October 1996, page A03 XP002050641 see abstract ---	
P,X	WO 98 20165 A (WHITEHEAD BIOMEDICAL INST ; HUDSON THOMAS (US); LANDER ERIC S (US);) 14 May 1998 see the whole document ---	1-12
P,X	DALEY G Q ET AL.: "High throughput polymorphism discovery in genes related to thrombosis: A paradigm for linking common variants to common disease" BLOOD, vol. 92, no. 10/1, 1998, page 1953 XP002121299 see abstract ---	11,12
T	CARGILL M ET AL.: "Characterization of single-nucleotide polymorphisms in coding regions of human genes" NATURE GENETICS, vol. 22, 1999, pages 231-238, XP002121300 see the whole document -----	1-4, 10-12

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/US 99/06473

Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)

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2. ☐ Claims Nos.:
because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically:
3. ☐ Claims Nos.:
because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).

Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)

This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:

see additional sheet

1. ☐ As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all searchable claims.
2. ☐ As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3. ☐ As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4. ☒ No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this International Search Report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:
see additional sheet, subject 1.

Remark on Protest

- ☐ The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.
- ☐ No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

1. Claims: 1-12 (partially)

INVENTION 1: A nucleic acid molecule of at least 5 nucleotides in length consisting of a part of the AT3 gene and comprising a polymorphic (biallelic) site according to the nucleotide positions as indicated in the attached table - column 4, an allele-specific oligonucleotide hybridizing to such a polymorphic site, an isolated gene product encoded by such a nucleic acid molecule, and a method of analyzing such a nucleic acid by determining the bases occupying the polymorphic site(s).

2. Claims: 1-12 (partially)

INVENTION 2: A nucleic acid molecule of at least 5 nucleotides in length consisting of a part of the CETP gene and comprising a polymorphic (biallelic) site according to the nucleotide positions as indicated in the attached table - column 4, an allele-specific oligonucleotide hybridizing to such a polymorphic site, an isolated gene product encoded by such a nucleic acid molecule, and a method of analyzing such a nucleic acid by determining the bases occupying the polymorphic site(s).

3. Claims: 1-12 (partially)

INVENTION 3: A nucleic acid molecule of at least 5 nucleotides in length consisting of a part of the CLanalog gene and comprising a polymorphic (biallelic) site according to the nucleotide positions as indicated in the attached table - column 4, an allele-specific oligonucleotide hybridizing to such a polymorphic site, an isolated gene product encoded by such a nucleic acid molecule, and a method of analyzing such a nucleic acid by determining the bases occupying the polymorphic site(s).

4. Claims: 1-12 (partially)

INVENTION 4: A nucleic acid molecule of at least 5 nucleotides in length consisting of a part of the F2R gene and comprising a polymorphic (biallelic) site according to the nucleotide positions as indicated in the attached table - column 4, an allele-specific oligonucleotide hybridizing to such a polymorphic site, an isolated gene product encoded by such a nucleic acid molecule, and a method of analyzing such a nucleic acid by determining the bases occupying the polymorphic site(s).

5. Claims: 1-12 (partially)

INVENTION 5: A nucleic acid molecule of at least 5

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nucleotides in length consisting of a part of the F2 gene and comprising a polymorphic (biallelic) site according to the nucleotide positions as indicated in the attached table - column 4, an allele-specific oligonucleotide hybridizing to such a polymorphic site, an isolated gene product encoded by such a nucleic acid molecule, and a method of analyzing such a nucleic acid by determining the bases occupying the polymorphic site(s).

6. Claims: 1-12 (partially)

INVENTION 6: A nucleic acid molecule of at least 5 nucleotides in length consisting of a part of the F3 gene and comprising a polymorphic (biallelic) site according to the nucleotide positions as indicated in the attached table - column 4, an allele-specific oligonucleotide hybridizing to such a polymorphic site, an isolated gene product encoded by such a nucleic acid molecule, and a method of analyzing such a nucleic acid by determining the bases occupying the polymorphic site(s).

7. Claims: 1-12 (partially)

INVENTION 7: A nucleic acid molecule of at least 5 nucleotides in length consisting of a part of the F5 gene and comprising a polymorphic (biallelic) site according to the nucleotide positions as indicated in the attached table - column 4, an allele-specific oligonucleotide hybridizing to such a polymorphic site, an isolated gene product encoded by such a nucleic acid molecule, and a method of analyzing such a nucleic acid by determining the bases occupying the polymorphic site(s).

8. Claims: 1-12 (partially)

INVENTION 8: A nucleic acid molecule of at least 5 nucleotides in length consisting of a part of the HCF2 gene and comprising a polymorphic (biallelic) site according to the nucleotide positions as indicated in the attached table - column 4, an allele-specific oligonucleotide hybridizing to such a polymorphic site, an isolated gene product encoded by such a nucleic acid molecule, and a method of analyzing such a nucleic acid by determining the bases occupying the polymorphic site(s).

9. Claims: 1-12 (partially)

INVENTION 9: A nucleic acid molecule of at least 5 nucleotides in length consisting of a part of the HMGCR gene and comprising a polymorphic (biallelic) site according to the nucleotide positions as indicated in the attached table

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- column 4, an allele-specific oligonucleotide hybridizing to such a polymorphic site, an isolated gene product encoded by such a nucleic acid molecule, and a method of analyzing such a nucleic acid by determining the bases occupying the polymorphic site(s).

10. Claims: 1-12 (partially)

INVENTION 10: A nucleic acid molecule of at least 5 nucleotides in length consisting of a part of the ITGA2B gene and comprising a polymorphic (biallelic) site according to the nucleotide positions as indicated in the attached table - column 4, an allele-specific oligonucleotide hybridizing to such a polymorphic site, an isolated gene product encoded by such a nucleic acid molecule, and a method of analyzing such a nucleic acid by determining the bases occupying the polymorphic site(s).

11. Claims: 1-12 (partially)

INVENTION 11: A nucleic acid molecule of at least 5 nucleotides in length consisting of a part of the ITB3 gene and comprising a polymorphic (biallelic) site according to the nucleotide positions as indicated in the attached table - column 4, an allele-specific oligonucleotide hybridizing to such a polymorphic site, an isolated gene product encoded by such a nucleic acid molecule, and a method of analyzing such a nucleic acid by determining the bases occupying the polymorphic site(s).

12. Claims: 1-12 (partially)

INVENTION 12: A nucleic acid molecule of at least 5 nucleotides in length consisting of a part of the LCAT gene and comprising a polymorphic (biallelic) site according to the nucleotide positions as indicated in the attached table - column 4, an allele-specific oligonucleotide hybridizing to such a polymorphic site, an isolated gene product encoded by such a nucleic acid molecule, and a method of analyzing such a nucleic acid by determining the bases occupying the polymorphic site(s).

13. Claims: 1-12 (partially)

INVENTION 13: A nucleic acid molecule of at least 5 nucleotides in length consisting of a part of the LDLR gene and comprising a polymorphic (biallelic) site according to the nucleotide positions as indicated in the attached table - column 4, an allele-specific oligonucleotide hybridizing to such a polymorphic site, an isolated gene product encoded by such a nucleic acid molecule, and a method of analyzing

FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

such a nucleic acid by determining the bases occupying the polymorphic site(s).

14. Claims: 1-12 (partially)

INVENTION 14: A nucleic acid molecule of at least 5 nucleotides in length consisting of a part of the LPL gene and comprising a polymorphic (biallelic) site according to the nucleotide positions as indicated in the attached table - column 4, an allele-specific oligonucleotide hybridizing to such a polymorphic site, an isolated gene product encoded by such a nucleic acid molecule, and a method of analyzing such a nucleic acid by determining the bases occupying the polymorphic site(s).

15. Claims: 1-12 (partially)

INVENTION 15: A nucleic acid molecule of at least 5 nucleotides in length consisting of a part of the PROC gene and comprising a polymorphic (biallelic) site according to the nucleotide positions as indicated in the attached table - column 4, an allele-specific oligonucleotide hybridizing to such a polymorphic site, an isolated gene product encoded by such a nucleic acid molecule, and a method of analyzing such a nucleic acid by determining the bases occupying the polymorphic site(s).

16. Claims: 1-12 (partially)

INVENTION 16: A nucleic acid molecule of at least 5 nucleotides in length consisting of a part of the PTAFR gene and comprising a polymorphic (biallelic) site according to the nucleotide positions as indicated in the attached table - column 4, an allele-specific oligonucleotide hybridizing to such a polymorphic site, an isolated gene product encoded by such a nucleic acid molecule, and a method of analyzing such a nucleic acid by determining the bases occupying the polymorphic site(s).

17. Claims: 1-12 (partially)

INVENTION 17: A nucleic acid molecule of at least 5 nucleotides in length consisting of a part of the TFPI gene and comprising a polymorphic (biallelic) site according to the nucleotide positions as indicated in the attached table - column 4, an allele-specific oligonucleotide hybridizing to such a polymorphic site, an isolated gene product encoded by such a nucleic acid molecule, and a method of analyzing such a nucleic acid by determining the bases occupying the polymorphic site(s).

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18. Claims: 1-12 (partially)

INVENTION 18: A nucleic acid molecule of at least 5 nucleotides in length consisting of a part of the TBXA2R gene and comprising a polymorphic (biallelic) site according to the nucleotide positions as indicated in the attached table - column 4, an allele-specific oligonucleotide hybridizing to such a polymorphic site, an isolated gene product encoded by such a nucleic acid molecule, and a method of analyzing such a nucleic acid by determining the bases occupying the polymorphic site(s).

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International Application No

PCT/US 99/06473

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